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CITY EDITION

The Irish Times

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GENESIS OF JOINT DECLARATION

MEETING ON BRITISH BATTLESHIP

IT was announced yesterday that the meeting between President Roosevelt and Mr. Winston Churchill, which resulted in the eight-point declaration of policy, took place on August 10 aboard the British battleship Prince of Wales.

According to the Press Association Naval Correspondent, the Battle of the Atlantic, the Far Eastern situation and the question of Russian needs were among the subjects probably discussed.

Germany's attitude towards the joint declaration of the two great democracies may be summed up in the one phrase of a semi-official statement: "If you want to disarm us, come over here and take our weapons."

Mr. Cordell Hull, United States Secretary of State, yesterday suggested a possible meeting of American, British and Soviet experts to discuss Russia's needs.

Mr. H. L. Stimson, United States Secretary for War, addressing soldiers of the Army who are being held beyond the year of their engagement, spoke of "attacks which appear so inevitable."

HOW POINTS WERE SIGNED

It was learned authoritatively in London yesterday that the meeting between the President of the United States and Mr. Winston Churchill, British Prime Minister, took place on board the battleship Prince of Wales on August 10, says the Press Association.

Among those who accompanied Mr. Churchill and the President were Admiral Sir Dudley Pound, First Sea Lord; General Sir John Dill, Chief of the Imperial General Staff; Admiral Harold Stark, Chief of the United States Naval Operations; Admiral King, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Atlantic Fleet; General George Marshall, of the United States Army; Mr. Harry Hopkins and Mr. Averil Harriman.

Air Chief Marshal Sir Wilfrid R. Freeman, K.C.B., D.S.O., M.C., Vice-Chief of the Air Staff, was present as the representative of the British Air Ministry.

"THE PRINCE OF WALES"

Commanded by Captain J. C. Leach, the Prince of Wales played a great part in the sinking of the Bismarck and the hunting of her escort cruiser, the Prince Eugen. She is a sister ship of H.M.S. King George, and it was only in April last that it was disclosed that she is in service with the Fleet. The two ships are the most powerful units of the Royal Navy. The Prince of Wales has a complement of 1,500, and her designed speed is over 30 knots.

WHAT MAY HAVE BEEN REVIEWED

ATLANTIC AND FAR EAST

The disclosure that Admiral of the Fleet, Sir Dudley Pound, the First Sea Lord, together with Admiral Harold R. Stark, United States Chief of Naval Operations, and Admiral King, Commander-in-Chief of the American Atlantic Fleet, were present in the Prince of Wales when Mr. Churchill and Mr. Roosevelt met, indicates that the present situation in sea warfare was reviewed, says the Press Association Naval Correspondent. In the forefront, therefore, would be the progress of the battle of the Atlantic, in which America, because of her announced determination to ensure that Britain shall "get the tools," is vitally and directly interested. The tendency in recent months has been for the German U-boats to operate farther and farther west — sometimes almost approaching American waters—and it would not, therefore, be unlikely that, as a result of the discussions in the Prince of Wales, changes in the method of conducting this all-important battle of the Atlantic were not decided upon.

The Far Eastern situation was undoubtedly another of the matters considered, while in their general review of the sea situation the naval chiefs would also take into consideration the activities of the Russian Navy.

The Soviet Naval Mission, under the leadership of Admiral Kharlimov, now in London, is in constant daily touch with the Admiralty, while a British Naval Mission is in Russia, under the leadership of Admiral T. J. A. Miles.

The attack upon Petsamo was an indication of the close collaboration which already exists between the British and Russian Fleets, and there is no doubt also that the extensive mine-laying activities of the Royal Navy have been supplemented by the work of the Red Navy, who are specialists in this form of warfare.

'PLANE OVER DUBLIN FIRED UPON

"An unidentified aircraft flew over Dublin at 8.15 this morning and was fired upon by the ground defences," announced the Government Information Bureau yesterday.

States Army was training to defend the United States at any point whence attack might be launched. He described the present area of greatest danger as Central and South America, and said that already some of the most significant symptoms which "invariably forecast a coming Axis" were discernible in South America. Linking with these the possibility of Germany's taking over Dakar, Mr. Stimson gave one of the completest statements of American grand strategy so far made by any ranking Government official.

DEFENCE OUTPOSTS

For the past year, he said, the Government had been surrounding the country with defence outposts as bastions "against attacks which appear so inevitable," and strengthening resistance against the Axis by countries, especially Britain, now fighting it. Referring to the Pacific bases, Mr. Stimson said that Alaska and the Alentian Islands were especially important, because "Japanese papers are already beginning to tell us about the trouble we may expect in Alaska if Germany conquers Russia."

The United States Army, he said, must be prepared to fight "on the ice-bound coasts of the North Atlantic and North Pacific, as well as in the tropic heat of Panama and South America. American soldiers are already standing guard in the east, from Iceland to British Guiana, in the west, from Alaska to Panama."

Mr. Stimson's reference to Iceland constituted the first disclosure that United States soldiers had actually been sent there to strengthen the United States Marine garrison. He said that the defeat of Britain by Germany would confront the United States with a danger "which even our Isolationists would recognise as a danger—of invasion," and added:—"The Germans are going into battle with the song, 'To-day Europe is ours, to-morrow the whole world.' Their skill and power can hardly be overestimated. The standard of military efficiency that they have set is one that we must excel."

U.S.-BRITISH HELP FOR MOSCOW

STALIN ASKED TO RECEIVE ENVOYS

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM.

WASHINGTON, Friday.

President Roosevelt and Mr Churchill have proposed to M. Stalin that high British and American officials should meet with him in Moscow to discuss the question of supplies.

"Already many shiploads have left our shores, and more will leave in the immediate future," said the message, which was delivered to M. Stalin by the British and American Ambassadors in Moscow this afternoon.

The message praised the "splendid defence of the Soviet Union against the Nazi attack." It stated that the United States and Britain were "co-operating" to provide you with the very maximum of supplies that you urgently need.

The British and American leaders told M. Stalin that a long-term policy had to be considered, because there is still a long and hard path to be traversed before there can be won that complete victory without which their efforts and sacrifices would be wasted.

The war, it said, raged now upon many fronts, and before it was over "further fighting fronts" might be developed.

The Churchill-Roosevelt message added:—"We realise fully how vitally important to the defeat of Hitlerism is the brave and steadfast resistance of the Soviet Union, and we feel, therefore, that we must not in any circumstances fail to act quickly and immediately in this matter of planning the programmes for the future allocation of our joint resources."

Stalin was assured that if this conference appeals to him, supplies and material would be continued as rapidly as possible, pending the decisions of the conference.

"COME OVER AND TAKE OUR ARMS"

BERLIN'S REPLY TO EIGHT-POINT PLAN

BERLIN Friday

"If you want to disarm us, come over here and take our weapons," Berlin political circles are to-day quoted as saying in response to the joint Roosevelt-Churchill declaration. The semi-official statement continues:

"Official circles here describe the contents of the joint statement as a measure dictated by embarrassment, filled with hallucination and ideological over sublety, by means of which the President and the Prime Minister have done Britain's cause more harm than good.

"The political situation into which the representatives of the two great Democracies have manœuvred Germany by their statement is described in the Wilhelmstrasse as so favourable that the Reich would wish long to remain in it. . . .

"It is significant that there is no mention of a League of Nations. The notorious points, it is stressed, are a rehash of Wilson, served up for the world's public. Not only Germany, but all the countries of Europe have had bitter experience of Wilson's Fourteen Points.

"It was stated in the Wilhelmstrasse at a Press conference to-day that it was below their dignity to go into the details. . . . .

"The man-in-the-street, as well as Berlin political circles, are asking concerning the eight points: Is there any freedom of the seas that includes the Authoritarian States? Is Roosevelt prepared to submit himself to international control, and thus to do away with American bases? Is he prepared to give up the plan of the two-ocean fleet and abandon the idea of encircling Japan? Is he prepared to abjure the Monroe Doctrine and to abandon the weapon of economic war? What is he prepared to do to fight Bolshevism? In any case it is not for Roosevelt to state war aims as the United States is not at war with Germany."—(Reuter.)

JAPAN "VIOLENTLY ANTAGONISTIC"

TOKYO, Friday.

Violently antagonistic Press and semi-official reaction here to the declaration, apparently following Germany's lead, is regarded in well-informed quarters as an indication that Japan's decision on future policy is unalterable. It is generally assumed that the joint declaration signifies America's readiness to enter the war

(Continued in Page 6, Col. 7.)

WHERE U.S. MAY HAVE TO FIGHT

WAR SECRETARY'S BROADCAST

REUTER'S TELEGRAM.

WASHINGTON, Friday.

"We have not been seeking any wild adventures or foreign wars; we have not been planning any expeditionary force for the benefit of any other nation," said Mr. Henry L. Stimson, Secretary for War, in a broadcast to-night, addressed specifically to the "soldiers of the Army of the United States," and explaining to them why it was necessary to hold them to service beyond the year of their engagement.

Mr. Stimson declared that the United

'All these years I've had no proper rest,'
Said the ghost, 'I must lodge a protest.
I'll haunt you each night,
So acute is my plight,
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22 DEAD IN AIR CRASH

SECOND WITHIN A WEEK

AS it was taking off on a flight to America, on Thursday evening, an Atlantic Ferry Command aircraft, with 22 passengers and crew on board, including Mr. Arthur Purvis, 51 years old chairman of the British Supply Council in North America, crashed into a cornfield on the edge of the aerodrome, burst into flames, and all were killed.

It was the second Trans-Oceanic 'plane accident in a week. On Sunday night twenty-two lives were lost when a 'plane crashed into a hillside after taking off. With it was the machine in which Lord Beaverbrook flew to Canada.

Mr. Purvis's 'plane was rising clear when it suddenly began to lose height. It struck a road at the edge of the aerodrome, and hurtled through a fence into the cornfield. Wreckage was scattered over a considerable area. Airmen, soldiers and men from three fire brigades, who tried to reach the trapped men in the blazing 'plane, were beaten back by the heat and smoke.

RESCUE OBSTRUCTED

It appears that the heavy petrol load obstructed rescue work. One victim—Earl Wellington Watson, of Los Angeles, California—was extricated alive, but died in hospital. Flames from the wreckage were licking Mr. Watson's clothes when a sergeant and some Royal Air Force men pulled him clear. He had suffered terrible injuries. The sergeant said that there was a burst of blue flame and a loud explosion when the 'plane hit the ground.

"I was horrified to see the 'plane hit the road," said an eye-witness. "I had noticed a change in the beat of the engines as it was taking off, and it was not many feet above the ground."

Captain Balfour, Parliamentary Under Secretary of State for Air, with the Air Ministry's Chief Inspector of Accidents, flew to the scene yesterday to investigate.

Mr. Purvis, a member of the Privy Council and head of the British Purchasing Commission, was responsible for the expenditure in America of more than £500,000,000 on arms and supplies.

A message referring to Mr. Purvis has been sent on behalf of the British Government to the Government of Canada, stating: "This distinguished Canadian, who was so eminently qualified for the tasks on which he has been engaged, has given his life to the cause to which he devoted all his energies and abilities."

The death of Mr. Arthur Purvis has caused deep regret in Washington, where officials held him in the highest regard.

WAS TO HAVE HELPED LORD BEAVERBROOK

The British Ministry of Supply in a statement last night describes the death of Mr. Purvis as "a heavy loss not only to Great Britain and Canada, but also to the United States of America.

"Moreover, it is most untimely, for within twenty-four hours he should have been in Washington to give Lord Beaverbrook the benefit of his exceptional experience in the present discussions on the programme of war supplies for the Allies.

"His outstanding achievements include the midnight meetings in June of last year, at which the aircraft and other munition contracts of France were hastily transferred to Great Britain just before the Franco-German armistice. The negotiations for the transport and shipment to Great Britain of American stocks of field guns, rifles and machine guns at a moment when we had lost a large part of our existing supplies in Northern France. The transfer of the 50 destroyers, the setting up in the spring of this year of machinery to work the entirely novel system of least-lend and the drawing up of the British programme under the Lease-Lend Act."

LIST OF VICTIMS

The full list of victims is: Crew—Captain Stafford (British), First Officer Watson (U.S.A.), Radio Officer Coates (British), Flight Engineer Davies (U.S.A.), Passengers—Captain Hull (U.S.A.), Captain Dilly (U.S.A.), Radio Officer Duncan (British), Captain Earl (U.S.A.), Radio Officer Hannant (British), Radio Officer Trimble (U.S.A.), Radio Officer Nulbert (British), Captain Wetzel (U.S.A.), Radio Officer Macdonald (British), Captain Kerwin (U.S.A.), Radio Officer Goddard (British), Captain Anding (U.S.A.), Radio Officer Mackay (British), Captain Hamel (U.S.A.), Captain Moffatt (U.S.A.), Captain Lee (U.S.A.), Radio Officer Tamblin (British), and the Right Hon. A. Purvis (British).

SUNDAY NIGHT'S VICTIMS

The twenty-two victims of the first trans-ocean air crash, who died on a lonely hillside after their 'plane had taken off for America on Sunday night, were buried yesterday with naval honours. The victims included seven Americans, and fifteen men from Great Britain, Canada and Australia. The Stars and Stripes and Union Jacks were placed on their coffins.

Officers and men of the Royal Navy and Royal Marines were in the cortège, which climbed through the winding streets uphill to the little cemetery, where beside the ruined church a communal grave had been prepared. Friends and relatives of some of the victims, together with high officers of the Services and personnel from the A.R.P. and Home Guard, attended.

POLISH ARMY IN RUSSIA

AGREEMENT SIGNED

A Polish-Russian military agreement was signed in Moscow yesterday. The agreement, based on principles worked out in London by General Sikorski and his staff, and conveyed to Moscow by the Polish Military Mission, provides in detail for the formation of a Polish army in Soviet Russia. The agreement was signed on behalf of Poland by General Szyszkobohusz, head of the Polish Military Mission, and Dr. J. Retinger, Polish *Chargé d'Affaires* in Moscow.—(Press Association.)

Two Norwegians sentenced to death for alleged espionage by a German military Court at Bergen last February have escaped from the concentration camp at Ulven, near Bergen, say the Norwegian Telegraph Agency.

COAL TO THRESH THE HARVEST

FARMERS WANT TO SEE AN TAOISEACH

THE County Dublin farmers, at a meeting yesterday, decided unanimously to send a deputation to An Taoiseach (Mr. de Valera), to point out to him the blunder that had been made by the Department of Agriculture in announcing that there would be no coal for this season's threshing operations.

The meeting was held at the Ormond Hotel, Dublin, on the invitation, through the Press, of Mr. P. Belton, T.D., and others, to consider immediate action, in view of the "stunning" announcement of the Department. Mr. J. Rooney was in the chair.

Mr. P. Belton, T.D., said that they were there to demand coal from the Government for threshing. Ten months ago they had ploughed their lands, and they would have to lie out of their money for another month or two, and even do without it, if they could not thresh out the crops. Surely, he said, if the present Executive were fit to run this country, they should see to it that there is enough coal to thresh the food the people are waiting for. It was for the Government to produce the coal. If there is coal in the country—and we understand there is plenty—it should be forthcoming to enable farmers to produce food. The farmers had far more claim to coal for threshing than had the holiday-makers or football players. He said that the Government were spending nine million pounds on an army, but he could not buy a cartridge to shoot the crows off his crops.

Mr. R. Hipwell, Leix, said that if, as they believed, there was coal in the country, it should be made available for threshing. That was more important than anything else.

The Chairman said that they could not produce food from their crops without coal to thresh them. Coal was a vital necessity for the farmer.

TOWNSPEOPLE MAY SUFFER

Mr. J. H. Cathcart, speaking on behalf of the Steam Engine Owners' Association, said that if they did not get coal they could not successfully thresh the enormous amount of grain grown this season. Their engines were not adapted for straw-burning, and it was not possible at this stage to get the apparatus. Furthermore, straw was of particular value, and the farmer could not afford to burn it. If the crops were not threshed it was not the people in the rural parts who would suffer, but the people in the cities and towns. Even those in well-placed jobs would feel the pinch. All farmers knew the danger from flying sparks in using turf or timber—no efficient spark-catcher had yet been devised. He said that the engine-owners had gone to the Department of Agriculture months ago, and they had been instructed by circular letters to put their machines in order—even threatened with penalties. There was never any hint that they would not get coal, and the Department announcement had come as a bombshell. There was no substitute for coal for threshing.

Mr. G. Wardell said that, even if they had no coal in Dublin, they had their own mines at Arigna, Castlecomer, Slievardagh, The Swan and elsewhere. Why not supply coal for threshing from these mines? The Government was spending thousands of pounds on schemes that were not half as important.

Mr. R. Hipwell said that the coal from the Irish mines was no use for threshing machines, but it could be supplied to industrial concerns and release coal for threshing instead.

Mr. P. Belton said that the Government knew what was confronting the country, and they should have provided for the threshing.

On the motion of Mr. J. J. Kavanagh, it was decided to send a deputation to Mr. de Valera, as stated, and to adjourn the meeting till next Friday to see what action the Taoiseach would take.

COMMUNITY KITCHENS: VII.

See Page 6.

DUBLIN COUNTY COUNCIL

MANAGER OR COMMISSIONER?

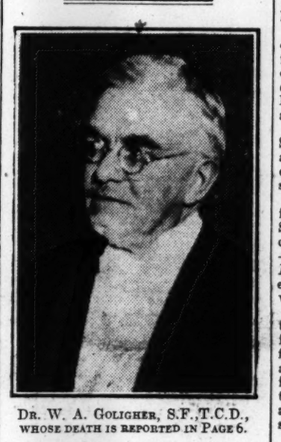
FROM A CORRESPONDENT.

THE arguments advanced by the *Irish Times* in support of the view that, in the event of action being taken to effect changes in Dublin County Council administration, the extension of the City Manager's jurisdiction would be preferable to the appointment of a Special Commissioner, have been received with favour by many members of the Council.

EXTENSION OF NEW AUTHORITY

In addition to the reasons assigned in support of that course, mention has been made of the anomalous position that would be created if the Council had been disbanded when the Management Act comes into force within the next few months. The question is asked whether, in that event, a temporary Commissioner would have to continue to discharge the statutory duties of the County Council as the rating and financial authority, while administration duties would devolve on the City and County Manager. In the absence of an election, which may be indefinitely postponed, that situation would inevitably arise.

In favour of the *Irish Times* suggestion that the City Manager's authority should now be extended to county areas is the further consideration that the Council would remain in existence, while administrative duties devolved on the Manager. There also is the fact that the appointment of a Commissioner would, in effect, imply public censure of members of the Council, whose personal records have not been subjects for adverse criticism. Such censure would involve serious injustice to individuals, many of whom have made persistent, but unsuccessful, efforts to bring about reforms under the existing regime. No such injustice would be involved by an immediate extension of the City Manager's authority.



DR. W. A. GOLIGHER, S.F., T.C.D., WHOSE DEATH IS REPORTED IN PAGE 6.

GERMAN BIG GUNS SHELL SHIPS

Ships, in a rainstorm, last evening were shelled by German long-range guns after rain and mist had suddenly lifted and disclosed their presence to the look-outs. The cross-Channel guns at Cap Gris Nez opened fire. Shells flashed, throwing columns of water into the air. Sometimes the ships were hidden behind a wall of spray. The bombardment lasted for nearly an hour and consisted mainly of two-gun salvos.

Visibility was so clear that the flashes of the gun and coils of yellow smoke rising from the muzzles could be distinctly seen from the cliffs of Dover. Shells followed every few minutes, and the thunder of the gun-fire reverberated up and down the Channel, shaking buildings in the Dover area. Gris Nez gunners sent over a parting salvo of four shells. German long-range guns west of Calais rounded off the bombardment with a single two-gun salvo.

"UTTER COLLAPSE" OF RUSSIANS

GERMAN CLAIMS IN UKRAINE

BERLIN last night repeated its claims of the approaching utter collapse of the defence of the Western Ukraine, but the Red Army High Command and other Soviet sources indicated that the latest dangerous panzer thrust in the South had made little progress.

It is understood that Marshal Budyenny intends to withdraw his forces behind the line of the wide natural barrier of the Dnieper.

A Soviet withdrawal to positions behind the Dnieper would involve the evacuation of Krivoi-rog, the iron-making centre.

A military source in Berlin asserted that Allied forces west of the Southern Bug have been wiped out and that east of the river German rapid troops are pushing relentlessly on. This source also claimed heavy Soviet losses in tanks, vehicles and personnel, and added: "Only a few scattered bands can have made their escape from the battle of annihilation." Most of the army of Marshal Budyenny has suffered utter defeat and has surrendered the most important source of supplies for raw materials in the Soviet territory.

The German News Agency claims that the Luftwaffe scored direct hits in successful air attacks on the Lula-Leningrad railway line. Seven trains were destroyed, it is said, a munition dump blown up, and four batteries and 26 guns put out of action.

LONDON, Friday.

Germany's Wireless War Commentator to-night alleged that the collapse of the Soviet troops in the Ukraine was becoming ever more apparent. The Soviet Command, he alleged, seemed to be intending to save what remained of its forces by giving up Black Sea ports and the west bank of the Dnieper.

Soviet counter-attacks on the northern sector of the front were mentioned, and on the Finnish front, but it was stated that these attacks had everywhere been repulsed, and heavy losses inflicted on the Russians.

Fierce resistance, natural obstacles, continuous rains, which have "transformed roads and fields into quagmires," are described by a war correspondent—quoted by the German Radio—as features of "the victorious advance to the Black Sea coast."

Other Berlin quarters—quoted from Stockholm—declare that the reported arrival of German forces at the mouth of the Bug—on the Black Sea—presages an "important decision."

Claims that Marshal Budyenny's forces are encircled, and that the Soviet Marshal has "lost his last chance" of withdrawal, are repeated—as are the assertions that the *Luftwaffe* is massing to prevent the evacuation by sea of large Soviet forces west of the Dnieper.

Budyenny, says the Press Association, appears to be effecting a successful withdrawal of his army, with its fighting strength and unity unimpaired, and this movement, if finally successful, means that this greatest push of the third Nazi onslaught will not have attained its main objective—the destruction of the Russian forces.

BID FOR UKRAINE INDUSTRIES

FROM ALEXANDER WERTH, REUTER'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

MOSCOW, Friday.

The next few days alone can show whether the German drive into the Ukraine will be even partly successful. Hitler's primary aim is presumably the capture of the important industrial region inside the bend on the River Dnieper.

This contains the iron ore centre at Krivoi Rog, the great Dnieper dam, and the Dniepropetrolovsk—formerly Yekaterinoslav—industrial area.

Soviet withdrawal from Korovograd—formerly Elizavetgrad—and Pervomaisk, admitted in the overnight Moscow *communiqué*, shows that the Germans have crossed the main railway running north from Odessa, and are threatening the railway from Nikolaisec, 75 miles east of Odessa.

Korovograd is 120 miles north of Nikolaiev, and about the same distance from the Dnieper bend. Its fall indicates that the Germans have advanced 95 miles eastwards from Uman, since fighting against their panzer units was reported there five days ago. Pervomaisk is 90 miles north-west of Nikolaiev.

The German claim to have captured Krivoirog, where a substantial proportion of Russia's iron ore is mined, is denied in Moscow.

It will be known in a few days to what extent Marshal Budyenny's armies have deliberately retreated to country that is easier to defend and more essential to retain than the rural areas in the Western Ukraine.

It already looks as though the Russians might attempt to hold the Germans on a line covering the industrial area, with the two ends of the Dnieper bend as supporting points. Kremenchug might well be one of these points, and Nikolaiev and Kherson the other.

GERMANS ADOPT NEW TACTICS

MOSCOW, Friday.

Their favourite weapon of driving a wedge into the enemy lines having met with little success, the Germans are now resorting to "the organisation of more systematic offensives by all forces," according to a Soviet officer, in *Pravda* to-day. He explains that German tanks are no longer used separately, but in direct co-operation with the infantry. They also group tanks of various sizes together, and reinforce them with artillery and infantry.

Herr Hitler is reported to have flown over the battle area on the Eastern Front, from which yesterday's German *communiqué* reaffirms the claims that Odessa is encircled. The Press Association says that "the great fortified City of Odessa, like that of Kiev, the Ukrainian capital, remains solidly in Russian hands."

German wireless claimed that a Soviet destroyer had been badly damaged by bombs off Odessa.

LATEST RUSSIAN COMMUNIQUE

The Russian midnight communiqué states:—

"During August 15th our troops continued fierce fighting with the enemy along the whole front.

"Our Air Force, in co-operation with the land force, continued to deal blows to the enemy troops, and attacked his aircraft on aerodromes.

"According to incomplete data, twenty-one German aircraft were destroyed on August 14th. We lost eleven 'planes."—(Reuter.)

300 BOMBERS RAID GERMANY

HEAVY ATTACKS AT THREE CENTRES

MORE than 300 of the R.A.F.'s biggest bombers, including the latest type Manchesters and four-engined Stirlings and Halifaxes, launched smashing attacks on Hanover, Magdeburg and Brunswick, three of Prussia's great manufacturing cities, on Thursday night. Docks at Rotterdam and Boulogne were battered. The formidable size of this attacking force was disclosed by the British Air Ministry yesterday. It was the first time that the approximate number of machines taking part in the night raid on Germany had been announced.

All but twelve of the bomber force reported safely back to their bases. Thus the night's losses were less than 4 per cent. of the total number of 'planes employed in the widespread offensive. Hanover received the heaviest pounding, and British pilots saw fires from fifty miles away, as successive waves of bombers went into the attack.

"When the last crew left the city a great triangle of raging fires" was burning, says the Press Association.

FIERCE FIRES AT HANOVER

Yesterday's British Air Ministry *communique* stated: "Thursday night's operations of the Bomber Command were on a heavy scale, and more than 300 aircraft took part. The main targets were industries and communications at Hanover, Brunswick, and Madgeburg; and many fires were started. At Hanover these were especially large.

"Subsidiary attacks were made on the docks at Rotterdam and Boulogne. Twelve of our aircraft are missing.

"Blenheims operating against enemy shipping off the Frisian Islands on Thursday scored direct hits on a supply ship, which was left in flames and sinking. One aircraft is missing from these daylight operations."

BOMBS ON CORINTH CANAL

The R.A.F. Middle East *communiqué* yesterday states:—

"**Greece**—On the night of 8-9th August, and again on the night of 13-14th August, bomber aircraft of the Royal Air Force carried out heavy bombing attacks on the Corinth Canal with a view to preventing its use by enemy shipping. Subsequent examination of photographs shows that considerable landslides were caused on the banks of the canal by bombs, and that these were sufficient to prevent the passage of enemy ships for some considerable time. Our aircraft also dropped a number of bombs on the aerodrome at Heraklion, in Crete.

"**Libya**—A force of heavy bombers also attacked Tripoli on the night of 13-14th August. Hits were obtained on Government buildings and anti-aircraft gun positions.

SUBMARINE JETTY HIT

"**Sicily**—Swordfish aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm raided the submarine base at Augusta, in Sicily, on the night of 13-14th August. Two hits were observed on the submarine jetty, and a large fire broke out on the quay.

"Other Swordfish aircraft bombed barrack blocks on Syracuse, starting a fire which spread over a large area, and which caused two explosions.

"A reconnaissance of Syracuse Harbour showed that the merchant vessel attacked by Swordfish aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm on the night of August 10-11th was sunk.

"**Abyssinia**—Attacks have been made on Wolchefit and Gondar. At Wolchefit enemy trenches and buildings were bombed on the 14th of August. On the previous day at Gondar two direct hits were made on buildings near the military headquarters and three on the training dépôt which started a number of fires.

"From all these operations one of our aircraft is missing."

REPORTED SCUTTLING OF GERMAN SHIP

LISBON, Friday.

The German steamer, Frankfurt, 19 members of whose crew were landed here early this week by a Portuguese destroyer, scuttled herself in the Atlantic. The Frankfurt was earlier reported to have been torpedoed by a British ship while on its way from Chile.—(Reuter.)

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The Irish Times.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, 1941

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

Announcements in this Column (which in all cases must be authenticated) are charged at the rate of 1/- per line (minimum 3/-).

Irish Times 'Phone Numbers—Dublin (31 Westmoreland Street)—76555; Cork (15 Cook Street)—1606, Limerick (6 William Street)—472; Belfast (58 Donegall Street)—21787; London (29 Fleet Street)—Central 4350.

ROLL OF HONOUR.
IN MEMORIAM.
(1914-1918.)

ALEXANDER—In loving remembrance of David Gibson Alexander, who died of wounds received at Gallipoli on August 15th, 1915, son of the late Charles Alexander and of Mrs. Alexander, West Thorney, Greystones.

BOYD—In ever-loving memory of our dear Harry, D Company, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, who gave his life in Gallipoli, August 16th, 1915, aged 19 years.

BRERETON BARRY—In proud and loving memory of Roche Brereton Barry, 2nd Lieutenant, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, killed at Ypres, August 17th, 1917, son of Judge and Mrs. Brereton Barry.

CALLEAR—In ever-loving memory of Herbert Callear, Captain, 9th Royal Dublin Fusiliers, killed in action at Frezenberg on August 16th, 1917, the beloved only son of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Callear, 75 Frankfort avenue, Rathgar, Dublin.
"Spectamur agendo."

COFFEE—In very dear memory of Francis Warren Coffee, Lieut., R.I. Rifles, killed near Ypres, August 16th, 1917.

DAVIDSON—In ever-loving memory of our dear son, Jack, 7th R.D.F., "D" Company, killed in action, 16th August, 1915, at Gallipoli.

DOBBIN—In loving memory of George Frederick Dobbin, 2nd Lieutenant, 6th Battalion, Royal Irish Fusiliers, killed in action at Suvla Bay, August 16th, 1915.

KELLER—In loving memory of Cecil, Private, 7th R.D.F., killed at Suvla Bay on August 16th, 1915, aged 18 years, darling only son of Ethel Keller. R.I.P.

MOSS—August 16, 1915—In beloved and honoured remembrance of Arnold W. Moss, of T.C.D., and D Company, 7th Royal Dublin Fusiliers, and of his very gallant comrades. "Spectamur agendo."

BIRTHS.

ATKINS—August 8, 1941, to Josephine, wife of Dr. D. Atkins, Villa Nova, College road, Cork, a daughter.

DAY—August 6, 1941, at 15 Hatch street, to Noreen, wife of Henry Forshaw Day, a daughter.

DONNELL—August 6, 1941, at Hatch Street Nursing Home, to Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Donnell, Holmlea, Moate, Co. Westmeath, a son.

JOHNSON—August 11, 1941, at "Stella Maris" Nursing Home, Earlsfort terrace, to Phyllis, wife of George C. Johnson, 12 Portfield Grove, Terenure, a son.

KEANE—August 11, 1941, at Hatch Street Nursing Home, to Dorrie (née Aylward), wife of Leslie Keane, 6 Thorncliffe Park, Orwell road, Rathgar, a daughter.

MACGREGOR—July 30, 1941, in Edinburgh, to Elizabeth (née de Courcy-Wheeler), wife of Surgeon Commander William M. Macgregor O.B.E., R.N.V.R., a daughter.

MARTIN—August 3, 1941, at "Stella Maris," Earlsfort terrace, to Ena, wife of T. A. Martin, 22 St. Canice's road, Glasnevin, a son.

MURPHY—August 5, 1941, at Hatch Street Nursing Home, to Marjorie, wife of William G. Murphy, Rossiare Harbour, Co. Wexford, a son.

TAYLOR—July 31, 1941, at Rotunda Hospital, to Annabella, wife of Alexander Taylor, 71 Ramleh Park, Milltown, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

GRIFFIN and ROTHWELL—July 23, 1941, at St. Alden's Cathedral, Ferns, by the Very Rev. the Dean of Ferns, assisted by Rev. Canon T. E. Young, Rev. R. T. Evanson and Rev. W. D. Lewin; James, only son of William and Mrs. Griffin Coolkenno Hall, Tullow, Co Carlow, to Marian, elder daughter of John and Mrs. Rothwell, Monesdurtlow House Ferns, Co. Wexford.

RIGBY and CAMPBELL—August 2, 1941, at St. John's Parish Church, Mountown, Co. Dublin, by the Rev. Canon Dowse, M.A.; Harry, son of the late Frederick Rigby, Newry, and Mrs. Rigby, Portaferry; to Helen, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Campbell, 380 Castlereagh road, Belfast.

DEATHS.

ATKINS—August 15, 1941, at Dublin, Jane Marion Barre, of Hillside, Glasnevin. Funeral (private) to Mount Jerome, 10.30 a.m., Monday, 18th inst.

CONNELLY—August 14, 1941, at St. John's Hall, Earl street, Tullamore, Rebecca Connelly, wife of Alfred Connelly, and eldest daughter of Moses Fannin, Reaske House, Drung, Co. Cavan. Funeral, 2 o'clock, today (Saturday) to Clonminch. "Peace, perfect peace."

GOLIGHER—August 15, 1941 (suddenly), at The Chalet, Sutton, William Alexander Goligher, Litt.D., S.F.T.C.D., Vice-Provost. Funeral Service, Trinity College Chapel, 11.0 a.m., Monday next.

MAGUIRE (Dun Laoghaire, formerly Mullingar)—August 14, 1941, at a private nursing home, Dun Laoghaire, Annie (ex-National Health Insurance Commission), second daughter of the late Patrick and Mary Maguire, formerly of Greville street, Mullingar. Funeral (private), following Requiem Mass at 10 a.m. to-day (Saturday), at St. Joseph's, Glasthule.

NIVEN—August 14, 1941, at her residence, 54 Wellington road, Dublin, Rosa Craig, daughter of the late Frederick W. Niven, Managing Director of the Royal Bank of Ireland, Ltd.

RONALDSON—August 15, 1941, at Leitrim House, Wicklow, Eveline Grace, widow of Robert Ronaldson. Funeral strictly private.

ROSE—August 14, 1941, at Knightsville, Seafield avenue, Monkstown, Alfred C. Rose, B.Sc., Lond., late of Birmingham.

SCOTT—August 15, 1941, at his residence Rockspring, Ballymacormack, Longford, William Scott. Funeral to Ballymacormack Church to-morrow (Sunday) at 3 o'clock (S.T.).

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for this Column will be found on Page 4.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mr. John Minton, of Orlando, 72 Park avenue, Sydney Parade, Dublin, wishes to return sincere thanks to his many friends who sent Mass cards, messages of sympathy, wreaths and telegrams, in his recent sad bereavement, and trusts that this notice will be accepted by all in grateful acknowledgment.

IN MEMORIAM.

BLACK—16th August, 1937. In ever-loving memory of Mary J. Black, Edenville, Roscommon. "Peace, perfect peace."

FALKINER—In ever-loving, fond memory of our darling Nigelle, who was taken from us, August 16th, 1937.
"Proving we are not our own,
For all we have is Thine."

FOXTON—In affectionate remembrance of mother, who passed away, 16th August, 1940. "Peace, perfect peace."

TISDALL—In loving memory of William E. Tisdall, 23 Fitzroy avenue, Drumcondra, who died at Skerries, August 17th, 1932. R.I.P. Remembered by his loving wife and son.

'Phone 62607 **NICHOLS** Estd. 1814
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26/27 Grafton St — Telegrams: "Pineapple, Dublin." — Knowles Wreaths — PROMPT DESPATCH.

WILLIAM FANAGAN,
54 AUNGIER STREET,
UNDERTAKER.

A WOMAN who is generous in disposition, efficient, and a born home maker, has her character delineated from her handwriting in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day.

MISCELLANEOUS

KEEN young Gentleman, long experience all branches farming and estate management, some business experience, anxious to obtain position as Manager, estate or large farm; highest references.—D 357, this office.

BROOKS, THOMAS AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN. — BUILDERS' JOINERY, DOORS, SASHES, STAIRS, CHURCH FURNITURE, SCHOOL DESKS AND SEATS.

THE Revenue Commissioners acknowledge the receipt from "Conscience" of thirty shillings overpayment of pension.

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WANTED, important 3 or 4 piece Silver Tea Set; one with Tray to match preferred. Full particulars and price per oz to D 345, this office.

NON-BASEMENT, Detached House required, between Merrion road and Terenure, with at least ¼ acre garden.—D 346, this office.

A PICTURE is an ideal Wedding Gift —Visit The Victor Waddington Galleries, 28 South Anne St., or 19 Nassau St.

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WANTED, Diamonds, Jewellery, Silver, etc.—Weldon, 55 Clarendon St. (opposite Wicklow Hotel). 71638.

WELL secured rents and house, Grace Park Road, Drumcondra. See Auction Columns on back page for particulars of three attractive investments out of city property and of a house, 31 Grace Park road, Drumcondra with possession to purchaser. All to be Sold by Auction on Tuesday next at 2 p.m. at 110 Grafton Street, by James H. North and Co., Auctioneers.

DIAMONDS—Mr. Geo. W. Thornley (late of West and Son) has again been entrusted with commissions for the Purchase of Diamond Ornaments and Rings. No charge for inspection. Address—Dunrath, Sutton, Co. Dublin. 'Phone: Sutton 43.

FLOOR COVERINGS — CARPETS MADE AND FITTED. LARGE SELECTIONS OF LINOLEUMS AND RUBBER FLOORINGS. ESTIMATES FREE. THOS. DOCKRELL, SONS & CO., LTD., DUBLIN.

FOR SALE, Pearl Necklet, with round Diamond cluster snap, £100. Can be seen by appointment. Address "Z 645, Necklet," this office.

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FLYDED Motsproof Spray is used by the best Furriers, Woollen and Carpet Warehouses to protect their valuable goods from moth damage. 1/3 and 2/-, from Chemists and Hardware Stores.

AGA COOKER and "TYLECRAFTE" Fireplaces are sound investments —EVANS, 152 Capel St.

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BAXENDALE & CO., LTD., CAPEL STREET, DUBLIN.

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NUTTY SOLERA SHERRY.
Royal Amontillado. Romane Brown.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE CHARTERED SURVEYORS' INSTITUTION
EIRE BRANCH.
EXAMINATIONS, 1942.

PRELIMINARY AND SPECIAL TEST—JANUARY, 1942.
PROFESSIONAL—MARCH, 1942.
SUB-DIVISIONS:—
Land Agency, Valuation, Building and Quantities, and Mining.
Candidates may elect to be examined in any one of the Sub-Divisions. Applications for these Examinations, submitted on the appropriate forms (obtainable here), must be lodged with me not later than 10th September, 1941.
B. J. NEWCOMBE, Secretary, 10 Grafton Street, Dublin.

COMHAIRLE CHONNDAE BHAILE ATHA CLIATH
(County Dublin County Council).

APPOINTMENT OF TEMPORARY SHEEP DIPPING INSPECTORS.

The County Dublin County Council will, at the meeting to be held on 25th August, 1941, appoint competent persons to fill the positions of temporary Sheep Dipping Inspectors.

Preference will be given to those having knowledge of the work or experienced in the care of sheep. Applicants should give particulars of such experience.

Nine temporary Inspectors will be required as follows:—One for Rathdown, one for South Dublin, two for Celbridge and five for Balrothery. The Inspectors Williams for Balrothery will require to reside at or near Swords, Lusk, Balbriggan, Garristown and Kilsallaghan.

Applications must reach the undersigned not later than 12 noon on Friday, 22nd August, 1941.
(Signed) FRANCIS A. MAGUIRE,
Acting County Secretary.
Offices: 11 Parnell square, Dublin.
Date: 16th August, 1941.

PATENTS.

PATENT No. 10,273—IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO PISTON RINGS.

PATENT No. 12,609—IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO RECIPROCATING — CROSSHEAD ENGINES.

PATENT No. 12,612—IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO MEANS FOR CONDUCTING FLUIDS TO RECIPROCATING PARTS.

PATENT No. 12,998—IMPROVEMENTS IN ENGINES HAVING TWO PISTONS MOVING IN OPPOSITE DIRECTIONS IN THE SAME CYLINDER.

PATENT No. 13,145—IMPROVEMENTS IN WELDED FABRICATED STRUCTURAL MEMBERS.

THE Proprietors of the above Patents are desirous of entering into arrangements with interested parties for the granting of Licences thereunder or for the sale outright of the Patents.
All communications should be addressed to
H. D. FITZPATRICK & CO.,
Registered Patent Agents,
16/17 LOWER O'CONNELL STREET, DUBLIN.

CHURCH NOTICES.

MERRION HALL,
LOWER MERRION STREET.
Evangelistic Services every Sunday. Preacher, To-morrow, 12 and 7, J. GILMOUR WILSON.

METROPOLITAN HALL,
CITY OF DUBLIN Y.M.C.A.
GOSPEL SERVICE.
TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), 8.30 p.m.
Mr. G. V. EVANS. All Welcome.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS in the Goods of STEPHEN CAROLAN, late of Kilmainham, Kells, in the County of Meath, Farmer, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 30 and 31 Vic., Cap. 54, that the above-named, who died on the 28th day of June, 1941, by his last Will, dated the 8th day of November, 1940, with one Codicil thereto, dated the 13th day of February, 1941 made, inter alia, the following bequests:—
£5 to the Very Reverend R. MacCullen, P.P., V.G., or other the Parish Priest of the Parish of Kells at the time of his death on condition that his name and the names of his parents are inscribed on the Parochial Dead List of the Parish.
£10 to the Superioress for the time being of the Mercy Orphanage at Kells for the poor boys of the said Orphanage in Ireland.
£10 to the Very Reverend R. MacCullen, P.P., V.G., Parish Priest of Kells or other the Parish Priest of the Parish of Kells for the time being for the Building Fund of the Parish Church at Kells, provided that the said Church shall be unfinished or not clear of debt at the date of his death.
£10 to the Very Reverend R. MacCullen, P.P., V.G., Parish Priest of Kells or other the Parish Priest of the Parish of Kells for the time being for the Building Fund of the Parish Church at Kells, provided that the said Church shall be unfinished or not clear of debt at the date of his death.
£10 to the Superioress for the time being of the Little Sisters of the Poor, St. Patrick's House, Kilmainham, Dublin, for the charitable purposes of the said Convent in Ireland.
Probate of the said Will and Codicil was, on the 16th day of July, 1941, granted forth of the Principal Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice in Eire, to John Olohan, of Kells, Farmer, the sole Executor named in the said Will and Codicil.
Dated this 16th day of August, 1941.
NATHANIEL LACY, Solicitor for the said Executor, Kells, Co. Meath, and 64 Dawson Street, Dublin.
To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests, and all others concerned.

DISTRICT COURT OF JUSTICE.
DISTRICT COURT AREA OF DUBLIN, No. 1.

SIRS,—TAKE NOTICE, that I, Claire Hanlon, of "Cumnor," 55 Eglinton Road, in the County of the City of Dublin, Widow, do intend to apply at the next Annual Licensing District Court, to be held on Thursday, the 25th day of September, 1941, at the District Court, Inns Quay, for an Exemption Order under Section 4 of the Intoxicating Liquor Act, 1927, exempting me from the provisions of the said Act relating to prohibited hours in respect of the premises known as Market House, 189 North Circular Road, in the City of Dublin, on every Thursday or other week day on which the Public Market or Fair known as The Dublin Cattle Market shall be held, between the hours of 2.30 and 3.30 p.m. and further for an Order pursuant to the said Section 4 exempting me from the Provisions of said Act relating to prohibited hours in respect of said premises on every Saturday on which said Market shall be held from the hour of 6 o'c. a.m. until the hour of 10 o'c. a.m.
Dated this 12th day of August, 1941.
(Signed.)
CLAIRE HANLON, Applicant.
MONKS & GAYNOR, Solicitors, 37 Molesworth Street, Dublin.
To/
The Chief Clerk, District Court, Inns Quay, Dublin.
The Superintendent, Garda Siochana, Green Street.

EIRE.
HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.
1941. No. 192P.
In the Matter of THE COMPANIES (CONSOLIDATION) ACT, 1908.
And in the Matter of THE CLONTARF AND HILL OF HOWTH TRAMROAD COMPANY.
The creditors of the above-named Company are required, on or before the 8th day of September, 1941, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors, if any, to Arthur Charles Ellis, of 76 Highfield Road, Rathgar, Dublin, the Official Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Official Liquidator, to file such affidavit in proof of their claims as they may be advised, and to give notice of filing thereof to the said Official Liquidator, and to attend at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.
Tuesday, the 14th day of October, 1941, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Examiners' Office of the High Court of Justice, Four Courts, Dublin, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the debts and claims.
Dated the 8th day of August, 1941.
THOMAS E. B. ADDERLEY, Examiner.
JAMES J. DUDLEY, Solicitor for Petitioners, 40 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.
In the Goods of MARION CHIPPINDALL, late of "Tremel," Beaufoys avenue, Ferndown, in the County of Dorset, Married Woman, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 30th and 31st Vic., cap. 54, Section 19, that the above-named Marion Chippindall by her Will, dated the 19th day of July, 1939, bequeathed the following Charitable Bequest—that is to say, from and after the decease of her husband, Horatio John Chippindall, to pay to the Mission for Lepers, Irish Branch, the sum of £25, provisional, however, that in the event of there not being sufficient assets available at the date of the death of the said Horatio John Chippindall to pay the legacy in full, that it shall abate in proportion to the amount available.
The said Marion Chippindall died on the 20th day of September, 1940, and Probate of her said Will was, on the 16th day of April, 1941, granted forth of the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice (Probate) in Eire to John Elgee and Richard John Elgee, both of George street, Wexford, Solicitors, the Executors named in the said Will.
Dated this 12th day of August, 1941.
LITTLE and ELGEE, Solicitors for the Executors, 5 St. Andrew street, Dublin, and at Wexford.
To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests and all other parties concerned.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE DONATIONS AND BEQUESTS.
In the Goods of LOTTE STOREY, late of 23 Emorville avenue, South Circular road, in the City of Dublin, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 30 and 31 Vic., cap. 54, that the above-named, who died on the 27th January, 1941, are to furnish written particulars thereof before the 16th September, 1941, to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executrix, to whom Probate was granted on 26th March, 1941. After the said 16th September, 1941, the said Executrix will proceed to distribute the Assets of said Deceased, having regard only to such claims of which particulars shall have been given as above required.
Dated 9th August, 1941.
R. H. BEAUCHAMP and ORR, Solicitors, 5 Foster place, Dublin.

TAKE NOTICE, that Abbey Loan Co., Limited, intend to apply to the District Court, Court No. 2, Inns Quay, Dublin, on the 29th day of August, 1941, at 2 p.m. for a Certificate under Section 6 of the Moneylenders Act, 1933, authorising the grant to them of a Moneylender's Licence to carry on business at 66 Middle Abbey Street, in the City of Dublin, under the name of Abbey Loan Co., Limited.
Dated this 15th day of August, 1941.
VICTOR ELYAN, M.A., LL.B., Solicitor for the Applicant, 77/78 Dame Street, Dublin.

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PORTRUSH
WEST BAY VIEW HOTEL, Mark St.
Family & Commercial Hotel. H. & C. throughout. Lounge available for dancing. Vi-spring mattresses.
'Phone 75. BURNS, Proprietress.

BOARDING AND HOTELS.

BRAY—Dockery's, "Wave Crest," Esplanade—Ideal position; excellent table; moderate; comfortable. 'Phone 150. 25 X

BRAY—Mrs. O'Dea, Ellesville, Meath road; select Board Residence; excellent catering; very comfortable and moderate. 25 X

BRAY—Dockery's Wave Crest, Esplanade; excellent table, comfortable rooms; moderate. 'Phone 150. 25 X

DELGANY, Co. Wicklow—Stay at O'Donnell's Hotel for comfortable Holiday; golfing, etc. 'Phone: Greystones 42. 25 X

DUN Laoghaire—Marine Guest House, Haigh terrace; ideally situated, facing Marine Garden-; Promenade and sea front nearby; moderate terms; personally supervised. Telephone 81645. Apply Mrs. T. F. Mullary. 25 X

DUN Laoghaire — Realt-na-Mara Hotel, sea front, beside baths; moderate terms 'Phone 81031. Manager. 25 X

EAGLE Hotel, Esplanade, Bray—Liberal table; personal supervision; reasonable terms; every facility. Tel. 202—Proprietress. 25 X

GALWAY—When in Galway for holidays or business stay at Bailey's Hotel, Eyre square, overlooking Park; 50 yards from railway and bus terminus. Terms 3 guineas weekly. 'Phone 25.

LEVIS'S Hotel, Greystones, ideally situated, comfortable and moderate; good cooking, own farm produce; fully licensed. 'Phone, 67

PORTBUSH — Kantara Hotel, Causeway avenue, overlooking sea and recreation grounds; hot and cold water all bedrooms; terms moderate. 'Phone 241. 25 X

PORTBUSH—Seymour House, sea front; h. and c. in all bedrooms. 'Phone 3272—Proprietress, Mrs. Marshall. X

HOLIDAY TOURS.

ALL-IN Holidays—week from Dublin: Killarney Special, £6 7/-; Connemara Cup, £6 17/6; "Achill Island," £5 12/6, etc.—Leslie Allen, 12 College Green, Dublin. 'Phone 22363. 3 X

CORK—"Grand Hotel," Crosshaven (Cork Harbour), Cork's leading seaside hotel. T

Great Care is taken that Advertisements published in this Paper appear correctly, but no liability is taken for any ERROR in or Omission in any Advertisement. The Proprietors Reserve the Right to Omit or Alter any Advertisement, no matter where or by whom accepted.
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CHARGES FOR SMALL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.
12 Words or under, 1/6; 1½d. per Word afterwards.
Advertisements set Contrary to our Classification, 1/- per line.
Advertisements in the "Irish Times" can be repeated in either the "Weekly Irish Times" or the "Irish Field" at Half Price.
Box Office Address counts as 3 words if replies are to be called for at Head Office; or if they are to be sent by post or called for at any Branch Office as 4 words. Postage on replies extra.
Advertisements, not prepaid, one shilling per line; minimum 3/- per insertion.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED, first class COOKED MEATS SUPERINTENDENT. Pressed beef, brawn, veal loaf, etc. State experience. Wage commencing, £10 per week. Address "Z 642, Superintendent," this office.

JUNIOR PHYSICIST WANTED
FOR RESEARCH WORK IN N. IRELAND.
Applicants should be well qualified in Experimental Physics and Applied Mathematics. Experience in a textile or other industry would be an advantage but not essential. State salary desired. Address "Z 584, Physicist," this office.

FROCK CUTTER-DESIGNER required. Salary £400 per annum. Box D 278, this office. 14 F

ADVERTISING SPACE SALESMAN REQUIRED, book and magazine work, etc.; state age, education, experience.—D 313, this office. 14 A

ATLANTIC College, Lesson Park, Official Training Centre Radio Officers, Radio and Electrical Engineering. Intensive courses. Prospectus free. 30 X

AUTHOR requires occasionally capable, experienced TYPIST, operating own machine. Reply fully, D 412, this office.

BREEMAN WANTED for a Grade A Herd; he must be good milker, cleanly and obliging. Reply, with copy of reference, to G. Low, Agricultural Research Institute, Hillsborough, Co. Down. 6 A

COMPANION HELP, all duties, REQUIRED for Greystones; small adult family; state salary, experience, age, religion and when available.—D 312, this office. 14 A

COLLECTOR WANTED immediately for Christian Society. Address "Z 640, Collector," this office.

GARDENER, experienced, WANTED; indoor and outdoor; state wages, send copies references; Shankill district.—D 228, this office.

LADY (Protestant) WANTED immediately, County Dublin, as COMPANION HELP, cook and help all household duties; adult family; maid kept, age 37-43; interview Dublin; full particulars, salary, etc. Address "Z 635, Lady," this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A YOUNG Lady, three years' experience hotel routine, desires position, Assistant Housekeeper, General Assistant or Bar Attendant; personal interview.—D 318, this office.

DRESSMAKER, experienced, work daily, or home; moderate terms.—D 310, this office.

DRIVER-Mechanic Requires Situation Immediately; Dublin or Cork preferred. Address Z 625, Driver," this office.

EXPERT, Chesterfields Repaired and Upholstered; lowest prices; card.—Connolly, 11 Fairview Strand. 14 F

GARDENER, Head Working (C.I.), disengaged, married, experienced, indoor, outdoor; vegetables, fruits, flowers. Address no. 615, Gardener," this office. 14 B

GIRL, 16, wishes Training Office or Shop, knowledge typing, bookkeeping; small salary. 339, this office.

GARDENER, young, desires work; daily or permanent; excellent references.—D 220, this office.

HOUSEKEEPER, Protestant, settled, seeks position of trust; all duties; long reference. Address "Z 616, Housekeeper," this office. 14 F

HOUSEKEEPER, I.C., settled, trained, seeks post; take complete charge; all duties; not servant class; highest reference. Address "Z 618, Post," this office. 14 F

HOUSEKEEPER, good plain cook; or General Help; recommended. Address "Z 586, Housekeeper," this office.

HOUSEKEEPER, or Assistant Manageress (disengaged); experience and good references.—D 298, this office.

LADY recommends Married Couple; Herd, General Man; understands bloodstock, good feeder; Wife, Dairy and Poultry; children (2) aged 13; excellent references, Mrs. Ruth, Callinafarcy, Milltown, Co. Kerry. 7 9

LADY can recommend Useful Man for any position; Gardener, Chauffeur, Nurse Attendant or otherwise.—D 280, this office. 14 F

LADY highly recommends Sewing Woman, all house sewing.—D 293, this office. 14 F

LADY, own Typewriter; home work or afternoon visiting; testimonials.—D 326, this office.

LADY thoroughly recommends Protestant Companion Help; adults. Apply 6 Clarinda Park East, Dun Laoghaire.

RECEPTIONIST, hotel, restaurant, cafe; experienced, good testimonials.—D 319, this office. 15 A

STRONG, respectable Girl, 6 years' experience of Hoffman and underpressing, wishes to hear of vacancy in factory.—D 341, this office.

SUPERIOR Person desires post, Housekeeper —or Help; capable and trustworthy; highly recommended. Address "Z 606, Help," this office.

WAITRESS, or Housemaid Waitress; good references required.—D 266, this office. 7 F

YOUNG Lady, Hotel Bookkeeper, Receptionist, experienced, thoroughly understands hotel business every department, presently engaged, desires change; excellent references. Address "Z 565, Lady," this office. 13 F

YOUNG, married Man, R.C., seeks position as Ploughman or Herd, understands all farm work and machinery; Wife to help if required; highest references. Address "Z 602, Man," this office. 14 F

YOUNG Lady, thoroughly experienced, first class Hotel Cashier, good appearance, now presently engaged, desires change.—D 317, this office.

YOUNG Lady, with Alexandra College Diploma in Domestic Science, seeks post as Assistant Matron or Lady Cook.—D 383, this office. 15 B

YOUNG Lady (Protestant), well educated, housecraft training, seeks post, Assistant Matron

SCHOOLS and COLLEGES

MIDLETON COLLEGE

CO. CORK.

WILL RE-OPEN

WEDNESDAY, 17th SEPTEMBER

BOARDERS RETURN TUESDAY, 16th.

1941 SUCCESSES T.C.D.
SIZARSHIP IN IRISH (£200), W. W. DALY.
SIZARSHIP IN NATURAL SCIENCE (£200), R. M. PEET.
6 Passed Entrance and Junior Freshman.

Past Pupils' 1941 T.C.D. Successes include:—
Sizarship in Classics and Jun. Exhibition (£250). First Class Hons., Classics, Jun. Sopister, President Elect, Philosophical Society. Moderatorship and First Place Mental and Moral Philosophy. Other successes included Final Accountancy, 2 Bank Clerkships, and business appointments.

Rugby—Winners of Munster Schools' League.
Cricket—Third Place Munster Junior League.

* * * * Grounds of over 26 acres with own farm and vegetables. Schoolrooms centrally heated. Sufficient stocks of fuel and provisions. * * * *

Full particulars may be had from the Headmaster,
T. WEST, M.A., T.C.D

BISHOP FOY SCHOOL

WATERFORD.

FOUNDED 1707. FLOURISHING 1941.

THE NURSERY SCHOOL

will be opened on SEPTEMBER 12

For Pupils 2 to 7 years of age, under MISS HILDA BURROWES, Froebel Certificated, from Alexandra College Nursery School, and Kindergarten Training Dept.

In the Nursery School the little child does not learn lessons. He learns to live. The Bishop Foy School provides for the child growing out of babyhood. A carefully planned environment. Large, airy rooms, opening into a sunny garden. Suitable play. Material for physical and mental development, and companionship of other children, under the skilled care of a teacher specially trained in dealing with these little ones. Every child is under the direct supervision of the School Medical Officer.

Bishop Foy School is a Co-Educational Boarding and Day School for pupils from 2-18. Moderate inclusive fees. Apply SECRETARY.

WESLEY COLLEGE

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

JUNE, 1941. Sizarships—Mathematics (First Place); Modern Languages, £200 Entrance Scholarship: Entrance Exhibition £50.
JUNE, 1940. Sizarships—Mathematics (First Place); Modern Languages (First Place); Hebrew (First Place): Entrance Exhibition £50.
All Candidates for Leaving Certificate Passed with Honours.
JUNE, 1939. Sizarships—Mathematics (First Place); Experimental Science, £200 Entrance Scholarship: Two Entrance Exhibitions, £50 Each.
All Candidates for Leaving Certificate Passed with Honours.
The Leinster Senior Schools' Cricket Cup Won in 1939-1940 and 1941.
SCHOLARSHIPS—Examination open to Boys and Girls—age 12-14, September 11th and 12th.
College Choirs: Orchestra, Organ, Piano, Violin.
PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT—Pupils from Seven. Secretarial Classes.

Tullamaine (UPPER LEESON STREET)

KINDERGARTEN AND PREPARATORY SCHOOL.
Excellent Class Rooms—Beautiful Grounds—Bus 10, 11, 13 or 18.
BOARDING DEPARTMENT—Junior Girls—Limited No. Boys (7-10).
Large Illustrated Prospectus, showing Premises, Staff, Distinctions, Fees, from Rev. T. J. IRWIN, D.Litt., Principal.

THE PUPILS OF Drogheda Grammar School

Are BETTER TAUGHT
BETTER FED
BETTER PREPARED FOR LIFE

There is still time to write for a Prospectus

NEW TERM COMMENCES SEPTEMBER 9th.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
With Kindergarten and Secretarial Departments.

MONKSTOWN THE HALL CO. DUBLIN

For Illustrated Prospectus apply:—
THE PRINCIPAL, MISS L. COLLETTA VAUGHAN.
OPENING DATE, 19th SEPTEMBER.

ALEXANDRA SCHOOL, DUBLIN.

Headmistress: MISS BEWLEY, B.A.

The School provides a comprehensive education on modern lines for Girls up to the age of sixteen years. Nursery and Kindergarten Classes for Children from 3-8 years of age.

Residence Hall for Boarders, 4, 5 and 6 Earlsfort Terrace.

MICHAELMAS TERM OPENS ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3rd.

The Headmistress will be at the School from 10 a.m. on and after Monday, Sept. 1st, to receive entries.

Entrance Examination for new pupils on Sept. 1st and 2nd, at 9.30 a.m.

Prospectus on application to the Secretary or at the School.

ALEXANDRA SCHOOL, DUBLIN.

KINDERGARTEN TRAINING DEPARTMENT.

The Training Department is under the management of Alexandra School, with the assistance of members of the Staff of Alexandra College, and is recognised by the National Froebel Foundation as an efficient institution for preparation for the Teacher's Certificate.

Head of the Department:
MISS IRENE GROVE, N.F.F. Teacher's Certificate and Trainer's Diploma.

The next Session Opens on WED., Sept. 10th.
Prospectus and further information on application to the Secretary, Alexandra School.

MORGAN SCHOOL, CASTLEKNOCK, Co. Dublin.

Ideally situated on lofty ground and combining the advantages of town and country.

Extensive Playing Fields and Large Gardens.

Spacious Dormitories and Classrooms.

Small Classes and individual attention.

Moderate and inclusive Fees.

W. W. COMMISKEY, M.A., Headmaster.

MONKSTOWN PARK,

MONKSTOWN, CO. DUBLIN.

Preparatory School for Boarders and Day Boys.

RE-OPENS MONDAY, 22nd SEPT., 1941.

Well-balanced curriculum of work leading to Common Entrance for Public Schools.

Games—Football, Hockey, Cricket, etc.

Physical Drill, Carpentry, Boxing, Scouts, Cubs.

Prospectus on application to the Head masters:
F. M. BENTLY, M.A. (Cantab).
H. W. A. EVANS (T.C.D.).

THE HIGH SCHOOL, SLIGO.

Head Mistress—MISS WILLIS, M.A.

The School Course includes preparation for Intermediate, Leaving Certificate and University Entrance Examinations.

There is a fully-equipped Gymnasium. All girls attend classes in Cookery, Housewifery and Sewing. There is a Secretarial Course for girls of good general education. The staff is large and includes a fully-qualified resident mistress for gymnastics, dancing and games.

Fees Moderate. Illustrated Prospectus.

AVOCA SCHOOL, BLACKROCK.

(Founded 1891.)

SECONDARY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
Preparatory Department for Boys and Girls.
SCHOOL RE-OPENS THURSDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER.
Headmaster—
C. B. PARKER, B.A.I., H.Dip.Ed. (Hons.).

ST. ANDREW'S COLLEGE,

CLYDE ROAD.

REOPENING DATE,

4th SEPTEMBER.

For Prospectus apply to Headmaster.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

RATHGAR BOYS' PREPARATORY SCHOOL

(FOR ST. ANDREW'S COLLEGE).
Playing Field at Bushy Park Road, Rathgar.
Pupils received from Five Years of Age
NEXT TERM BEGINS
THURSDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER.
The Headmistress will be at the School on and after September 2nd, between 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. to interview parents and enrol pupils, and at other times by appointment.
For Prospectus and full particulars apply to the Headmistress, MISS C. E. SEMPLE, 47 Rathgar Road.

MERCER'S SCHOOL, CASTLEKNOCK, CO. DUBLIN.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS over twelve years of age who are members of the Church of Ireland.
Secondary Education.

SIX ASSISTED SCHOLARSHIPS AT £25 PER ANNUM ARE OFFERED FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR beginning SEPTEMBER 2nd.

Apply to
MISS HOGAN, M.A., T.C.D.,
Headmistress.

KILKENNY COLLEGE. FOUNDED 1538.

VACANCIES ARE NOW BEING FILLED FOR THE TERM COMMENCING IN SEPTEMBER.

Prospectus containing full particulars may be obtained from

C. G. SHANKEY, M.A.,
Headmaster.

ROYAL SCHOOL, DUNGANNON.

NEW SESSION COMMENCES TUESDAY, 2nd SEPTEMBER.

BOARDERS RETURN PREVIOUS EVENING BY 7.30 O'CLOCK.

Prospectus and Entrance Form may be obtained on application to the Headmaster, who will be at the School between 10 a.m. and 1 p.m., August 27, 28 and 29, or by appointment.

Early application should be made for both Preparatory and Secondary Departments.

SANDFORD PARK SCHOOL, RANELAGH, DUBLIN.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

For Prospectus and particulars apply to the HEADMASTER.

Loreto Abbey

RATHFARNHAM

BOARDING SCHOOL
RE-OPENS Monday SEPT. 8

LORETO ABBEY

HIGH SCHOOL
Beaufort, Rathfarnham
FOR DAY PUPILS
RE-OPENS Tuesday SEPT. 9

LORETO COLLEGE

OF DOMESTIC SCIENCE
Beaufort, Rathfarnham
RE-OPENS Monday SEPT. 22

For Prospectus apply to MOTHER SUPERIOR.

K.A.A.

ST. MARY'S COLLEGE, C.S.Sp. RATHMINES

Preparatory and Secondary Day College for Boys from 8 to 18 years of age.

RE-OPENS, SEPT, 3rd

★ *For Prospectus apply to the Rev. President.*

CONVENT OF THE HOLY FAITH

Secondary School for Girls

81 HADDINGTON RD., DUBLIN

Pupils prepared for Intermediate and Leaving Certificate, Matriculation N.U.I., Preparatory College Entrance Examination, Clerical Officers, Writing Assistants, Commercial Course, Royal Irish Academy of Music.

Special attention given to Physical Culture and Outdoor Games.

AND PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

SCHOOLS RE-OPEN 1st SEPTEMBER.

For Terms apply to Rev. Mother, Convent of the Holy Faith, Ashley, Clyde road, Ballsbridge, Dublin.

K.A.A.

LORETO ABBEY

DALKEY, CO. DUBLIN

Senior, Junior, Kindergarten Schools.

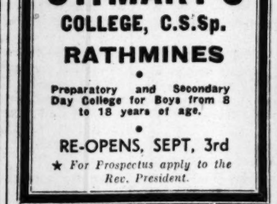
RE-OPENS

for Boarders, 11th Sept.

Day Pupils, 12th Sept.

VILLIERS SCHOOL, LIMERICK

(Founded 1821.)



AUTUMN TERM COMMENCES SEPTEMBER 12th.
SECONDARY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND BOYS.
With
BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT FOR GIRLS.
Extensive increase in accommodation for Boarders in September.
Preparatory and Kindergarten Department.
For Prospectus, etc., apply to the Headmaster.
REV. G. H. J. BURROWS
(Ex-Sch., Sen. Mod.), M.A., Hons. H.Dip.Ed., T.C.D.

ALEXANDRA COLLEGE, DUBLIN.

Principal—MISS G. E. HOLLOWAY, B.A.

MICHAELMAS TERM, 1941.
COLLEGE WILL RE-OPEN ON WEDNESDAY, 10th SEPTEMBER.

ENTRANCE SCHOLARSHIPS.

SEVEN SCHOLARSHIPS will be awarded at an Entrance Examination to be held at Alexandra College on September the 3rd and following days. The Examination is open to candidates under 16 years of age on 1st January, 1941. Last date for receiving entries is 18th August.

Gamble Scholarship, Value £90, providing EDUCATION and RESIDENCE for the year.
Pfeiffer Scholarship, value..... £30
Wilson Suffern Scholarship, value..... £15
Wilson Suffern Scholarship II., value, £15
Professor's Pianoforte Scholarship, value £9
Two Vocal Music Exhibitions, each value £5
Offered by the Governess Association of Ireland:—
Governess Association Scholarship, value £42
Stearne Scholarship I., value..... £20
Stearne Scholarship II., value..... £20

The Principal will be at the College from 10 till 1 o'clock daily (excepting Saturdays) on and after 3rd September. It is advisable to make an appointment beforehand.

The SYLLABUS and full particulars may be had from the Principal.

EIGHT FIRST PLACE AWARDS

in Civil Service and similar examinations have been secured by GREGG SCHOOL students during the past few years.

In addition to the above results

SECOND and SIXTH PLACES

in the Limited Examination for Shorthand-Typists (1939) were secured by students of the GREGG SCHOOL.

Other results in the same series of examinations were:—

11th, 21st, 25th, and 34th places (Open), and 14th, 27th, and 33rd places, Typists' Examination.

GREGG SCHOOL,

42 GRAFTON STREET,

DUBLIN, C.3.

Telephone: 44906.

SLIGO GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Modern Buildings in Ideal Surroundings. Central Heating and Electric Light. Splendid Health Record.

Teaching on modern lines. Discipline based on the corporate life of the school, and individuality encouraged.

Excellent Results in Intermediate, Commercial and University Examinations.

Special inclusive terms offered to fill quickly remaining vacancies for new school year.

BOARDERS RETURN ON 4th SEPTEMBER.

Full particulars on application to the Headmaster.

GILLESPIES' METROPOLITAN COLLEGE,

100 LOWER MOUNT STREET, DUBLIN. Phone.—62135.

Estd. 1897.

COMMERCIAL, SECRETARIAL, CIVIL SERVICE.

Interviews—Tuesdays and Fridays from 12 noon to 2 p.m., or by appointment.

RE-OPENING 3rd SEPTEMBER, 1941.

Principal—
Mrs. S. E. Gillespie, F.C.I., F.I.S.W.I.

BRENTWOOD PUBLIC SCHOOL, SOUTHPORT. Girls (5-19 years). Headmistress: Miss Dalgleish, M.A. (Oxon.).

GLENGARA PARK SCHOOL

FOR GIRLS.

NEW TERM COMMENCES SEPTEMBER 19th.

Boarding and Day School for Girls, 4-18, and small Boys, 4-8. High-class, Modern Education, with Science, Secretarial and Housecraft Courses. Kindergarten Department.

Entire charge taken of children whose parents are on active service.

Plans for evacuation, with staff, to "Charleville," Enniskerry, in readiness if necessary.

Illustrated Prospectus and all particulars from the Principal,
MISS I. KNOX DARLING, B.A.
GLENGARA PARK SCHOOL, GLENAGEARY, CO. DUBLIN.

A.M.D.G.

CLONGOWES WOOD COLLEGE NAAS

School Re-opens September 4th

For Terms, etc., apply to V. REV. RECTOR, S.J.

K.A.A.

DOMINICAN COLLEGE ECCLES ST., DUBLIN

(Boarding and Day School for Girls)

SCOIL CAITRÍONA *Class "A" School*

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE FOR GIRLS | DAY SCHOOL FOR JUNIOR BOYS

Schools will re-open for resident Pupils on September 4th; for Day Pupils on September 5th.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO: MOTHER PRIORESS.

CROSS & PASSION COLLEGE

KILCULLEN, CURRAGH, CO. KILDARE

(Under the care of the Passionist Sisters).

IRISH-SPEAKING SCHOOL

Children become proficient speakers of Irish in three months.

LEAVING CERTIFICATE, JUNE, 1941. 19 Presented—13 Honours—4 Passes.
INTERMEDIATE CERTIFICATE, 1940. 24 Presented—19 Honours—4 Passes.

SCHOOL RE-OPENS THURS., SEPT. 4th

For terms apply to: SUPERIORESS.

K.A.A.

MOUNTJOY SCHOOL, DUBLIN.

Incorporated Society's Collegiate School.

PREPARATORY, JUNIOR AND SENIOR SCHOOL FOR BOARDERS AND DAY BOYS.

Recent successes direct from School include:
UNIVERSITY—Sizarship in Science (FIRST Place for two consecutive years); Junior Exhibition, 11 Entrance (5 High Places); 4 J. F. Examination.
COMMERCIAL—6 Bank Clerkships (including FIRST Place); 1 Brewery Clerkship; 1 Railway Clerkship.

The Autumn Term will commence on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th.

Boarders return the previous day.

The Headmaster will be at the School to enroll new pupils from September 3rd, between 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. or by appointment.

For Prospectus and List of Successes apply to:—
W. TATE, M.A. (Sen. Mod.), T.C.D., Headmaster.

BERTRAND INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL,

10 & 11 ECCLES STREET, DUBLIN.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
AT VERY MODERATE FEES.

Pupils prepared for Intermediate and Leaving Certificates, Matriculation, Civil Service, etc.

Prospectus and particulars on application to the Headmistress—
MISS A. H. BURN, B.A.

ST. ANNE'S, DUN LAOGHAIRE

(33 CLARINDA PARK, E.).

CATHOLIC BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

FOR GIRLS AND LITTLE BOYS.
(Limited Number Boarders.)

Pupils Prepared for Matriculation and Music Examinations, Games, etc.

RE-OPENING
SEPTEMBER 11, 1941.

Apply MRS. RUSSELL, Principal.

KINGSTOWN SCHOOL,

YORK ROAD, DUN LAOGHAIRE.

School Re-opens Tuesday, 2nd September, 1941. Boarding and Day School for Boys. Day School for Girls.

Pupils prepared for Matriculation and all usual examinations.

In Kindergarten Department pupils admitted from four years.

Large playing fields beside the School.

Residence in Shillelagh ready for evacuation (if necessary)

The Headmaster will be at the School for Interviews on Monday, 1st September, between 2.30 and 5 o'clock, or by appointment.

Prospectus etc from
REV. E. J. DEVLIN, M.A., Headmaster.

PARK HOUSE SCHOOL

FOR JUNIOR BOYS AND GIRLS AND SENIOR GIRLS.

74 MOREHAMPTON ROAD, DUBLIN.

SCHOOL RE-OPENS SEPTEMBER 11th.

Sound Education on Modern Lines.

SMALL NUMBER OF BOARDERS. UNDER HOME CONDITIONS.

Scheme for Evacuation to Reception Area in readiness.

Particulars on application to the Headmistress, Miss M. E. FAYLE, T.C.N.F.U.

DUNDALK GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Boarders, Day Pupils—Boys and Girls. Splendid Buildings. Large Grounds and Gardens. Separate Prep. Dept. Specialist Staff. Individual attention. Exceptional health record. H. and C. Water. Milk and Vegetables from School Farm.

SCHOOL RE-OPENS SEPTEMBER 9th.
THE REV. A. A. HANDLEDGE, M.A., Head Master.

CITY OF DUBLIN VOCATIONAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

RATHMINES TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

FIFTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS

Day Junior Technical School (Girls)

(Free entry and free provision of books and materials for two years).

Examination, 6th Standard, Primary School: Irish, English, Arithmetic, will be held in Rathmines Technical Institute, 10 a.m. Monday, 1st September, 1941.

Age limits: Not less than 14 or over 16 years of age on 1st September, 1941.

Entry Form, to be lodged not later than 12 noon Wednesday, 27th August, 1941, may be had on application to the Principal, Rathmines Technical Institute, Dublin.

K.A.A.

THE HIGH SCHOOL, DUBLIN.

RECENT SUCCESSES INCLUDE:

(1) At Entrance to Trinity College—Two Sizarships (Mathematics and Classics), two Exhibitions and the Backhouse Prize (First at Entrance to Engineering School). (Total value, over £500.)

(2) Recent Pupils in Trinity College won two Scholarships (First in Mathematics and second in Classics).

(3) Three Bank Clerkships and a number of business appointments.

NEXT TERM BEGINS 3rd SEPTEMBER.

The Headmaster will be present for interviews on and after 31st August (except Saturday).

Boys received from the age of six

Illustrated Prospectus and full particulars sent on application to the Headmaster—

JOHN BENNETT, M.A., Ph.D.
(Ex-Sch., Sen.Mod., Univ. Stud.).

UNIVERSITY OF MANCHESTER.

THE SESSION COMMENCES ON THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25th.

Particulars of any of the following Faculties or Departments may be obtained on application to the Registrar:—Arts, Science, Law, Medicine, Music, Commerce and Administration, Theology, Technology, Education, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Public Health, Architecture, Geography, History, Education of the Deaf. Prospectuses of General Information, Advanced Studies in History, Post Graduate Courses in Medicine, Course for Teachers of Young Children, Fellowships, Scholarships, Exhibitions and Prizes, Public and Evening Courses, Extra-Mural Department, Appointments Board.

RUTLAND HIGH SCHOOL,

Established 1856.

Headmistress—MISS STANTON, M.A.

SCHOOL RE-OPENS THURSDAY, 4th September.

The Headmistress will be at the School on and after Thursday, 28th August, from 10 to 1 o'clock.

CLERGY DAUGHTERS' SCHOOL

RE-OPENS ON TUESDAY, 2nd SEPT.

The pupils receive their education at Alexandra School and College.

THERE ARE SOME VACANCIES FOR DAUGHTERS OF LAYMEN.

Applications should be addressed to the Principal, 12 Earlsfort terrace, Dublin.

BELFAST ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements for next day's issue are received at our Branch Office, 58 Donegall street, up to 4.30 p.m. Telephone: Belfast 21787.

Are depending on you!

Thousands of men and women, employees of Irish Paper Mills and Printing Houses, have spent years building up happy homes for themselves and their dependents. They may be out of work, their livelihood gone, and unable to keep these homes together unless you help them. The mills can meet the demand to keep these workers employed if they get enough waste paper for re-pulping.

The Society of St. Vincent de Paul, the Legion of Mary and the Boy Scouts are co-operating in a nation-wide campaign for the collection of waste paper. The entire proceeds from the sale of the waste paper will be devoted to the charitable purposes of these organisations.

Save all waste paper. Give it to the collector who will call on you. You can do a vast amount of good with a minimum of trouble.

This advertisement is issued jointly by the Irish Paper Mills and by the following Licensed Waste Paper Merchants:—

Duan, M., H.O., 8a 8th. Prince's St.	,	*Dublin* 43887
Dublin Paper Co., 9a Granby Lane	,	*Dublin* 72544
Fallon, C. J., 109 Marlboro' Street	,	*Dublin* 43807
Irish Industrial Waste Co., H.O., 42 Railway St.		*Dublin* 72061
Marcus, E., 16-17 Old Kilmainham	,	*Dublin* 76671
News Bros., Ltd., 20-21 Bowling Green Street		*Cork* 499
O'Reilly, P., Ltd., Poolbeg Street	,	*Dublin* 71565
United Trading Co., Primrose Sq., Grattan St.		*Cork* 1040
Woolfson, Wm. L., 30-31 Bridgefoot Street	,	*Dublin* 52280

Kelly

DAYLIGHT-SAVING AND HEALTH

CO. WICKLOW DOCTOR'S CONCLUSIONS

Some of the ill-effects of daylight saving upon various people, observed after thirty-eight years as a dispensary doctor, were discussed with the *Irish Times* yesterday by Dr. Henry Raverty M.O.H., Herbert road, Bray.

Lack of rest, he said, had a serious effect upon the health of everyone, no matter of what age. In children between the ages of five and fourteen he had observed a deplorable number of cases of myo and endocardial disease. This was not to be wondered at if the children did not get enough sleep, being turned out to school before 9 o'clock, which was actually 7.35 old time. There was another group—those between the ages of 14 and 21 years. In these, Dr. Raverty said that he had noticed serious incidents of pulmonary T.B. It was significant that this year, the first that the extra hour was left on during the winter, showed an increase in the number of cases which he had treated. "A third group—those from 35 onwards—are practically all below par in health. The women cannot get the children to bed at a reasonable time, and are up again in the morning at an unearthly hour," he continued.

The men, who should welcome the long evenings for a game of golf or an hour or two in the garden, are, in Dr. Raverty's opinion, nervy and irritable and consult their doctor. They fear their business is getting too much for them, but those who take the doctor's advice and reduce their hours of exercise after doing a day's work recover quickly. Speaking about the age group from 21 to 35, Dr. Raverty said that they were at an age when they could stand the racket better than others, but he doubted if, even to them, daylight saving was not a greater curse than a blessing.

SECEDED FROM IRISH UNION

DUBLIN TRANSPORT DEVELOPMENTS

A meeting of over 200 tram and 'bus workers in the Mansion House, Dublin, yesterday, decided, with only six dissentients, to become members of the Amalgamated Transport and General Workers' Union. Resolutions not to pay further subscriptions to the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union and not to take part in the tramways branch election of the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union were passed. Similar resolutions had been passed at a meeting of about 400 of the men in the Mansion House on Thursday night.

Mr. E. Harte, National Organiser, A.T. and G.W.U., who said that he was present on invitation, stated that his union was not forcing men to join their union. On the contrary, the men had come to the union asking to be allowed to rejoin.

FUNERAL

MR. LIAM CLARKE

The funeral of Mr. Liam Clarke, Rathcoole, County Dublin, took place to Glasnevin yesterday, after Mass at the Church of St. Paul, Arran quay. Mr. Clarke was a member of the executive council and commandant of the 4th Battalion Old I.R.A. At the conclusion of the prayers at the graveside, which were recited by the Very Rev. W. Dargan, S.J., Clongowes Wood College, volleys were fired and the "Last Post" was sounded.

The chief mourners were:—Dr. Stella Clarke (widow), Miss Maura Clarke (daughter), Mr. Thomas Clarke (son), Tommy Clarke (brother), Mrs. T. Clarke (sister-in-law), the Misses Maureen and Rita Clarke (nieces), Dr. McSorley (brother-in-law), Mrs. McSorley (sister-in-law), Mr. Donald McSorley (nephew).

Among those present were:—The Very Rev. W. Dargan, S.J.; the Very Rev. L. J. Ryan, P.P. Saggart; the Rev. J. Kilbride, S.J., and the Rev. P. O. Brochlan, S.J., Milltown Park; the Rev. L. Brophy, C.C., Donard; the Lord Mayor (Alderman P. S. Doyle, T.D.), Mr. Frank Fahy, Speaker of the Dail; Senator Sean O'Donovan, Mr. P. Belton, T.D.; Major-General J. Sweeney and Mrs. Sweeney, Mr. Sean Moynihan, Mr. Dan Breen, T.D., Dr. Conlon and Mrs. Conlon (Carrick-on-Suir), Dr. J. A. Harbison, Co. Dublin Medical Officer of Health; Drs. E. V. Power, J. J. O'Reilly, M. B. Dooley (Portarlington), E. O'Hagan, J. J. Reilly (Lucan), Dr. T. J. C. O'Connell and Mrs. O'Connell, Dr. A. J. Walsh and Mrs. Walsh, Dr. O'Farrell and Mrs. O'Farrell (Lismore), Dr. Cuffe, Dr. Brennan, Coroner for Co. Dublin; Messrs. M. Costello, J. A. Flynn, J. O'Sheehan, Irish Hospitals' Trust.

THE WAR IN THE AIR

ALLIED AND AXIS STRENGTH AND LOSSES

By Our Military Correspondent.

In the "Battle of the Atlantic" the Germans in effect concede a diminution of effort, perfectly understandable in view of the Russian operations—which must engage Germany's northern fleet in three directions. These are: (a) against the Gulf of Riga and Finland; (b) watching the Sound and the Belts against a possible British break-in; (c) operating in the Arctic Ocean against Russian supply-lines.

AIR STRENGTH

About a month or so ago the following table was published of relative aircraft production in the "American Machinist," a technical journal of standing:—Germany, 2,500 machines per month; Russia, 2,000; Britain, 1,800; U.S.A., 1,500; Japan, 300; Italy, —.

The table has, on the face of it, an almost surprisingly credible appearance compared with so many other estimates we see from time to time. Taking it as at least an approximate guide, let us see whether it is liable to variation in the near future. The German figure is unlikely to increase materially. A year ago it was supposed to be about 2,000; and probably the occupied factories in various countries are already contributing most of their potential quotas. Russian output also is unlikely to increase—indeed, it may possibly have the opposite course, if any of the principal factories are occupied. Regarding Italy, the table would seem to corroborate the view formerly expressed in these notes that Italian production has probably almost ceased.

POSSIBLE INCREASE

It is not clear whether the 1,800 for Britain includes Australian and Canadian output also. The two latter countries are certainly capable of expansion. The case of Britain herself is not so clear: authoritative spokesmen expect an increase, but already the increase has been remarkable. American production could certainly be enormously increased—theoretically. In practice, however, it is considerably retarded by disputes of one kind or another. But, of course, there is a definite upward tendency over any long-term period.

Japan has been credited with maintaining her force of 'planes in China at a steady figure of 1,000. Even with an output of 300 per month, there would be no difficulty in achieving that, because the rate of wastage is low, in face of the marked Chinese weakness in the air. Incidentally, this would seem to be a good reason for not forcing the pace against really strong aerial opponents—and that over an enormously extended theatre of war.

R.A.F. STRONGER

The sum total of all this would seem to be that no very enormous change in the state of rival production is likely to take place in the immediate future. Certainly there will be nothing calculated to decide the war overnight. We know, for instance, that the first-line, operational strength of the R.A.F. (i.e., presumably not including Dominions Air Forces) is now twice what it was a year ago. The reserves have increased in at least the same proportion. During the same period the bomb-load capacity has increased to three and a-half times the former figure. But, clearly, this is not sufficient by itself to ensure any decisive swing over in the air. Whether American supplies to Britain will be affected by those to Russia remains to be seen. To reinforce Russia in the Far East is comparatively easy, and should act as a direct deterrent to Japan. Such an eventuality would, obviously, directly ease America's own position. Whether it would—in other directions—be the most effective use for the 'planes is another question.

AIR LOSSES

On August 7th the British Air Minister gave instructive figures for air losses over a period of three months. The table did not include Axis 'planes shot down by British naval means—nor, presumably, Fleet Air Arm air-craft lost. In detail, the figures were:—

	May.	June.	July.	Total.
British	149	227	285	661
German	335	277	326	938
Italian	3	52	64	119

This gives a total of 1,057 Axis 'planes as against 661 British. The rise in British losses indicates the progressive increase in the strength of the attacks, which can now be described as incessant. In the same way, the rise in Italian losses corresponds to an increase in Mediterranean activity. The German figures represent normal, routine, aerial activity on the Western front in existing circumstances. The drop in June is probably to be explained by big concentrations in Russia—some of which have returned by now.

DIVIDED WORK

If the Russians can maintain their recent strategical bombing it will materially assist the British aerial offensive in the West. Suppose, for instance, that the Russians undertook all strategical bombing east of the Elbe—that would enable Britain to concentrate on the regions west of that river, and, therefore, nearer home. This means proportionately heavier bomb-load per 'plane: even a Flying Fortress can carry far less bomb-weight to Berlin than to Essen. This is something that is quite independent of time of year or length of night. Other obvious Russian objectives would be the Baltic shipbuilding yards—Stettin, Danzig, Elbing—which are too far to be attacked from Britain in a worth-while fashion.

ALLIED SUCCESS

If the Czernavoda Bridge on the Danube has been effectively destroyed it must be viewed as a highly important success for the Allies. There is no other railway bridge—nor permanent bridge of any sort—for several hundreds of miles up-river. The Black Sea port of Constanza—damaged or not—is completely cut off from its hinterland, and probably rendered useless as a potential Axis naval base. It would be quite as severe a blow to Rumania as the bombing of the oil installations if the pipeline paralleling the bridge is severed.

Rumania, indeed, has had her fair share of hard knocks. Ankara reports give the Rumanian losses in Russia as 50,000 killed and 100,000 wounded from a total of 450,000—i.e., in the neighbourhood of 30 per cent.. This may well be a representative proportion-figure for all the Axis troops. The Germans claim to have evacuated by air 280,000 wounded from the central sector alone. These would not include less serious cases, treated on the spot. Also, it is reasonable to assume other cases evacuated by rail or motor transport. Altogether, it is indicative of a severe rate of wastage.

OBITUARY

MR. ANDREW COUSINS

The death has occurred of Mr. Andrew Cousins, formerly of the clerical staff of the Great Southern Railways Company, and later of the Central Argentine Railway Company, of which he became Assistant General Superintendent, retiring four years ago, owing to ill-health. He was the eldest son of the late Mr. Richard Cousins, Stationmaster, Great Southern Railways. Educated at the Christian Brothers' Schools, Monasterevan, he qualified for the British Civil Service and the railway. Mr. Cousins served in the war of 1914-'18 with the Irish Guards, gaining the Military Medal in 1917. He took his military course at Rhyl, gaining a Commission in the King's (Liverpool) Regiment. He was drafted to Russia, in 1918, where he remained until the following year, when he was severely wounded. Mr. Cousins enlisted in the Local Security Force when it was formed last year, and rendered useful service to the Howth-Sutton Division before illness compelled him to retire. He is survived by his wife.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS

GAIETY THEATRE.
Matinee To-day at 2.30.
ONCE NIGHTLY AT 7.30.
JIMMY O'DEA in
"SO WHAT?"
A Comedy Musical by Harry O'Donovan
BOOKING DAILY, 10 A.M. TO 9 P.M.

OLYMPIA.
8 ..... ONCE NIGHTLY 8
DOORS OPEN 7.30.
Second Week the year's best Musical.
"AFTER THE BALL"
Joe Duffy, Sam Mooney, Liam O'Connor, Norma Barry, Vic Kaye, Patty Ryan, Ursula Doyle, Vic Davis, Paddy Kenny, Dan Byrne and THE CARLTONS. Booking Office open 10.30 to 6 p.m. Phone 22962.

ABBEY THEATRE.
Last night of
"PETER."
By Rutherford Mayne.
NEXT WEEK—First Production of
REMEMBERED FOR EVER,
By BERNARD McGINN.
Box Office 10.30 to 6. Phone 44505.
Owing to Bus changes, play starts at 8 sharp.

GATE LONGFORD PRODUCTIONS.
TO-DAY, at 2.30 and 8.15.
"LE BOURGEOIS GENTILHOMME."
By Moliere
Translated by Lord Longford.

GRAFTON Continuous 2 to 10.40
ALLAN JONES, SUSANNA FOSTER, in
"MAGIC IN MUSIC."
Unusual in story and rich in music.

GREEN.—To-day at 3.40, 6.25, 9.12. ED. G. ROBINSON, "I AM THE LAW." Also GRACE MOORE, "ONE NIGHT OF LOVE." At 2.30, 5.9, 7.56.

LIMERICK SHOW,
27th and 28th AUGUST.
DOG SHOW SECOND DAY
FIRST DAY'S JUMPING ENTRIES CLOSE MONDAY, 25th, with SECRETARY,
102 O'Connell St.

RATHMINES AND RATHGAR MUSICAL SOCIETY.
NEXT PRODUCTION:
"THE MIKADO" and "PRINCESS IDA,"
AT THE
GAIETY THEATRE, OCTOBER 27th.
A few vacancies for Tenors and Basses now exist.
Apply Hon. Secretary, 2 Norfolk road, Cabra.

ESSE COOKERS,
TAYCO-ETTE COOKERS.
BEST FUEL SAVERS.
MAGUIRE & GATCHELL, LTD.,
DUBLIN.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
SUGAR RATIONING.
NOTICE TO WHOLESALERS

On and after the 16th August, 1941, a licensed sugar wholesaler may not sell sugar by wholesale to any person other than licensed sugar wholesale customers (i.e., other licensed wholesalers) and licensed retailers.

A licensed sugar wholesaler must complete on Form S.4 a register of his sugar wholesale customers, and he must record in the appropriate space on the Form the quantity of sugar delivered each month to each such customer. Forms S.4 (price 1d.) may be obtained at all principal Post Offices or from the Government Publications Sale Office, 3/4 College Street, Dublin.

A licensed sugar wholesaler must notify on Form S.7 each wholesaler or retailer to whom he delivered sugar on sale in 1940 of the total quantity of sugar so delivered. Forms S.7 will be issued to licensed sugar wholesalers by the Department of Supplies, Ballsbridge Dublin.

Unless otherwise directed by the Minister a licensed sugar wholesaler may not in any month deliver to any licensed wholesale customer who carried on the business of selling sugar during the whole of the year 1940 a quantity of sugar exceeding one-fifteenth of the total quantity delivered by him to such customer in 1940. He may not deliver sugar to any customer who did not carry on the business of selling sugar during the whole of the year 1940 unless and until authorised to do so by direction of the Minister for Supplies.

A licensed sugar wholesaler must keep on Form S.10 (price 1d.) a monthly record of his transactions in sugar, together with a record of the stocks of sugar in his beneficial ownership. Form S.10 may be obtained at any Post Office or from the Government Publications Sale Office, 3/4 College Street, Dublin.

WARNING.

Sugar wholesalers are warned that it is an offence punishable by heavy penalties to contravene any of the provisions of the Emergency Powers (Sugar) Order, 1941. In addition to any other penalty an offender may be refused the grant of a licence or may have such licence revoked if already issued.

JOHN LEYDON, Secretary,
Department of Supplies, Dublin.
13th August, 1941.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
SUGAR RATIONING.
NOTICE TO RETAILERS.

On and after the 16th August, 1941, a licensed sugar retailer may not sell sugar at any shop to any person who is not registered at that shop either as a householder customer or non-householder customer.

A licensed sugar retailer must enter on Form S.6 the name and address of his non-householder customers, i.e., manufacturing consumers, the proprietors of catering establishments and the heads of institutions from whom he supplies sugar, and must keep on the Form S.6 a record of the quantity of sugar delivered to each such customer during the month of August and each month thereafter. Copies of Form S.6 (price 1d.) may be obtained at the principal Post Offices or from the Government Publications Sale Office, 3/4 College Street, Dublin.

A licensed sugar retailer must notify on Form S.8 each non-householder customer of the quantity of sugar delivered by him to such customer during each month of the year 1940. Forms S.8 will be issued to licensed sugar retailer by the Department of Supplies.

Unless otherwise directed by the Minister, a licensed sugar retailer may not in any month deliver to a non-householder customer whose establishment was in existence for the whole of the year 1940 a quantity of sugar exceeding four-fifths of the quantity delivered to him in the corresponding month of 1940. He may not deliver sugar to a non-householder customer whose establishment was not in existence during the whole of 1940 unless and until authorised to do so by the Minister for Supplies.

A licensed sugar retailer must keep on Form S.9 a record of his weekly sales of sugar to householder customers and on Form S.10 a monthly record of his transactions in sugar, together with a record of the stocks of sugar in his beneficial ownership. Forms S.9 (price 2d.) and Forms S.10 (price 1d.) may be obtained at any Post Office or from the Government Publications Sale Office, 3/4 College Street, Dublin.

WARNING.

Shopkeepers are warned that it is an offence punishable by heavy penalties to contravene any of the provisions of the Emergency Powers (Sugar) Order, 1941. In addition to any other penalty an offender may be refused the grant of a licence or licences or may have such licence or licences revoked if already issued.

JOHN LEYDON, Secretary,
Department of Supplies, Dublin.
13th August, 1941

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Telephone: No. 76555.

ROYAL "Hullabaloo," 4.14, 7.58. Film at 2.27, 6.11, 9.28.
"HULLABALOO NO. 5."
ROY IRVING interviews D.T.O. BARRY, L.D.F.
Wallace Beery in "TWO GUN CUPID."
SUNDAY: Book for 8.30 Show.
Doors open 7.30. Show commences 8 o'c.
"HULLABALOO NO. 6," with
HARRY BAILEY and HULLABALOONIES.
JIMMY CAMPBELL.
Guests: JOHN TORNEY, THE HAYES'S.
The Screen's Jackpot of Joy.
JUDY CANOVA, BOB CROSBY and his BAND.
Charles Butterworth, Jerry Colonna, Susan Hayward.
In "SIS HOPKINS."

REGAL ROOMS CINEMA *Book for Sunday Night*
Doors open 7.30. Show commences 8 o'c.
At 2.13, 4.25, 6.37, 8.49.
Spencer Tracy, Mickey Rooney in "MEN OF BOYS' TOWN."

SAVOY BOOK NOW FOR SUNDAY NIGHT.
Doors open 7.30. Show commences 8 o'c.
At 1.50, 4.5, 6.15, 8.30.
WENDY-Pygmalion-HILLER
in George Bernard Shaw's
"MAJOR BARBARA,"
WITH
REX HARRISON, EMLYN WILLIAMS.

ADELPHI At 2.32, 4.43, 6.54, 9.5.
SECOND WEEK OF
BING CROSBY, BOB HOPE, DOROTHY LAMOUR, in
"ROAD TO ZANZIBAR."
Funnier than "Road to Singapore."
Feature finishes at 4.3, 6.14, 8.25, 10.36
NOW BOOKING FOR SUNDAY.

ASTOR Continuous, 1.55-10.40 p.m.
THIRD GREAT WEEK.
The Greatest Thriller ever Produced on the Continent.
"THE TESTAMENT OF DOCTOR MABUSE"
("Das Testament des Doktor Mabuse")
Directed by Fritz Lang.
FIRST TIME TO EIRE.
Daily at 1.55, 4.5, 6.20, 8.35.

CARLTON Book Now for Sunday Night
Rip-Rollicking Cyclone of Laughter:
W. C. FIELDS-UNA MERKEL
in "BANK DETECTIVE."
Showing at 2, 4.25, 5.50, 9.20.
Also Richard Arlen and Andy Devine in "THE DEVIL'S PIPELINE."

CAPITOL TO-DAY at 3.6, 5.16, 7.26, 9.36.
BORIS KARLOFF in
"THE DEVIL COMMANDS."
Charles Starrett in "TWO ROADS."
Lunch in the Oak Lounge.

QUEEN'S JESTERS. With
Frank O'Donovan, Noel Purcell, Jimmy Harvey. NOTE TIMES OF SHOW:
2.30 5.40 8.15.
Prices 1/6, 1/4, 1/-, 8d. Box Seats 3/- ea.

PAVILION DUN LAOGHAIRE.
Con. 3.0 to 10.30 p.m.
JAMES STEWART, HEDY LEMARR, in
"COME LIVE WITH ME."
Showing at 4.0, 6.35 and 9.5 p.m.
TO-MORROW (SUNDAY),
WARNER BAXTER, LYNN BARI, in "EARTHBOUND."
Also RICHARD DIX in "DEVIL'S SQUADRON."
MONDAY,
Clark Gable, Spencer Tracy, Claudette Colbert, Hedy Lemarr, in "BOOM TOWN."

REGENT CINEMA,
BLACKROCK. — Judy Garland, in "STRIKE UP THE BAND."
SUNDAY: "GOLDEN FLEECING."
Also "YOU'RE NOT SO TOUGH."

CORINTHIAN.
To-morrow, 3.30 and 8.15. Book Now.
"JESSIE JAMES."
TYRONE POWER, NANCY KELLY, HENRY FONDA
CHAPTER 10 "JUNIOR G MEN."

ASTORIA DUN LAOGHAIRE
To-morrow (Sun.), BORIS KARLOFF in
"MAN THEY COULD NOT HANG."
Also Jones Family "ON THEIR OWN."
TO-DAY: PAUL MUNI in
"LIFE OF EMILE ZOLA."
Also "SWEEPSTAKES WINNER."

THEATRE DE LUXE.—To-morrow (Sunday), at 3.30 and 8 o'clock. Cesar Romero and Ricardo Cortez, "ROMANCE OF THE RIO GRANDE." Wm. Henry in "JENNIE." Book now for Sunday Night.

SEASIDE AND TOWN.
ROYAL HIBERNIAN HOTEL,
DUBLIN,
and
SALTHILL HOTEL,
MONKSTOWN, CO. DUBLIN.
Delightful Hotels. Renowned for Comfort. Meals Interchangeable.

JURY'S HOTEL & RESTAURANT COLLEGE GN., DUBLIN.
Luncheons, Dinners, Suppers.
Wedding Receptions : Cocktail Bar.
YOU SHOULD STAY AT JURY'S.

The EFFICACY of the Prescription depends on the ACCURACY of its Compounding. Therefore, send it to THE MODERN PHARMACY, 6 Merrion Row, Dublin. 'Phone 61496
S. A. ROSENTHAL, F.C.S., M.P.S.I.

FINEST LEMONS.
MEDIUM, 4/- DOZEN; 5/- POST PAID.
LARGE, 6/- " 7/- "
With Free Recipe for Marmalade.
SPLENDID JUICY ORANGES.
MEDIUM, 6/- DOZEN; 7/- POST PAID.
LARGE, 8/- " 9/- "
Large much best value.
APRICOT PULP.
12-6 TIN; 14/- CARR. PAID.
With Free Recipe for Jam.
KNOWLES
26/27 GRAFTON ST.,

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

An Roinn Puist agus Telegrafa.

Tugtar fógra leis seo, do réir forálacha na nAcht Telegrafa, go bhfuil ceapta ag an Aire Puist agus Telegrafa, cap cir do toil na gcúiteas go bhfuil saic bócan puibli a tuairiscean anro chor fé n-a scúpam uaidh, line Telegrafaiocta do cur ar cionn agus fan saic bócan puibli sin, agus cun na críoch sin polai do cur suar agus do cimeadh i ndeco ag an mbócan fan ro ins comacta a bponncan ain leis na h-Accanna Telegrafa san.

Le hOrdu an Aire Puist agus Telegrafa.
Ó "Sillogre House" go dti Cporaipe "Dubber" Fionnglar,
Co. Baile Aca Cliat.

B 4846. W.H.Co.

CONTRACTS.

DUBLIN BOARD OF ASSISTANCE.

TENDERS FOR SUNDRY PROVISIONS.

The Dublin Board of Assistance invites Tenders for the supply of Sundry Provisions, including Eggs, Butter, Oatmeal, Margarine and Bacon, as ordered, from the date of the acceptance of the Tender to the 31st October, 1941, or for such shorter period as Contractors may indicate.

Official Tender Forms, and all information required, may be had from the Resident Medical Superintendent at 1 James's Street, Dublin.

Tenders, enclosed in sealed envelopes endorsed "Tender for Sundry Provisions," are to be lodged with me here not later than 10.30 o'clock a.m. on Wednesday, 27th August, 1941, on which day they will be submitted to the Board for consideration.

Persons whose Tenders are accepted may be required to enter into a Bond for the due performance of the Contract.

The Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order,
JAMES E. S. CONDON,
Clerk of the Union.

Clerk's Office, Boardroom,
1 James's Street, Dublin,
15th August, 1941.

CORPORATION OF DUBLIN.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders are invited for the supply of 21,700 (Twenty-one thousand, seven hundred) Concrete Blocks. Copies of particulars, specification, etc., may be obtained in the A.R.P. Department, 5 Wellington Quay.

Tenders must be delivered not later than 12 noon on Saturday, 30th August, 1941.

JOHN P. KEANE,
Deputy City Manager and Town Clerk.

Dublin, 15th August, 1941.

The Irish Times

SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, 1941.

Community Kitchens

This morning appears the seventh article in our study of community kitchens, existing and to come; and by now, as we imagine, readers will have recognised that the study was made with a serious purpose in mind. At the least, it has been demonstrated that people can be fed by "community" methods far more cheaply than they could hope to feed themselves. Any housewife will bear witness that the number of "therms" of gas that are necessary to cook meals for a hundred people are very little more than the number of "therms" required to cook a meal for five: at the least favourable calculation, the proportion is nothing like twenty to one. She will bear witness also that food can be bought in bulk far more cheaply than it can be bought in small quantities. Even in normal times, these arguments are strongly in favour of community cooking; in time of acute distress, such as the coming winter is bound to be, they are overwhelming. Certain facts must be faced. The Government has made no secret of its knowledge that Ireland will be afflicted with a severe shortage of fuel during the approaching months. Coal will be virtually unobtainable, and, while strenuous efforts are being made to furnish the city with a sufficiency of turf, there is no potent reason to believe that adequate, or anything like adequate, supplies will be obtainable. The Gas Company and the Electricity Supply Board have issued warning after gloomy warning that, unless drastic economies are effected by the people themselves, recourse must be taken to rationing of the sternest order; and nobody can have the slightest doubt that such rationing will be in force before many months—if not many weeks—are out. Anything, in the circumstances, that tends to conserve fuel demands public encouragement, and may become a public necessity. Community feeding on a large scale would mean an enormous economy in fuel—on which account alone we are surprised that it has not been advocated more ardently by the Government and the local authorities.

In effect, we are confident that the alternative to community dinners, for thousands of Dubliners during this winter, will be no dinners at all. The odds are that fuel will be unavailable, and that foodstuffs, even if adequate, will be dearer, while, as unemployment increases, there will be less money with which to buy them. The Government already has given some recognition to the principle of community feeding; as Mr. Sean T. O'Kelly announced in Dail Eireann a fortnight ago, it has authorised the Corporation to go ahead with a plan for the creation of community kitchens for use in time of emergency. What precisely is meant by "time of emergency"? If our information is correct, the Corporation's kitchens—being a function of its A.R.P. department—are designed to operate only if and when bombs are dropped upon the city and the ordinary services are brought to a stand-still. That is not our conception of an "emergency." We believe that a state of emergency exists here and now—that the existing poverty and distress are sufficient to justify recourse to emergency measures, and, in particular, to community kitchens. The alleviation of distress—which, in essence, means the provision of cheap food—ought to be the first charge upon the energy and intelligence of every public-spirited person in this country. Let us make no mistake about it. Thousands of citizens of Dublin who were never hungry before will be hungry this winter, because they will neither have money to buy food nor fuel to cook it. The relief of their agony is the biggest single task that confronts this country—bigger even, in some respects, than the defence of the nation against attack from outside, inasmuch as the existence of a hungry and despairing populace will be the most deadly of all handicaps to successful defence. The problem is not being faced; the Government is apathetic, and the Corporation, as we fear, is dilatory. Only here and there, happily, throughout the city a few patriotic and clear-sighted people are trying in their comparatively small way to give a lead. These are the people whose efforts we are chronicling in our study of community kitchens, both as a mark of respect to them and as an inspiration to others.

We have an uneasy fear that, if the people of Ireland are to overcome the rigours of the approaching winter, it will be as a result of their own efforts, with little or no help from the Government. Perhaps, that is as it ought to be: Ireland has "left it to the Government" too long, with questionable effect upon the national character. If our study of community kitchens preaches any broad moral, it is that work of extreme value can be done by individuals and by small communities—for example, parishes. Every parish in Dublin ought to have its community kitchen for the relief and betterment of the very poor. It ought to look upon the establishment of the community kitchen not as a work of charity, but as a simple duty. The experience of several bodies which we have examined shows that the task can be accomplished, and that the people can be fed without recourse to public subscriptions of cash. There are dozens of halls in Dublin which could furnish premises for community kitchens; there are boilers by the hundred, pots and pans by the thousand, lying unused in the large Georgian houses, discarded relics of the days when living was on a more lavish scale. These are all that is needed to make a beginning. Supplies of food can be obtained by the voluntary cultivation of allotments, such as is being undertaken by An Oige and, possibly, other organisations. The chief necessity is labour—voluntary labour until the kitchens are under way and in a position to pay for assistance. Before our study is concluded, it may be that somebody will have found the approach towards a satisfactory system of co-operation between country and town—the Guild of Goodwill is looking for it—and we hope that all interested readers will exercise their brains towards its discovery. For the moment, however, we are content to plead that these community kitchens are not just a fad—a "newspaper racket"—but a dire necessity. The question is not whether they ought to be established: they must be established, or God only knows what hardship and horror the coming months will bring. Furthermore, they can be established. So much has been demonstrated already, and, as we hope, has been made clear to our readers during the past week.

Early Rising

Early rising is a virtue. It is the source of health, wealth and wisdom. Without it one cannot experience the delights that poets found in the cheerful dawn, the first twitterings of the awakening birds, and the freshness of the flowers that open to greet the morning sun. In fact, early rising is a very good thing—that is to say, it is a very good thing for other people. Youngsters who remain in bed long after their porridge has been placed upon the breakfast table, and then come down with half-washed faces, are a menace to domestic peace. It must have been they whom the moralist had in mind when he wrote sparkling copybook maxims about the general excellence of the matutinal hours. Even Omar Khayyam in his rousing call from slumber in the first verses of his *Rubaiyat* addresses himself principally to the urchins of the place. "Awake, my little ones, and fill the cup." The cup, presumably, was some eleventh-century equivalent of our morning tea that happened to be popular in Naishapur in his day. Loaded with trays of it, the "little ones" would stagger into the bedrooms of their adults. In the meantime, those who stood before the tavern and shouted "Open wide the door" while the cock was in the throes of his very first crow surely must have been revellers on their way home—the sort of people who nowadays would show an indifference to beds and last 'buses that left the city centre at 11 p.m. Like the children, the working-classes must have found it a delicious experience to rise with the lark, as the saying has it, or with the alarm-clock when the lark lay waiting for the sun, and to trudge to their mills, factories and shipyards in the dawn or the night, according to the time of the year, as they did up to about twenty-five years ago. Theirs was the royal road to physical fitness, unlimited cash and sparkling intelligence. The first sign that they were approaching any one of the three was when they refused to see sense in starting work at 6 o'clock on a winter's morning. Nowadays it is only the milk-man who rises early. Through the centuries there has been a gradual pushing of what should be the day half way into the night. During a substantial part of the year we rise long after the sun, and retire long after the sun. On the face of it, with electricity so precious, it is an unnatural and an uneconomic practice. The moralists who fought against the tendency to lie abed, even if they did offer ridiculous bribes, were a great deal wiser than the sluggards, who paid no heed to the good advice. The truth of the matter is that we are the slaves of clocks. Instead of getting up when the morning is light, we wait for a mechanical time-piece to tell us that it is time to rise. Instead of going to bed when the evening turns dark, or when we feel tired, we consider it a pity to retire before the clock says that now is bed-time. The Daylight Saving Act is a step towards sanity, but a very, very small step.

Hey Koohs Taht!

According to a recent report in the British newspapers, some illegal traffickers in petrol coupons were interrupted in the course of their activities by a police raid, and the warning was given by the use of "back-slang"—that is to say, the sort of code in which the significant words are spoken backwards in order to put listeners "off the scent." In this case the presence of the police was announced by a reference to the word "ecilop." According to many writers of crime books, this type of patter is in general usage among the denizens of the underworld, but—we wonder. It must be an extremely difficult code to use on the spur of the moment, unless there is some easy way of reversing the word, and it must be almost incredibly hard for the recipient of the message to decode it on the spur of the moment. Indeed, most people, in order either to translate a message into back-slang, or to change it from back-slang to normal English, would have to write the words down on a piece of paper and study them for a few moments. Of course, the conspirators could limit their vocabulary to a few words like "ecilop" and use them repeatedly, but, unless the code could be used for any new words, it has no particular advantage; one could just as easily agree to call the police "seagulls" or something else equally unlikely. The whole affair is rather reminiscent of Cockney rhyming slang, which is probably a great deal more popular on the stage, the screen and in books than in actual fact. No doubt, every Cockney knows what a man is talking about when he refers to his "trouble and strife" or his "pot and pan," and the fact that the word "elephants"—which is nothing more than rhyming slang for "drunk," with the last element omitted—is in general usage shows that rhyming slang has made its mark on the language. Nevertheless, one has to be born to this kind of thing. It is extremely unlikely that anybody would understand what was meant if one referred to the "*blitzkrieg*" as "half a league" or to "Eire" as "My Aunt Clara." Generally speaking, complete slang is impractical; in most cases a few sayings from each type of slang become popular, and remain as part of the language—as, for example, the meaningless "O.K." and its dozens of alternatives, as well as the more recent and equally meaningless "That shook yeh!" It is more than possible that such expressions as "elephants" and "O.K." will remain part of the language long after their origin has been forgotten, and that in a few years people will be using the term "elephants" as unconsciously as they now use the word "merry."

COURT AND PERSONAL

The King, at Buckingham Palace, yesterday received in audience Mr. Peter Fraser, Prime Minister of New Zealand. His Majesty also held a Privy Council, at which Mr. Tom Williams was sworn in as a Privy Councillor. Sir John Anderson, Lord Leathers, Lord Cranborne and Sir Alexander Hardinge attended the Council.

The Duchess of Kent this week inspected units of the Women's Royal Naval Service on the east coast of Great Britain.

Princess Beatrice was represented by Dr. C. Gordon Moore at the Funeral Service for Sir Alfred Rice-Oxley, which was held this week at St. Mary Abbots, Kensington.

Captain Lord Petre (the Essex Regiment) has become engaged to Miss Marguerite Wentworth Hamilton.

Lady Louis Mountbatten is expected to leave England shortly for America, where she will make a tour, lasting about six weeks, thanking the thousands who have sent help to the Red Cross and St. John War Organisations.

The Hon. Lady Campbell is in residence at Commonwealth Lodge, Chipperfield, Hertfordshire.

The Earl and the Countess of Meath are in residence at Kilruddery, Bray, Co. Wicklow.

The First Secretary of the Chilean Embassy in London, Señor Alfonso Somavia, with Señora Julia Altamirano de Somavia and their family, have arrived by air from England to spend a holiday in Dublin as the guests of the Chilean Consul.

Mr. Alfred Cowan has left 19 Harcourt street until August 26th.

The engagement is announced between John White, M.R.C.V.S., second son of Mr. and Mrs. John White, Liffey Bank, Dublin, and Olive, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Byrne, St. Catherine's, North Circular road, Dublin.

The marriage arranged between Dr. John F. Owens, L.D.S., Ardeevin, 43 Upper Drumcondra, and Miss Sheila M. Manning, Greenmount House, Terenure, will take place on September 8th.

The marriage arranged between Frederick W., eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Nowlan, of "Clareville," Finglas road, and Maureen, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Egan, of Baggotrath House, Sandymount, will take place on September 16th.

Doctor Leo Lynch has returned to 62 Merrion square.

Doctor McKee has left 12 Dalymount until the 2nd September.

Dr. Mary Connolly has left 67 Fitzwilliam square until September 10th.

Mr. Kevin Keenan, L.D.S.I., has left Mountpleasant, Sandycove, until 1st September.

T. O'S. Counihan, D.C., has returned to 23 Westland row.

Mr. A. J. Plunkett, L.D.S.I., has changed his address to 149 Lower Baggot street.

Mr. Seton Pringle has left 7 Fitzwilliam place until 15th September.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGE.

The marriage arranged between Tom, second son of the late Robert Patrick Flynn and Mrs. Catherine Flynn, Rocklands, Tramore, and Elizabeth (Bessie), only daughter of Mrs. Kathlyn Keller, Otteran place, Waterford, will take place on 10th September.

"Caprice" Fashion Figure Foundations are obtainable at Switzers, Grafton street. Though they are amazingly dainty, these beautiful garments—Step-ins, Panties, Corselettes, Brassieres—possess unbelievable strength and elasticity.

Ladies! A treat in store for you. Purchase a 1/9 bottle of Solwaye Frères latest Creation—"Liquid Cream Make-up," which gives to the face, neck and arms that lovely matt appearance so much desired. Available in four alluring shades: Naturelle, Rachel, Dark Rachel and Brunette. From all chemists, beauty shops and stores.

Fashionable Spectacles at Moderate Prices. Pollock and Co., Ltd., 50 Grafton street.

Leaders of Fashion in all Spectacle Wear. Dixon and Hempenstall, Grafton street.

Stephens and Bourke stock Church's Shoes at 26 Stephen's Green.

"Our Boys," the noted House for Boys' School Outfits. We are exclusively in this business, and carry an immense stock of High-grade Goods at very keen prices.—24 Wicklow street.

For good taste in decoration see C. Jones and Sons, Ltd., 114 St. Stephen's Green. 'Phone 51359.

The Mansfield Sisters' new Autumn range is now on show. Attractive numbers in Tweed Suits, Coats, Camel Hair Coats, Sports Wear and Millinery.—28 Wicklow street.

Maguire and Gatchell are displaying Table Glass of Fashion and Exquisite China, most acceptable and useful Presents, at 10 Dawson street, Dublin.

To Ladies.—Medical Appliances, Belts, etc. Artificial Silk Elastic Stockings, which defy detection, or Lastex and Lastestar Stockings, which need no covering hose and wash well. Lady attendants.—Pannin and Co., Ltd., 41 Grafton St.

Sharpley's, Specialists, Baby Linen, Nursery Accouchement Sets. Price List—2 Nassau St., Dublin.

IN THE DUBLIN THEATRES

NEW PLAY AT THE ABBEY

A new author will be introduced to Abbey Theatre audiences on Monday night, when Bernard McGinn's play, "Remembered For Ever," will be given its first production. The plot deals with the story of an I.R.A. leader, believed to be dead, who returns to his home town on the day when a memorial to him is being unveiled. His attitude towards the townspeople and their reactions to his unexpected and rather unwelcome homecoming give scope for fine drama and good characterisation.

Owing to restricted 'bus services, the doors will open at 7.30, and the performance will commence sharp at 8 p.m.

AT OTHER THEATRES

Gate Theatre—Third week of "Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme."
Theatre Royal—Hullabaloo, No. 6.
Olympia—"Legs and Laughter."
Gaiety—Jimmy O'Dea in "So What?"

STRAFFAN HORSE SHOW AND FETE

A successful sports, gymkhana, horse show and fête was held yesterday at Straffan Demesne, by permission of Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Barton, in aid of the Army Comforts Fund and first-aid equipment for the district nurse. The attendance numbered several hundred, and the variety of attractions included flower and fancy dog shows. An attractive programme of music was rendered by the Maynooth Brass Band. The evening ended with a dance.

The attendance included:—Sir Francis Brooke and Lady Brooke, Miss R. Brooke, Lady Carew, Major E. M. Connolly, Miss K. Clements, Mr. and Mrs. E. Fraser, the Misses Turbett, Mr. and Mrs. K. Donaldson, Mrs. A. Phipps, Mr. B. Phipps, Mrs. Sadler, Miss H. O'Connor, Mr. B. Odlum, Mrs. F. B. Barton, Master C. Barton, Master A. Barton, and the Misses O'Kelly.

MR. HORE-BELISHA'S VISIT

Mr Hore-Belisha called on Mr. de Valera yesterday afternoon, but, beyond saying that he had had a very pleasant and interesting conversation with him, he made no statement to Pressmen on the subject.

In the earlier part of the day he toured the city with Mr. John Betjeman, Press Officer, Office of the British Representative in Eire; Colonel Arthur Evans, M.P., and Mr. "Dick" Stokes, M.P. At lunch with Mr. Betjeman the party was joined by Sir John Maffey.

Mr. Hore-Belisha left early this morning for Killarney, where he will stay for ten days with Lord Castlerosse.

THE SUN.

	To-day.	To-morrow.
Rises	6.5	6.7
Sets	8.52	8.50
Lighting-up Time	9.52	9.50

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN.

Morning	6.58	8.7
Evening	7.34	8.40

LONDON LETTER

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON.
FRIDAY NIGHT.

THE joint declaration of what really are peace aims by the United States and Britain has had a warm welcome here, as in America, and is regarded as emphasising the fact that the United States will take part in the necessary discussions when the time comes to make peace. In some quarters it is thought that the declaration foreshadows a new and stronger League of Nations, furnished with powers to control armaments throughout the world, and that the United States would be represented on such a body. It is generally pointed out, however, that the discussions between Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt must have covered a very much wider range than anything yet disclosed, and that important repercussions are not unlikely. As for the declaration, the idea is that, while there is more in it than in President Wilson's fourteen-point declaration, it is more practicable, and avoids the danger of meticulous definitions and suggestions of readjustments, with full recognition of the right of self-determination.

Mr. Churchill Delighted

While the secret of Mr. Churchill's visit to President Roosevelt was religiously kept here, the news was known in the United States and on the Continent almost as soon as the Prime Minister and the President met. This was due, in this country, to the strong censorship; but there is no such thing in America, and, while some of the newspapers maintained silence, others revealed the situation by suggestion and inference. The visit follows upon a meeting of the Allied countries held at St. James's Palace not long ago, when a statement was issued, signed by the representatives of all the Allied countries, and it is expected that there will be another such meeting shortly after Mr. Churchill resumes duty. It is said in official circles that Mr. Churchill personally is delighted with the success of his mission and that he will broadcast to the people of the Empire as soon as possible on his return.

Use of Loud-speakers

The success of Mr. Attlee's broadcast yesterday is regarded as so great that it is probable, when the opportunity arises, the experiment will be repeated. In this connection there is one point worth consideration. Everybody who could get near a radio listened, but there were many thousands which could not do so, and it might be considered whether the loud-speakers installed in many places could not be employed when the matter is of national importance. The crowds round the wireless shops yesterday gives point to this suggestion, since they revealed the great desire of the public to learn what was taking place. In many places appeals of different kinds are made over local loud-speakers, and it would be easy to issue Government statements in the same manner.

More Pay for Panel Doctors

By an award of the Ministry of Health, panel doctors in Britain are to receive an advance of 9d. a head, making the total 9s. 9d. for each patient under the National Health Insurance scheme, and, in order that the medical services shall work smoothly during war-time, the increase is being accepted. A higher rate had been expected, and a minimum of a level 10s. a head had been looked for. However, no objection will be raised during the continuance of war-time conditions, which have added greatly to the work of doctors with large panels in areas which have been raided. In due course application will be made for the fixing of a higher rate, more in keeping with the general increase in prices of all services since the war started.

Plans for Feeding Britain

Lord Woolton's plans for feeding Britain in an emergency were made known to day, and they include one hundred independent food areas, big cooking depôts outside towns, and a body of 2,500 people to superintend food supplies to isolated places. Protection of food from gas is another object. These emergency arrangements are to be complete by September 1st. The country has been divided into nineteen areas, each under a divisional food officer, and emergency supplies of food have been stored. The work has been carried out under the management of the military authorities, who have decided how much food will be needed in the various districts. The opening of more communal restaurants is called for to meet the needs of any possible contingency. There are now 800 of these restaurants, but many more are wanted, and about 600 are under way.

British Exhibits at Smyrna

When the famous Fair at Smyrna is opened later in the month there will be a British pavilion, complete with a cinematograph theatre. News film showing the British war effort will be shown, and educational and topical films will be interspersed with those of a lighter character, including George Formby in "Let George Do It," which will be given in the Turkish language. In addition to the films there will be industrial exhibits and photographs illustrating life in Britain and the Dominions, and of British achievements in industry, the social services, live-stock breeding, education and war-time organisation.

AN IRISHMAN'S DIARY

R.M.S.s Retire

The resignation has just been made public of Dr. Alexis FitzGerald from his post as Resident Medical Superintendent of the Waterford Mental Hospital after forty years' service in this institution. Some time ago his brother, Dr. James FitzGerald, announced his decision to retire from the corresponding position at the Clonmel Mental Hospital, and he will, I understand, take up the secretaryship of the Irish Medical Union when free to do so in October.

Dr. Alexis FitzGerald, who is a member of a well-known Co. Kilkenny family, and third son of the late Mr. Oliver FitzGerald, of Ballintaggart, was educated at Clongowes Wood College, and graduated in medicine in 1899 after five years in the old Cecilia street medical school and the Mater Hospital. In the following year he went to the Waterford Mental Hospital as assistant medical officer, and became R.M.S. in 1917 in succession to Dr. Oakeshott.

Dr. FitzGerald married in 1910 Miss Lily O'Halloran, daughter of the late Mr. P. F. O'Halloran, of a family which then and now farm extensively in Co. Clare. He has five sons—three doctors, a solicitor and a Jesuit novice—and a daughter.

Dr. James FitzGerald

The retiring R.M.S. of Clonmel Mental Hospital was educated at Mungret College, and graduated in medicine from Cecilia street and the Mater Hospital in 1902. After practising for some years in London and Tinahely, he went to Clonmel in 1907, and was appointed Resident Medical Superintendent in 1929.

His wife was before her marriage Miss Ursula Kehoe, of Blanchfield Park, Co. Carlow.

Like his elder brother, Dr. FitzGerald is a keen gardener and bridge-player, and, no doubt, looks forward to greater leisure in his retirement to pursue these pleasant pastimes.

Parachutes

In a Dublin weekly of the year 1838 I read the following paragraph, which, having been published fifty-three years ago, surprised me a good deal:—

"Miniature parachutes are now seen frequently falling in various parts of Dublin," the writer says, "these being the work of a number of ingenious youths of a mechanical turn of mind. We saw one the other day loosed from the roof of a high house in the northern suburbs, and certainly its descent was as graceful as could be desired.

"The parachute was made of thin silk, and from it depended the usual number of cords. Attached was a brick of requisite weight, and immediately on its being thrown off the roof the parachute opened beautifully, gliding gracefully to the ground. Probably these experiments will be tried with fugitive cats attached to the parachute inventions!"

Parachutes have been in the news for some time, but the loads they now carry are a good deal more troublesome than bricks or stray cats.

A Great Cricketer

Robert Peel, who has died in Yorkshire at the age of 84, was, perhaps, the greatest of the

BOOKS OF THE WEEK

Sanctified Commonsense

The Memoirs of an Army Chaplain

Fighting Padre: Memoirs of an Army Chaplain. By the Rev. J. L. Findlay, D.S.O. Skeffington. 5/- net.

THIS autobiography of an Army chaplain is "slightly" written, but the reader is aware of qualities more valuable than literary skill—spiritual honesty of purpose, humour, and (last, but most important) the gift which used to be known a few years ago as "sanctified commonsense."

The author offered himself as a Church of England temporary chaplain during the Boer War; but his work proved to be of permanent character, and he was retired at the age limit only, with seven medals, having seen the first Great War through, and learnt much about the exigencies of a chaplain's life in peace-time as well.

Mr. Findlay remarks that he has often reflected on the difference between the lot of an Army chaplain and a parish clergyman. "In some respects the path of the Army chaplain is plain and easy; it lies straight before him from day to day, free from many difficulties that beset his brother of fixed abode."

Special Qualities

But special qualities are called for, and while—on the surface of things—the muscular type of Christianity would appear a necessity in this special cure of souls, the author tells a story of one of his experiences as Senior Chaplain in Salonika which speaks for itself in regard to the recognition of sincerity. A subordinate, under contract for twelve months only, came out. With misgivings, the author posted him to a hospital.

> "I thought I had never seen so strange a bird in my life . . . . and apparently he had never seen a cricket or football match. . . . The O.C. and matron told me he was the most beautiful character they had ever met . . . men begged him to stay and pray longer at their bedsides. When he passed through the danger ward their faces lit up in recognition of their friend. I would have renewed his contract, but he was pledged at home."

As an example of "sanctified common-sense," one might instance the advice given to recruits—fine advice, by which any army would profit.

Religion in the Army

There are some interesting and heartening facts in Chapter 19 under the heading "Religion in the Army." As to the gift of humour we have mentioned, the narrative abounds in it, and there are at least two good stories, both new to this reviewer and both about lions!

Mr. Findlay, himself a Scotsman, saw service in Ireland—at the Curragh, at Arbour Hill, and finally at Ballykinlar. One of his happiest and most gratifying passages deals with the harmony which he has found to exist between the Army chaplains of the various denominations, co-operating in a spirit which is Christian in the widest sense.

The Social Origin of Dictatorship

Solon to Hitler

Dictators. By J. D. Chambers. London: Nelson. 4/- net.

IN "Dictators," Mr. Chambers has made a comprehensive study of dictators, past and present. He has not confined himself to a history, which would have been quite interesting in itself, but has gone a step further in revealing the reasons for their accession to power. He maintains that it was not by chance that such men as Cæsar and Solon snatched the reins of power, but because of the social, economic and political situations of their day.

Starting with Solon, Cæsar and Cromwell, who have already been dealt with exhaustively by historians, the author isolates certain factors common to each situation. On reaching the modern period he shows that one or more of these factors has been responsible for the inauguration of modern dictatorial Governments.

In the swiftly moving picture of the past the author introduces many hitherto obscure facts which will not be found in history books, thus giving life and colour to his subject. His vivid description of life in ancient Attica is a striking example of this.

British Foreign Policy

From Solon and Cæsar the theme then swings lightly to the involved affairs of to-day, but he cleverly unravels the knots, and presents us with a clear picture of the causes of the present situation.

The end of the book deals with the problem of British foreign policy towards the new European orientation. The author has added a postscript on the present European conflict and the Anglo-American policy in the event of an Axis defeat. Instead of four great armies and four divergent opinions, as was the case in the pre-war world, there will only be one; the Anglo-American, which will dictate its wishes to the world, writes Mr. Chambers.

The style is flowing and interesting, the handling and planning clever, so that the author never touches dull waters. The book is well planned and well written, and, to a student of the present world situation and its causes, it is invaluable. Neither too technical nor too involved, it is, as its author claims, an introduction to the social origins of dictatorship.

A New Anthology

A New Anthology of Modern Verse, 1920-1940. Chosen by C. Day Lewis and L. A. G. Strong. London: Methuen. 6/- net.

THIS book has been prepared as a sort of post-script to the Anthology of Modern Verse selected by Sir Algernon Methuen twenty years ago, and it attempts to fill in that gap of twenty years.

Both Mr. C. Day Lewis and Mr. L. A. G. Strong have edited anthologies before, but this is the first time that they have ever worked in collaboration, and it stands to reason that each one of them should atone for the other's failings.

On the whole, this is a most entertaining selection, the sort of thing that everybody interested in modern poetry should have by his bedside. It includes all the modern poets of note, and there is a most interesting introduction in the form of a controversy between the two compilers on the subject of modern verse.

A worthy successor to the Anthology of Modern Verse, this book could quite easily stand on its own feet as an up-to-date anthology of modern verse.

The Effect of the War on Britain

Encouraging and Salutary

To Happier Days. By W. J. Blyton. London: John Murray. 8/6 net.

GALLANT is an adjective not very applicable to literature; yet there is none other which represents better the atmosphere and tone of this book. At a period when his people are undergoing a strain and stress unparalleled in their whole history, Mr. Blyton sums up all the pros and cons of the war so far, and finds that the hammer blows of adversity have had a most salutary and encouraging effect upon the British people.

He says in one place:—

> "What other nation can show such vigorous, cordial and multiform co-operation for ends which relate to the common good? Go where you will, from Penzance to Wick, you can scarce find a man, or nowadays a woman, who does not belong to some association for helpfulness, study, sport, art, municipal or national causes, and who may not be seen in his or her leisure doing something with a public significance in it."

From personal reminiscences, interviews, conversations and contacts with the many, the great, the erudite and ordinary persons he has drawn conclusions and built thereon his fascinating theories and hopes for that future England which is to arise—an England that will have its roots deep in a sound Christian culture, and which will have "returned to the soil" in the best and happiest sense.

He writes:—

> "To be healthy and stable, progressive and happy, the State and all mankind have to acknowledge (as the personal unit has) something anterior and superior to themselves. As the super-man is only a sub-man, so the super-State is a bestial prison. That is what we are fighting."

He examines the English past, its rich heritage of literature, its culture and the many aspects of its life, and decides they have much to rebuild upon. With its reasoned optimism, healthy outlook and sanity, this is very much a book for the harassed person, be he British or otherwise, these strenuous times.

The Land and the Nation

Programme for Agriculture. Edited by Brian Vesey Fitzgerald. Messrs. Michael Joseph, Ltd. 10/6.

THE present British Minister of Agriculture writes the foreword to this book; a former Minister of Agriculture contributes the principal article; half a dozen well-known farmers, scientists and writers say what they think should be done to further agriculture in England.

As in Ireland, the people are leaving the land, the farms are neglected, the wealth of the farmers is decreasing, recurrent periods of depression is driving away capital, and at the same time the life of the nation depends more and more upon home-produced food. None of the writers visualises an England of peasant proprietors tilling their own farms, living mainly on food grown by themselves, and earning such material and spiritual rewards that they will be content to see their children continue in the same mode of life.

The Common Heritage

There remains then the land, not as the hereditary right of certain families, but as the common heritage of all the people, which must be farmed so as to provide the maximum amount of food at the least expense. Farming becomes, like the Army or Post Office, a business on which the people spend so much money and expect certain services in return.

To bring this new service into existence Lord Addison suggests public ownership of the land, with all that this connotes in the way of administrative bodies, grants, regulations, apportionments, control, and a host of others. Mr. A. G. Street warmly declares that the "only possible landlord of the countryside is the nation," and the majority of other writers agree with the editor that, while the present system of land tenure in England is not a bad system, it is out of date.

All of the writers are agreed that access to capital, security of returns, better marketing are essential if English farming is to survive even its present attenuated condition; but the book, though interesting and stimulating, is not a programme for agriculture.

A Woodcut from "With Love and Irony," Lin Yutang's Latest Book.

EVERYBODY'S DOING IT

HOW TO WRITE A PLAY

MAINLY FOR BEGINNERS

THERE is no doubt about it, the play's the thing in Dublin at the present moment. While one group of enthusiasts is attacking everybody right, left and centre on the subject of a dramatic revival, another group is listening with bated breath and whispered humbleness while Mr. Lennox Robinson tells it how to write a play.

If we are not careful Dublin will soon become like the popular conception of Ancient Greece; dozens of learned people drooling about the place talking art and philosophy, or attending the theatre when they should be at home, weeding their cabbages or feeding their offspring.

The only difference is that in Greece people could afford to behave in that idiotic fashion, because they had slaves to do all the work for them; here the work just would be left undone, with the ultimate and regrettable result that the country would creep into a state of æsthetic but chronic paralysis.

• • •

The Harp That Once

In any case, all this talk about art and dramatic revivals, etc., is just so much sheer nonsense at the present time; Kathleen Ni Houlihan is sitting on a pile of machine-won turf fiddling with her one-stringed harp while Rome is burning under her very feet.

If the people of this city must go to lectures—and it seems that they must talk or be talked at—then they should go and hear how to encourage fires caused by emergency coal and discourage fires caused by anything else, instead of wasting their time listening to a lot of sound, but, in the circumstances, worthless, advice on the art of playwriting, which, as Mr. Lennox Robinson very wisely pointed out, most of them think they know already.

To become a clergyman, or a dentist, or a school teacher, one must spend so many years in training, and at the end of that time obtain some qualification. To become a playwright—a job which requires as much intelligence and twice as much technical knowledge as the other jobs put together—one needs, according to the general idea, only paper, a pencil and a little time.

• • •

Helpful Hints

Well, that is their story, and if Mr. Lennox Robinson, who knows just how easy it is to write a play, does not see fit to try to discourage them, I do not see why anybody else should. And, by the same token, I do not see why I, too, should not embark on a few hints for would-be playwrights; they might even come in useful if I ever decided to write a play myself.

First of all, provide yourself with two sheets of paper, one clean and one dirty. The clean piece of paper is for writing the play on, and the dirty piece of paper is for tearing up, whenever you feel the urge. (It is obvious that if you continue to tear up your actual manuscript every time you feel like that, you will never get it finished, and while that might be a good thing for the theatre, it would be a bad thing for you; therefore, do not forget the second piece of paper.)

Secondly, you must provide yourself with at least four pens. The first pen invariably gets lost. The second pen you should reserve for biting in the heat of the moment while you are engaged in rapt contemplation of some knotty problem. (This pen should be chosen with special care; I always found cedar wood particularly palatable, especially if painted with a high gloss green enamel.) The third pen is used more or less like the second sheet of paper, upon which to vent your enraged feelings from time to time, and the last pen is, of course, used for writing the play.

• • •

A Good Beginning

Having obtained ink and blotter, you begin to write. It does not much matter what you write at first, partly because you will almost certainly begin again several times, and partly because none of the more opulent members of the audience—and that is looking ahead a little—will arrive in time to see more than ten minutes of the first act.

When you have reached the end of the first act, still without any particular plans in view, you must pause. Then, starting at the end of the first act, you count back, B.C. fashion, until you arrive at ten minutes' playing time before the curtain is due to fall. There the play begins in earnest.

From now on you must occasionally introduce a character who will appear again at a later stage, and it is as well to have some sort of a story, so that the critics will be able to say: "The plot is slight, and by no means original, but . . ." That, however, should prove no difficulty; you can adapt from the latest issue of *The Bell* or from a leading article in the *Irish Times* or anything like that.

• • •

Stars on Draught

Of course, you will want one or two star characters, but they should present no difficulty either. All you have got to do is to think of somebody like Leslie Howard or Micheál MacLiammóir, write a part that you think would suit him down to the ground, and there you are! It is a help, by the way, if you can introduce a scene in which the hero has to wear a dressing-gown; most modern actors can act a great deal better in a dressing-gown than in any other sartorial state.

You must have some laughs in your play, too; but, if you look back through a few Shaw or Wilde comedies, rearrange the phrasing of a couple of cracks, or bring them up to date with references to the present state of affairs, you cannot go very far wrong.

Entrances and exits are most important. Always see that your male and female leads enter by themselves from a central door that can be suitably spotlit, and that their entrances are suitably prefaced by a commentary from some other member of the cast.

• • •

Go To It!

Too many changes of scene are bad; for they tend to take the attention of the audience off the play and on to the settings. If you keep to the old tradition of one scene all through, then, when the audience has counted all the panels in the doors, the flowers on the walls, and the squares on the carpet, they might possibly watch the play for a while.

I think that is about all. If you can work in the line "Tom—or Harry or Harriet or what you will—has told me everything," all the better; it seems to figure largely in all the more popular plays. And, by the way, there is the little matter of the title. Most titles are found by Act of God, as it were. That is to say, you open your *Irish Times*—or your *Sunday Dispatch* if you happen to be that sort of person—shut your eyes, place your pencil down firmly somewhere or other, and there is your title, ready made, and the slighter the reference to the matter in hand, the better.

Now there you have it, playwrights of Eire; go ahead and write your masterpieces. Sometime I shall write another article telling you what to do with them when you have them finished.

G. H. G.

A Chapter of Autobiography

John Masefield's Early Days

In the Mill. By John Masefield. London: Heinemann. 7/6 net.

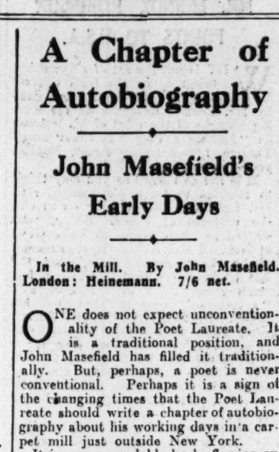
ONE does not expect unconventionality of the Poet Laureate. It is a traditional position, and John Masefield has filled it traditionally. But, perhaps, a poet is never conventional. Perhaps it is a sign of the changing times that the Poet Laureate should write a chapter of autobiography about his working days in a carpet mill just outside New York.

It is a very readable book, flowing on from page One to the end, without a chapter or stop anywhere; and though Masefield's extraordinary humility as a working-man is thoroughly irritating in the beginning of the book, gradually he begins to show himself, and one conceives an affection for him; until, in the end, when he writes a good many rousing, hard-hitting pages about the economic system, or lack of it, which necessitated the occasional closing down of the mill, its consequent disaster, and continual feeling of insecurity, to thousands of workers putting their lives at its mercy, one yells "three cheers."

A Humanist

Mr. Masefield's approach is not dialetically materialist, nor orthodox Marxist. He is a humanist, who sees wrong where it is, and attacks it for what it is, in his own individual way; and quite fearlessly. Coronation odes have not quenched the spirit which can write: "I knew then that life is very brief, and that the use of life is to discover the law of one's being, and to follow that law, at whatever cost, to the utmost."

Mr. Masefield was fortunate enough to discover the law of his being, but



John Masefield.

there was little law for the other millhands to find in their lives, and he pulls to pieces the phrase the newspapers love to use so often about our governments and bureaucracies: the ship of State.

A ship knows where she is going; she fits out for it, trims her sails or takes on sufficient fuel for the voyage, sufficient food for everyone on board. Where is the ship of State going? How can she fit herself out for some unknown port? Why do half her passengers hunger?

Bringing 'em Back Alive

Frank Buck's Travels in the Jungle

Animals Are Like That. By Frank Buck. London: Robert Hale. 12/6 net.

THE book is a record of how the author travelled deep into the jungle and wilderness populated only by creatures completely unfamiliar with man, which animals he intended to capture. In this way he learned much about wild animals and their habits and accomplished early ambitions.

It was knowledge which came the hard way, but Mr. Buck can claim to have captured the first man-eating tiger ever taken alive. He bagged the biggest king cobra ever taken into captivity, struggling not only with the venomous snake, but to overcome the will of the natives who wanted to kill it.

The Spice of Life

Without doing them bodily harm, Mr. Buck has captured an almost endless variety of creatures from the largest elephant to the mouse deer, smallest of all ruminants only eight inches in height, with pencil-thin legs and hooves smaller than sixpences.

He also has captured apes, including an orang-utang measuring nine and a half feet from fingertip to fingertip, down to the smallest of monkeys, and has caged snakes no bigger than one's own finger to pythons which, with merely a few constrictions of their enormous bodies, can kill men and strong beasts.

Here, then, is endless adventure, conquering and living in close quarters with the wild by a fearless adventurer and student of nature, who has circumnavigated the globe over and over again, and has had hand-to-hand encounters with scores of animals of jungle and plain.

Irish Historical Studies

Irish Historical Studies. Vol. II. No. 7. March, 1941. Dublin: Hodges, Figgis and Co. 5/6.

IN these days when men's minds are turned so much to war and the military and political problems arising out of, or leading to, war, it it neither surprising nor unnatural that an Irish war should be the subject of one of the most important papers in the current number of "Irish Historical Studies." No less than the historian and the military student, the serving Irish officer of to-day will profit from a reading of this article, "Strategy and Tactics in Irish Warfare, 1593-1601," by Dr. G. A. Hayes-McCoy. Like most authorities, Dr. Hayes-McCoy recognises the major importance of the Battle of Kinsale. But he indicates the value of this paper of his when he remarks that this war "was a struggle which merits more attention than it has received from the general military historian, and a study of it will disclose points of wide interest than may at first be apparent.

The other main contributions are:—"The Early Interpretation of Poynings' Law, 1494-1534," by Dr. David B. Quinn; "The Government and the Church of Ireland Under William III. and Anne," by J. C. Beckett, and "Writings on Irish History, 1939." Among the book notices the critical review of Part 3 of Dr. R. A. Stewart Macalister's edition of "Lebor Gabála Erenn,' by the late Rev. Paul Walsh, must be one of the last things written by a scholar whose death is a great loss to the body of Irish historians.

Here are some new romances from Hutchinson:

DENISE ROBINS's

brilliant novel

If This Be Destiny

The famous author of *Winged Love*, etc., gives us a fine story of a one-time "glamour girl's" courage and love in war. A novel that will appeal to this popular author's wide circle of readers. 8/6

The Author of "Dawn of Romance"

DOROTHY B. UPSON'S

LOVE FOR A SOLDIER

This enchanting romance of to-day is more than a story full of colour and romance, it is about real people and will long be remembered as a discerning chronicle of our times. 8/6

By the Author of "The Star Spangled House"

LEWIS COX's

WHERE THE FIELDS ARE WARM

Full of topical interest and with brilliant characterisation, this is a novel that everyone will enjoy reading and will not want to put down until it is finished. 8/6

LOOK OUT FOR

DENNIS WHEATLEY'S

great new novel

THE SWORD OF FATE

Coming Shortly

"This is a love story with a kick in it" 9/6

HUTCHINSON
THE LARGEST BOOK PUBLISHERS IN THE WORLD

New Novels

The White Lady. By Elisabeth Kyle. Peter Davies. 8/- net.

THERE are so many patient optimists seeking it would seem vainly—for a "good story" that to find a book which fills this bill while satisfying the critical intelligence is a bracing experience for any reviewer. If Miss Kyle's other books are anything like this—which is in the best traditions of objective narration—then they are good, indeed.

The author has transposed the legend of Elizabeth (or Erzebet) Bathory from Slovakia to Poland, and has deliberately refrained from reading Maurice Jokai's book, "The White Lady." An admitted liberty is taken with history regarding the death of Hermani, the Jew, "the evil genius of Poland"—the scene of his violent end being altered in the interests of drama.

Construction is interesting, and follows—by a strange accident—the lines of a certain play, privately presented to a special audience in Dublin a few months ago.

A very old lady, of whom little is known, dies—but in London, not Dublin—in a neighbourhood which had deteriorated socially. After her death certain of her possessions suggest—to one mind at least—that she has known a wider and more dangerous life. Then there is a flash-back to the girlhood of Miss Latimer in the 1860's, when her father took the daring step of going to Vienna—for a start!—to investigate the non-arrival of a consignment of grain. He took with him his plain daughter and beautiful niece. The latter has the ill-fortune to resemble the handsome and evil Erzebet, who is here given a different name—and the story moves with a vengeance.

There are numerous sidelights on peasant customs, as well as quasi-historical flashes back. In a most enjoyable tale one anachronism only is noticeable. Would the term "pathological case" have been used in 1863 to describe a woman of insane cruelty even by a Viennese?

Marriage on Approval. By Sonia Deane. Hutchinson. 8/3 net.

This is a light, rather sophisticated novel, about an experimental marriage. Although it is called "marriage" on approval, the young man in the case had no intention of marrying the young lady at any time; by the modern method of doing things he could have all the advantages of the state of matrimony without any of its attendant disadvantages—which was all very well until the young lady in question discovered his game.

By this time she had fallen in love with his aloof and old-world brother, who did not approve of marriages on approval, and took steps to marry her in the more conventional way.

Not very deep, but quite amusing.

They Went On Together. By Robert Nathan. Heinemann. 6/- net.

This is a beautifully written, up-to-the-moment novel, telling of the adventures of a family of refugees fleeing before the advance of the enemy.

Robert Nathan treats the matter in a purely abstract way, and nowhere does he mention the name of the countries concerned; but the people are indubitably American.

The actual story is mainly concerned with Paul, a little boy, who is helping his mother to get out of the danger area, and a large part of the book takes the form of his thoughts. With him, besides his mother, travel Marie Rose, his little sister, and a little girl called Sylvia, whom they picked up on the way.

In a quiet sort of way, this is a beautiful and tragic book.

Shadows on a Wall. By Helen Beauclerk. Gollancz. 8/-.

It must be over a decade since Miss Beauclerk caused a literary sensation with her first book, "The Green Lacquer Pavilion"—a precious but most engaging *tour de force* of the *genre* now called escapist. Miss Beauclerk's second book, "The Love of the Fallen Angel," was another fantasia. Writing of real people in a too-real war, she may not be less competent, but her special gift of imagination is exiled from its native element.

The book presents the reactions during the first year of war of three women, two English and one French. Miss Beauclerk has lived in Paris and she is conversant with the French point of view, as no tourists, and few journalists, can ever hope to be. Her picture of a well-to-do bourgeois family has much to recommend it, although no reader must expect this portrayal to be uniformly pleasant, any more than the behaviour of her other "shadows on a wall."

Besides Adèle, the young French-woman—lost sight of, finally, like so many of one's own French friends—interest is concerned with Adèle's English friend, Jane, and with Esther, the beautiful, spoilt, contemptible Englishwoman, to whom Jane is secretary-companion. Esther is a real parasite upon society. It is impossible to feel that her contribution to the common cause of living justifies her existence in any sense whatever.

I found the French sections of the book the most informative; but it is hard to feel that Miss Beauclerk is quite at ease in this social observation. Her gifts are ethereal, and—like many other writers—she has been forced to tread the surface of an alien world, with shell-holes in the roadway and terror in the sky

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED

Captain From Connecticut. By C. S. Forester. Joseph. 8/6 net.

Sapphira and the Slave Girl. By Willa Cather. Cassell. 7/6 net.

Convert to Freedom. By Fitel Wolf Dobert. London: The Bodley Head. 10/6 net.

Drawn From Life. By Stella Bowen. London: Collins. 12/6 net.

Defence of the Western World. By Hanson W. Baldwin. London: Hutchinson. 10/6 net.

The Life and Times of Masaryk. By Victor Cohen. London: Murray. 7/6 net.

Total Victory. By Stephen King-Hall. London: Faber and Faber. 7/6 net.

To Make Us Glad. By J. A. Cole. London: Faber and Faber. 7/6 net.

The Place of Little Birds. By Michael Home. London: Methuen. 8/6 net.

Derrick Preest. By Stuart Smith. London: Murray. 7/6 net.

Compass Course. By Kay Carroll. London: Hutchinson. 8/6 net.

Jennifer. By Janet Whitney. London: Harrap. 9/- net.

I Came Out of France. By Cicely Mackworth. London: Routledge. 7/6 net.

Thus Spake Germany. Edited by W. W. Coole and M. F. Potter. London: Routledge. 10/6 net.

The World of Poetry. Edited by Lorna Reynolds, M.A., Ph.D. Dublin: The National Press. 2/9 net.

The World of Prose. Edited by Edward Sheehy, M.A. Dublin: The National Press. 2/9 net.

Dublin Historical Record. June-August, 1941. Published quarterly by the Old Dublin Society. 1/6 net.

Fisherman at War. By Leo Walmsley. London: Collins. 10/6 net.

Quest. By George Dibbern. London: The Bodley Head. 12/6 net.

A Puzzle-Mine. By Henry Ernest Dodeney. London: Nelson. 5/- net.

Planning the Stage Wardrobe. By Joyce Conyngham Green. London: Nelson. 2/6 net.

(Continued in Next Column.)

A Literary Divertissement

Valse des Fleurs. By Sacheverell Sitwell. London: Faber and Faber. 6/- net.

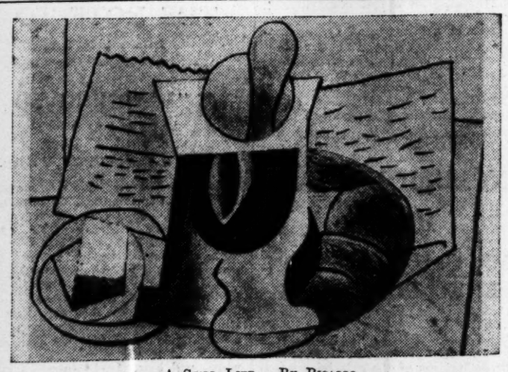
MR. SITWELL has an amazing knack of being able to take one with him in his imaginative wanderings, which lead him all over the world, through space and time.

His latest book, "Valse des Fleurs," is in the nature of a Literary Divertissment, and consists mainly of dissertations upon a day in St. Petersburg and a ball at the Winter Palace in the year 1868.

It is intended, according to the dust-jacket, more for light reading for an hour or two than as a subject for serious study, but we suggest that one could do a lot worse than study this book.

The style is delightful, there is a great deal of history to be gleaned from its pages, and the general atmospheric quality is really incredible; for the space of time that it takes to read the book—which is all too short—one literally lives in St. Petersburg, and learns to know it almost as one's own town.

A delightful book, and beautifully bound in typical Faber and Faber fashion.



A Still Life. By Picasso.

Reproduced from "The Scientific Attitude," a recent Pelican Publication.

Feeding the Children

Good Food for Children. By Ambrose Heath. London: Faber and Faber. 3/6 net.

A PROBLEM which confronts most families is that of feeding the children. The average child is inclined to be "nice" about its food, and monotony, certain fare, nutritious but distasteful to some children, and last, but not least in these times, the food shortage, all tend to complicate matters.

Mr. Heath's little book is extremely useful. All the foregoing are avoided. A pleasing and healthful variety is ensured, and those foods usually distasteful to a number of children, as vegetables and the commoner varieties of fish, are enlisted under forms of savoury dishes sure to tempt. Since the majority of his recipes are composed of ingredients easy to obtain, the food shortage affects but little his dishes.

A chapter on food for the little invalid will certainly prove of immense help, while one on sweet making for the nursery solves an ever-present worry of obtaining sweetmeats which shall be acceptable, yet pure and nourishing, at a low expenditure.

So excellent are many of the recipes that one can readily imagine a wise housekeeper utilising them for her "grown-up" and adding a little more economy without undue trespass on the gustatory claims of more mature palates.

Retreat From Paris

Another Book on the Fall of France

I Came Out of France. By Cicely Mackworth. London: Routledge. 7/6 net.

AT a party it frequently happens that one cannot appreciate any of the delicacies, for the simple reason that there are too many of them; in the same way, after any important political event, there are so many books on the subject published that one cannot appreciate more than a few of them.

That is the case with the Fall of France. Ever since last summer there has been a never-ending flood of books on the subject; hundreds of people have written to tell how they escaped from France, and, while under normal conditions any of the books might prove interesting, their very profusion ruins them, and each one unconsciously is compared with the others.

A Poetess in Paris

The latest of this flood of books is called, intelligently, but, in the circumstances, infuriatingly—"I Came Out of France," and is neither better nor worse than its predecessors, or the other hundreds of books on the subject, which, it is to be presumed, are yet to be published.

Cicely Mackworth is a British poetess, who had been living in Paris for some time before the war, and who, when the worst eventually happens, manages, by good luck and hard labour, to work her way down to the Spanish border.

Throughout the book she stresses the fact that up to the actual day that Paris fell everybody believed that a miracle was going to happen to save the city, and the very ordinariness of the atmosphere before the actual fall of the city, adds strength and reality to her narrative.

A LETTER TO THE EDITOR

The Career of H.M.A.S. Sydney

"An Amazingly Lucky Ship"

Lioness of the Seas. By George H. Johnston. London: Gollancz. 10/6 net.

WHEN the naval history of this war comes to be written the name H.M.A.S. Sydney will figure largely in its more spectacular chapters. Truly this warship has done wonders and crammed into her existence sufficient fighting to glut the most action-hungry sailor.

During the seven months of war which is covered by this book Sydney steamed over 80,000 miles and took part in one of the important actions in which the crack Italian cruiser, Bartolomeo Colleone, was sunk and her sister ship, Giovanni Delle Bande Nere, seriously damaged.

Sydney herself has proved an amazingly lucky ship. She was attacked over sixty times from the air and on numerous occasions took risks which exposed her to quick destruction, as when she sailed through the Straits or Otranto, right into the jaws of the enemy and attacked an Italian convoy. She was the first British ship to shell an Italian colony, and once, when her ammunition ran out she fought back with an Italian squadron of dive bombers and drove them off with harmless smoke shells.

Italian Gallantry

A pleasing feature of the book is the tribute it pays to Italian gallantry. There were the occasions when the Italian destroyer Espero fought to the very last, her guns blazing until she sank, and the magnificent self-sacrifice of the Zeffiro, her sister ship at the Battle of Calabria, when the destroyer steamed down the line of British ships laying a smoke screen so that her colleagues might escape, until she was blasted literally from the water by immensely superior forces.

Mr. Johnston quotes one of the Sydney sailors as saying after the Espero incident: "After the Espero was sunk there was no pride aboard the ship, no elation that we had sunk our first ship. I think, as a matter of fact, that we were all secretly ashamed of ourselves, because the Italians had shown that they had more guts than we had."

The book is admirably written, and a fine series of photographs complements the many graphic passages.

Costumes for the Amateur Theatre

Planning the Stage Wardrobe. By Joyce Conyngham Green. London: Nelson. 2/6 net.

THIS latest addition to the "Little Theatre" series is an admirable treatise on stage costume, and should prove popular with all amateur dramatic societies.

Miss Conyngham Green is under no illusions as to the resources of the average amateur dramatic society; all her suggestions are severely practical, and should not be beyond the abilities or the purses of any normal theatrical group.

Not only does she deal with the actual manufacture of period costume, but she explains how costumes of one period can be adapted to meet the requirements of another period, and there is a most interesting chapter on the use of colour.

The book is illustrated with plentiful black and white drawings of various types of costume. It is a handbook no amateur dramatic society should be without.

T. S. ELIOT'S POEMS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I think your readers are entitled to expect a more serious review of a work of the calibre of Mr. T. S. Eliot's "Later Poems" than that appearing in your last Saturday's issue.

Since space does not permit a detailed examination of Mr. Eliot's viewpoint, I will confine myself to your critic's remarks about "The Journey of the Magi," which, I think, can be claimed to be one of the most interesting contemporary religious poems, both from the aspect of spiritual content and artistic treatment.

The poem opens with an objective account of the trials and difficulties encountered by the narrator on his journey; a vivid word picture is then presented of the descent to the green lands of the plain, and then, the climax:—

"Were we led all that way for
Birth or Death? There was a Birth, certainly,
We had evidence and no doubt. I had seen birth and death,
But had thought they were different; this Birth was
Hard and bitter agony for us, like Death—our death.
We turned to our places, these Kingdoms,
But no longer at ease here, in the old dispensation,
With an alien people clutching their gods.
I should be glad of another death."

Mr. Clarke criticises the air of disillusion and resignation, and also the deprivation of the Magi of their traditional atmosphere of wonder and surprise.

It seems obvious from the ending of the poem quoted above that the poet has stripped the journey of all inessentials in order to bring out the dramatically spiritual content, that is, the effect of the encounter on the Magi, an effect so profound that they are left with nothing but disillusion and emptiness when faced with the prospect of return to their own people, who are now to them, after the revelation, but aliens, clutching their gods.

Mr. Eliot, in the process of achieving this effect, has failed to make any reference to gold, frankincense or myrrh, nor has he evoked an atmosphere in the Fleckerian "Golden Road to Samarkand" vein, which apparently Mr. Clarke considers necessary in order that the child-mind may be suitably titillated.

While these may be regarded as shortcomings by (to use Mr. Clarke's own words) "a public which likes its poetry to be immediately comprehensible," I feel that a not inconsiderable minority have sufficient appreciation of Mr. Eliot's handling of the theme to regard these suggested shortcomings as quite irrelevant.

It will be noted that Mr. Clarke admittedly criticises the work from the viewpoint of the "hasty reader." Perhaps at some future date your critic will favour your readers with the more studied appreciation of Mr. Eliot's work to which it is unquestionably entitled.—Yours, etc.,

E. J. Carroll.

66 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin,
August 12th, 1941.

(Continued from Previous Column.)

The Wilful Wife. By T. B. Morris. London: Nelson. 1/- net.

Gild the Mask Again. By T. B. Morris. London: Nelson. 1/- net.

Wuthering Heights. By Mary Parkington and Olive Walter. London: Nelson. 2/- net.

Aunt Deborah. By Norah Ratcliffe. London: Nelson. 9d. net.

No Robbery. By Kenneth Armstrong and Mountford Williams. London: Nelson. 2/- net.

A New Anthology of Modern Verse, 1920-40. Edited by Cecil Day Lewis and L. A. G. Strong. London: Methuen. 6/- net.

COMMUNITY KITCHENS—VII.

THE GOODWILL RESTAURANTS

Another Approach to the Problem

BY AN "IRISH TIMES" SPECIAL COMMISSIONER.

MR. W. E. WYLIE'S Guild of Goodwill offers yet another line of approach to the problem of communal feeding. Through the operations of Goodwill Restaurants, Ltd., a non-profit-making company, a new type of feeding centre will be opened shortly.

The principles of the Guild of Goodwill scheme are sufficiently well known, but the manner in which "Goodwill" is being applied to the communal feeding problem is well worth considering because it brings experienced *restaurateurs* into the picture.

When the restaurant company was registered it was provided with a formidable board of men who know the restaurant and hotel business well:—W. H. Powell (Shelbourne), Jack Nugent (Dolphin), Kenneth G. Besson (Royal Hibernian), James Doyle (G.S.R.), T. O'Sullivan (Gresham), Louis Jammet (Jammet's), Leo T. Neary (Chatham street), George Lovell (J. and E. Mills), P. F. Cannon (Ballymacarney) and Frank Purcell (Hotels Branch, Irish Transport and General Workers' Union). Since the company was formed it was very wisely decided to bring a woman's experience to bear, and Mrs. Edwin W. Booth (Meath Street Dining Rooms) is lending a hand.

Where the Goodwill scheme differs from most of the other plans is that nothing is being done on a voluntary basis—except by the directors, who are unpaid, and can hope for nothing more than thanks. The kitchen staffs will be paid workers, receiving trade union rates of pay; in other words, the restaurants will create employment.

FOOD AND FUEL PRODUCERS, LTD.

Some difficulty was experienced in finding a site for the central restaurant, but this has been overcome, and builders are making the necessary alterations to an old billiard hall in Pearse street, near the Central Fire Station. Cooking will be done by gas, but an anthracite cooker is being installed as a stand-by. Mr. Wylie, Mr. Besson, and Mr. John J. Verlin (Secretary of the Guild of Goodwill, Ltd., the parent company) told me something of the proposed operations of the restaurant.

It is estimated that the Pearse street centre will be able to provide 2,000 dinners a day; a later development provides for the establishment of distributing centres in other parts of the city. Meals will be cooked at Pearse street and taken in special containers—such as thermos casks—to the distributing centres for sale to people who wish to take their meals home. The meal will consist of two courses—soup and a stew—but it is hoped to make the diet more varied, and include roasts. The estimated cost will be 9d. per head, of which 3d. will go for overhead charges (rent, rates, light and wages). If supplies come in well, it may be possible to reduce the price, and plans are being made to make a single-course meal available. This, of course, will be much less than 9d.

On this question of supplies, another Goodwill company—Goodwill Food and Fuel Producers, Ltd.—may be very helpful in supplying vegetables to the restaurant company direct, and, therefore, cheaply. I gathered, however, that support in the vegetable line has been promised by several people.

The original finance which was needed for the acquisition and conversion of the premises and the necessary equipment came from the parent company. The capital of this company was subscribed by well-wishers of the Guild of Goodwill, and is being advanced, as required, to get the various Goodwill schemes under way. While there is no cheese-paring, it was obvious that the restaurant scheme is being planned and run in a most economical way.

9d.—AND LESS

It would appear, at first sight, that the Goodwill Restaurants are intended for what might be called the "white collar class" of unemployed, in view of the fact that the cost of the meal (in the initial stages) is expected to be 9d. Both Mr. Wylie and Mr. Besson, however, were insistent that "Ninepence is not the last word—if we can do it cheaper, we shall. There will be plenty of hungry people in Dublin during the coming winter; we plan to reach as many of them as we can. There is no question of charity about Goodwill Restaurants; when people pay for a meal they will be paying what the meal cost us to provide, prepare and cook."

While on this question I think I should refer to a letter from "Interested" which was published in this newspaper the other day. "Interested" quoted from Dickens's "The Uncommercial Traveller," and it is in that book (and the same chapter as that quoted—Chapter 25) that Dickens referred to a visit to a "Self Supporting Cooking Dépôt" in Commercial street, Whitechaped. He found that the "public dinner" at that centre consisted of:—Bowl of broth, or soup; plate of cold beef, or ham; plate of potatoes; plum pudding, or rice. The fixed charge was 4½d. Dickens investigated the affairs of the Dépôt and reported: "Every person employed was property paid," and that the balance sheets, after making allowances for wages, depreciation of plant, and interest on capital (4 per cent.), showed a modest profit—I think it was £6 in one week and £1 10s. in another. Isn't it strange that just eighty years after Dickens wrote on "Self-Supporting Cooking Dépôts"—and he disliked the name—they should again be a topic of intense public importance?

Irish Without Tears

Work of the Gaelic League "Babe"

BY OUR REPORTER.

"THE children are being taught a simplified Irish—Irish with the body taken out of it." So says Mr. Gearoid O Cuinneagain, of Craobh na hAiseirghe, the "babe" of the Gaelic League. We had been discussing the work of the branch since its foundation less than a year ago. "People had been saying that Irish was only a 'racket'—that the language had been commercialised, and we set out to show that they were wrong. We decided that the older organisations had stagnated somewhat, and that a new approach had to be made to the problem."

I interrupted to ask who "we" were. "Our crowd was composed mainly of members of T.C.D., U.C.D. and U.C.G., and, to avoid any clashing, we formed a branch of the Gaelic League." He went on to describe the formation of classes, where tuition is given entirely free of charge; the holding of study circles, where informal lectures in Irish are given; and for all his modesty it was easy to guess the amount of work that these people had put into their organisation while carrying on their own occupations.

ALL SORTS

I asked what sort of people came there to learn. "All sorts—almost every trade and profession. We have classes in the New Ireland Assurance Company, in Elvery's, in drapery and business houses all over the city, and daily we are being asked to form more. We send out teachers to private houses if we can get a number to assemble at a house. We even are forming a class for business executives, and for this we have been promised the support of several prominent business men."

"Our object in all this is to give people the opportunity of hearing the language spoken. The mere reading or writing of Irish is not much use unless you can listen to it being spoken; and I believe the children will take a real interest in the language only when their elders are taking an interest. The adults have the opportunity here."

To disprove the theory that Irish was a dead language, that it was not flexible enough for modern needs, Mr. O Cuinneagain told me that last winter they had held study circles where papers were read by different people on a very wide range of subjects from turf to scholastic philosophy, and taking in such things as banking and accountancy and travel talks on France, Spain, Germany and other countries. "We also teach German through the medium of Irish."

RADIO, RECORDS AND BOOKS

Mr. O Cuinneagain has drastic notions on the use of the public services in the advancement of the language. "The radio must do more. Every activity should stop for ten or fifteen minutes every day so that the people could listen to Irish spoken over the radio. The gramophone must do its part—there is no reason why the Government should not subsidise the production of cheap records in Irish, instead of second-rate novels. "Look at the public libraries. The Corporation has them 90 per cent. full of books in English, until the people have come to think that there is no worth-while language except English."

I suggest that in any country the majority of the books in the public libraries would be in the language spoken generally. "We are supposed to be fighting a battle for the Gaelic language, and if we are in earnest 40 per cent. at least of the books in the libraries must be in Irish with a greater proportion of volumes in languages other than English to get rid of the English complex."

"How do you manage for money?" I asked. "In various ways—by sweeps, collections, and by putting our hands in our own pockets."

"Why not look for a bit of money from the Government," I suggested, "when you are doing such great work for the language?"

"First of all, it would take too long to get them moving, and then you would get it on their terms."

Classes at work have been the subject of a film by the Irish Film Society. The intention is to show this at various places throughout the country to stimulate interest. And this week another of the branch's ambitions will have been realised when they produce their own paper. "It may be our last issue as well as our first," said Mr. O Cuinneagain, "but we will have shown that an all-Irish paper can be bright and readable."

PLAYWRITING AT UNIVERSITIES

MR. LENNOX ROBINSON POINTS TO U.S.A.

WHY is not the art of playwriting taken up by the Irish Universities? The point was raised by Mr. Lennox Robinson as the closing remarks of the third of his lectures on "Making a Play" in the Peacock Theatre, Lower Abbey street, Dublin, yesterday evening.

It is not as absurd as you may think to attempt to teach playwriting, said Mr. Robinson, and he went on to cite the example of George Baker, who started to teach people to write plays at Harvard University. He was scoffed at by the "knowing ones," but the last laugh was with him when, a few years later, three of the Broadway "successes" were written by his pupils. At Yale and Michigan Universities there were similar classes, and it was nothing uncommon now for a student entering an American University to take up the special study of playwriting, the theatre, and how to be an actor, just as he or she would take up law.

There was nothing of the kind done by the leading English Universities, though in Liverpool there was an endowment of £100 for four lectures on the theatre a term. He knew of nothing of the sort in Ireland, save that he thought Queen's University, Belfast, did something, but the matter had not been taken seriously by either Dublin University or the National University—the idea of teaching the drama has not occurred to them.

THEME AND FORM

Mr. Robinson directed his general remarks to the task which confronted a playwright when he had decided on his theme and the form his play was to take—that is, whether romantic, realistic or expressionistic. Before he has written a line, or started to make a scenario, the author must come to the very important decision as to where to start his play—at what point in his characters' history. Ibsen started later and later in his great plays. Having settled that important point, the next thing is to make a scenario. The author should make this for his own sake, to keep himself on the rails and to avoid a lot of useless writing that later would have to be cut. A good point was to write a short, concise summary of the play. Mr. Robinson said he had no great regard for the author who could not in a hundred words or so summarise his play.

Then came the serious business of writing the play, and here again the lecturer emphasised the vital importance for the success of the play in getting the relations of the characters known to the audience in the first ten minutes.

The writer must fix on what are the important ideas in the play, and not be led down side tracks. He must get as much contrast as possible between his characters on the stage, and particularly he must cultivate the touch of surprise—the best of all gifts on the stage, and one of the things that is a strong feature of all G. B. Shaw's plays.

He advised the budding author to keep before his mind the advice of Pirandello: "If I have anything really important to say in a play I say it three times—first for the intelligent people in the audience, second for the unintelligent people, and thirdly for the critics."

Other advice he gave was that the author should keep always before his eyes the characters he was creating. He himself could not imagine writing a play unless he saw every character in the flesh almost before his eyes. On the subject of stage directions in a play, he suggested that in the first version of the play it was a dangerous thing to write any stage directions at all. Later on it was perfectly legitimate and proper to put in everything that will help the producer or player, but in writing the play the author must not put in anything that the audience will not see.

The lectures will be continued on Monday evening next at 6 o'clock.

OBITUARY

WILLIAM ALEXANDER GOLIGHER

WE regret to record the death of Dr. William Alexander Goligher, Senior Fellow and Vice-Provost of Trinity College, Dublin, which occurred rather suddenly at his residence, The Chalet, Sutton, Co. Dublin. He was aged 71 years.

Trinity College men and women who had the good fortune to be pupils of Dr. Goligher twenty or thirty years ago will find it hard to believe that he is dead—so active and energetic was he so large a place did he fill in the life of the College. His small, squarely-built figure, crossing and re-crossing the Front Square, gave such an impression of power and energy that a cartoon of the period in which he was represented as a locomotive seemed to those who knew him to be happily inspired.

Born in 1870, he entered Trinity College from the Academical Institution, Londonderry, in 1888, one of the many Ulstermen who have entered T.C.D. as Junior Exhibitioners and gone on to win greater laurels.

His undergradute distinctions were many, and included the Henry Hutchinson Literary Scholarship in 1891, and the Vice-Chancellor's Prize for English verse, for a poem on "The Tercentenary of Trinity College," in 1892.

He became a Scholar of the House in Classics as a Senior Freshman in 1890, a year that was notable for the number of Scholars who later served their College as members of the staff. In that year W. E. Thrift, now the Head of our House, topped the list in Science, while G. W. Mooney (of whose brilliance Goligher always spoke with the utmost respect), G. A. Exham, H. H. Dixon (whose defection from Classics was Botany's gain) and E. J. Young all figured in the Classical list.

In 1892 Goligher graduated with Senior Moderatorships in Classics and in Modern Literature, winning a large gold medal in the latter subject, and, though in later life he was a Classical man first and foremost, he retained his affection for German and Spanish to the end, and possessed a profound knowledge of these languages. Law, too, he had studied with much success, and his legal knowledge was often of service to his University.

FELLOWSHIP

Shortly after his degree, Goligher set himself to work for Fellowship, and won Fellowship prizes in 1894 and in several succeeding years. He changed his plans, however, and for some time appeared to have given up all idea of Fellowship. He was induced to offer himself once more as a candidate in 1902, and was promptly elected.

Shortly afterwards (1904) he was appointed to the chair of Ancient History, a chair already made famous by Mahaffy and Tyrrell. The appointment gave him much pleasure, for there was no savant for whom he had a greater admiration than Mahaffy, to whose memory he paid a brilliant tribute not long ago, on the occasion of the centenary of Mahaffy's birth.

In 1909 the scope of the chair was widened, and Professor of Ancient History and Classical Archæology he remained until 1934, when he became Regius Professor of Greek. While not as copious a writer as his predecessors in the chair of Ancient History, Goligher's literary and historical papers were many, and his last communication, an *Index Verborum* of the speeches of Isaeus is still in course of publication in *Hermathena*.

Goligher was a brilliant lecturer. His discourses on archæology gave to many besides the writer an abiding interest in Greek sculpture, ancient gems, and kindred subjects, and those who attended his Littlego lectures in logic will be prepared to swear that no one else could have made the subject so interesting.

A most accomplished tutor, he was feared as well as respected by his pupils, for he did not suffer fools gladly, but most of them learned in time that great kindliness dwelt behind a somewhat fierce exterior, and that this tutor who rebuked them so sternly for ignorance or neglect would fight like a lion for them if they were in trouble.

AS REGISTRAR

After a long apprenticeship as representative of the Junior Fellows on the Board, Goligher probably achieved his greatest importance in the life of the College in the period 1930 to 1937, during which he held the office of Registrar. No Registrar can have had greater command over the vast volume of College business that flowed through his hands, and he possessed a capacity for taking trouble over every detail which is both rare and valuable. With advancing years, too, he became less terrifying, and many a junior lecturer, with plans or requests to be laid before the Board, found himself put at ease by the Registrar, who was never too busy to listen and to help.

When Dr. Thrift was elevated to the Provostship in 1937, Dr. Goligher was chose as natural successor in the Vice-Provostship, and in that capacity retained all his interest, and much of his influence, in College affairs to the last. From a severe illness last year, however, he never really recovered, and his death, though sudden, was not wholly unexpected.

He is survived by his widow and by his only daughter.

K. C. B.

FAR EAST

MORE TROOPS AT SINGAPORE

THAILAND EMERGENCY BILL RUSHED

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

SINGAPORE, Friday.

BROADCASTING to Australia to-day, Major-General Gordon Bennett, General Officer Commanding the Australian Imperial force in Malaya, declared that "tension in this part of the world is grave, and the presence of new reinforcements of well-trained and well-equipped units gives us added confidence that we shall be able to deal effectively with any enemy."

"Our enemies may measure their armies in millions—we measure ours in spirit and determination. It is not so much the size of the dog in the fight as the fight in the dog."

Senator Foll, Australian Minister of the Interior and Information, who arrived here to-day with a delegation of Australian editors, described the reinforcements as "the best possible representation Australia could have here." Commenting on the Churchill-Roosevelt declaration, he said: "I regard it as the forerunner of still more momentous declarations on our war aims in the future."

The official communiqué, referring to the landing of powerful reinforcements of Australian Forces in Malaya, says:—"These reinforcements consist of all arms of service, and will have the effect of making the already strong defences in Malaya even more formidable. Their arrival at this time is an indication of the determination of Australia to play its full part in preventing aggression by any Power in the Southern Pacific. The convoy bringing the troops is the largest single convoy to arrive in Malaya since the outbreak of war."

One of the biggest disembarkations ever seen here took place to-day when the reinforcements for the Australian Imperial Forces in Malaya arrived. Sir Robert Brooke-Popham, Commander-in-Chief, Far East; Lieutenant-General A. E. Percival, G.O.C., Malaya, and Major-General Gordon Bennett, G.O.C., Australian Forces, looked on admiringly as the men filed down the gangways.

AUSTRALIA'S PART

Sydney, Friday.—Australia's determination to play her full part in preventing aggression by any Powers in the Southern Pacific was indicated by the arrival of the new powerful reinforcements of Australian troops in Malaya, Mr. Percy Spender, the Minister for the Army, said to-night.

A statement by the Australian Department of Information said that Singapore breathed more easily after a week of tension, when informed of the arrival of more Australian troops.—The Associated Press.

TO HAVE JAPANESE AMBASSADOR

Tokyo, Friday.—The Japanese and Thai Governments have decided to raise their respective Legations to Embassy status from to-morrow, it is announced here. Mr. Teiji Tsurckami, former Vice-Minister of Overseas Affairs and ex-President of the Manchurian Colonisation Company, has been appointed first Japanese Ambassador to Thailand. The agreement of the Thai Government has already been obtained. A *communiqué* states that conversations leading to the decision were held "on the basis of further enchancing the traditionally friendly relations" between the two countries.

LAST JAPANESE LINER SAILS FROM SYDNEY

SYDNEY, Friday.—The last Australian-Japanese shipping link was broken when the Kasima Maru sailed from here to-night. On board were over 100 Japanese.—(Reuter.)

THAILAND AND THE U.S.

BANGKOK, Friday.—A Thai Foreign Office *communiqué* denies a Japanese report that the American Minister here, during an interview with the Premier, offered United States military aid if Thailand "linked up with the democracies," and that the Premier declined the offer. The conversation during the interview "covered only routine matters, as the United States Envoy already understood Thailand's declared policy."—(Reuter.)

"DANGER LIES AT OUR DOOR"

BANGKOK, Friday. — "Thailand to-day faces a situation bordering on emergency. Therefore, side by side with military preparedness, the Government proposes to galvanise the country's economic efficiency," said Luang Thamrong Navasat, Minister of Justice, in the National Assembly to-day.

Introducing an urgent bill providing for economic reorganisation and the creation of a Ministry of Communications, he warned the House that "danger lies at our door, though it is impossible to say whether grave developments will occur."

The bill was rushed through all its stages at one sitting.—(Reuter.)

INCLUSION OF ALL RACES

MR. C. R. ATTLEE ON EIGHT-POINT AIMS

Mr. C. R. Attlee, British Lord Privy Seal, yesterday emphasised to West African students in London that the declaration of the principles which he broadcast on Thursday applied to all races, coloured, as well as white.

"We in the Labour Party," he said, "have always been conscious of the wrong done by the white races to the races with darker skins. We have been glad to see how, with the passing of the years, the old conception of the Colonies as places inhabited by inferior people, whose function was only to serve and produce wealth for the benefit of other people, has made way for more just and noble ideas.

"You will not find in the declarations which have been made on behalf of the Government of this country on the war any suggestion that the freedom and social security for which we fight should be denied to any of the races of mankind.

"Our enemies, the Nazis, set up a monstrous and ridiculous racial doctrine. They declare themselves to be the master-race, to which the rest of us are inferior, and if they assert that claim in respect of Europeans, you may be quite assured they are going to apply it to everyone else—Asiatics, Africans, and everyone. We fight this war, not just for ourselves alone, but for all people."

Mr. Attlee added that he looked for an ever-increasing measure of self-government in Africa, and for an ever-rising standard of living for its people.

SHORTHAND-TYPISTS & TYPISTS. Next Exam., Sept., 1941. Classes now working. 10 Successes, Sept., 1940.—SKERRY'S COLLEGE, Dublin.—(Advt.)

GERMAN SPY SHOT IN TOWER

HOME GUARDS CAPTURE METEOROLOGIST

A GERMAN spy, Josef Jakobs, aged 43, a native of Luxembourg, was shot at the Tower of London yesterday. This was the first execution by shooting at the Tower during this war.

The official statement by the British War Office said that he was convicted under the Treachery Act, 1940, after trial by general courtmartial, held on August 4 and 5. The trial was held *in camera*.

A parachutist, dropped from a German aeroplane, Jakobs was a non-commissioned officer in the German Army, attached to the Meteorological Service. Twelve hours after his descent he was arrested by members of the Home Guard.

On his arrival in the home counties Jakobs was dressed in civilian clothing, over which he was wearing a flying suit and a parachutist steel helmet. He was fully equipped for espionage, and had a wireless transmitting and receiving set, a large sum of English money and an emergency food ration—including brandy and a German sausage. He also had a small hand-spade, with which to bury his parachute and flying kit.

For his defence at his courtmartial he was provided with the services of a barrister-at-law, now serving with His Majesty's forces, and an interpreter. The courtmartial was held by the direction of the Attorney-General.

Previous executions by hanging during the present war are:—Jose Waldberg (German) and Karl Meiner (Dutch), at Pentonville, on December 10, 1940; Charles Albert Van Den Kiebroom (Dutch), at Pentonville, on December 17, 1940; George Johnson Armstrong (British), at Wandsworth, on July 9, 1941; Karl Theo Drueke (German) and Werner Heinrich Waelte (Swiss), at Wandsworth, on August 6, 1941.

More than 150 years passed without an execution in the Tower. The interval was broken during the last war. Carl Hans Lodk, a former German naval officer, who was shot there, was one of nineteen spies executed. His was the first execution in the Tower for more than 150 years.

THE JOINT DECLARATION

(Continued from Page 1, Column 3.)

on either ocean at any time that the occasion may arise.

Despite the absence of any reference to Japan, many newspapers here consider that the formulation of methods to keep Japan in check undoubtedly constituted one of the Conference's chief topics. The *Hochi Shimbun* urges "comprehension of the significance of the hidden understanding in order to cope with future developments."—(Reuter.)

SATISFACTION IN CHUNGKING

CHUNGKING, Friday.

A semi-official statement here says that "the scheme indicates broad statesmanship, and will go a long way towards promoting even closer co-operation among all the Powers opposed to aggression."

MR. SUMNER WELLES IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Friday.

Mr. Sumner Welles, Under-Secretary of State, has returned from attending the Roosevelt-Churchill Conference. He spent most of the morning conversing with Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State.—(Reuter.)

WAS PRESIDENT'S ACT OFFICIAL?

WASHINGTON, Friday.

In the House of Representatives to-day, Mr. Thill, Republican, suggested that if President Roosevelt met Mr. Churchill outside the territorial limits of the United States he was not acting in his official capacity. In this connection, the speaker referred to the fact that Congress enacted a special resolution to permit the late President Wilson to attend the Versailles Conference.—(Reuter.)

MR. ROOSEVELT TO LAND TO-DAY

SWAMPSCOTT, MASS., Friday.

President Roosevelt is landing at Rockland, Maine, some time to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon.

He is expected to return to Washington on Sunday. Mr. William Hassett, one of the President's secretaries, made this announcement here to-night to newspapermen.—(Reuter.)

The Associated Press states that the President will probably hold a Press Conference after disembarking at Rockland.

THE NOTE TO STALIN

A "WARNING TO JAPAN"

WASHINGTON, Friday.

The joint Roosevelt-Churchill message to M. Stalin is described by observers here as the first concrete move to implement the programme for "the final destruction of Nazi-ism."

The message clearly shows the urgency of sending materials to Russia, it is stated. The reference to "further fighting fronts" is considered as a direct allusion to the Far Eastern situation. Some quarters regard it as a warning to Japan that Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt agreed on when, and how, Anglo-American military resistance would be offered to any further Japanese moves. Observers believe that the message reflects confidence in Russia's ability to stall Germany, and also reflects the opinion that the diversion of supplies to the Soviet should be large.—(Reuter.)

CATTLE DISEASE OUTBREAKS

Outbreaks of foot-and-mouth disease were confirmed yesterday at Ballysallagh, Co. Kilkenny, an at Crannluskey, Leighlinbridge, Co. Carlow.

LORD BEAVERBROOK FOR OTTAWA

OTTAWA, Friday.

Lord Beaverbrook expects to visit Ottawa before returning to Britain, Mr. Howe, Canadian Minister of Munitions, told Reuter to-night. Mr. Howe is leaving shortly for Washington for talks on supply questions.—(Reuter.)

SH.-TYPISTS AND TYPISTS. Next Exam. 23rd Sept Last Exam.—6 SUCCESSES.—McGUIRE'S COLLEGE, Gardiner's Row, Dublin.—(Advt.)

FROM "THE TIMES"

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT.)

MORE AID TO RUSSIA

The Times, in a leading article to-day says:—"The publication to the world of the joint Anglo-American message to M. Stalin has come at a moment when the renewed Nazi offensive against Russia appears to have reached its height. Foiled in their direct assaults on the three great Russian cities of Leningrad, Moscow and Kiev, the German forces have evidently secured some success in the past week by a southward sweep towards the Black Sea and the lower waters of the Dnieper. This success is, indeed, probably the most noteworthy achieved by the enemy since the break through to Smolensk, which the Russians, by a magnificent exhibition of coolness and dour courage, first slowed down and then brought to a halt. In some respects it may seem at first sight more important. It will put the Germans in possession of certain industrial areas, especially if, as appears probable, the Red Army is in the act of withdrawing to the Dnieper, and it is uncertain whether all the garnered grain of the Southern Ukraine has been safely removed or effectively hidden. Certain advantages must therefore be conceded to the German offensive.

"On the other hand, the most important thing is that the armies of Marshal Budyonny should remain in being even at the expense of a large slice of territory, and there is no cause to doubt that this has been achieved. Experience suggests caution in accepting estimates of the situation, which emanate from Berlin. There is, as yet, no confirmation even of the German claim to have invested Nikolaiev and Odessa, and no clear indication that the Russians are contemplating withdrawal from them." *The Times* adds that, "while the enemy has once more made some dangerous, though costly, progress, the decision which an anxious German public has long been led to expect is still almost as far off as ever, and there is no slackening of the staunch and steadfast resistance of the Soviet Union which is, in the words of Mr. Roosevelt's and Mr. Churchill's message, so vitally important to the defeat of Hitlerism.

"The lesson to be drawn from the present threat is the need for improving the organisation, and expanding the quantity of the aid which we are able to send to Russia in her desperate struggle for a common cause. The message published to-day proves that the British and American Governments are fully alive to the urgency of Russian needs. M. Stalin will be equally conscious of the need for the closest co-ordination of strategy and policy with the English-speaking Powers, and may be expected to give a warm welcome to the new proposals for effecting it.

WESTERN DESERT STRATEGY

RUSSIA'S INFLUENCE

Patrick Crosse, Reuter's Special Correspondent with the advanced forces in the Western Desert, writes:

The strategic situation in the Western Desert hinges upon two considerations—Russia and tanks. "As long as the German armies and Air force are embroiled in Russia, the German Commander in Africa cannot expect any considerable reinforcements and cannot therefore embark on any new ventures. The progress of the Russian campaign naturally has also a great influence on British strategy in the Western Desert and Middle East. The more firmly the German armies become engaged in Russia, the more freedom of action is gained by the Middle East army of nearly 500,000 men guarding a 2,000 mile long front. In the last major engagement in the Western Desert two months ago, a numerical superiority of German tanks, nearly two to one, was revealed. Since then the Germans have presumably received few reinforcements, while on our side American tanks have made their first appearance, and new tanks have been arriving from Britain. The Germans aware of the precariousness of their superiority in tanks have recently been extremely chary of engaging our tanks.

TOBRUK PATROLS ACTIVE

A fighting patrol from Tobruk, says the Cairo G.H.Q. *communiqué*, surprised a strong point and killed the entire garrison of twelve during the night of August 13-14. Penetrating further, this patrol engaged strong working parties with grenades and light machine-gun fire. It is stated that, although heavy dust storms interfered with movement outside Tobruk, British patrols were again active on the frontier.

DESERTED THEIR SHIP

SEAMEN SENTENCED AT BELFAST

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Friday.

Eleven foreign seamen were sent to jail for a month at Belfast Summons Court to-day by Mr. W. F. McCoy, R.M., on charges preferred by Mr. J. B. Gety, on behalf of the Ministry of War Transport, of having deserted their ship and absence from duty. None of the defendants could understand English, and an interpreter was sworn.

The principal witness for the Ministry was the captain of the ship, who complained that on being declined further advances on their earnings the men refused duty and left the vessel.

The hearing, which lasted several hours, was enlivened by the reactions of all the defendants to the evidence given, some at one stage agreeing whilst their mates vehemently protested by gestures against the allegations made.

Each sailor was ordered to pay the Ministry £1 1s. costs in addition to the imprisonment.

'BUS OVERCROWDING CHARGE DISMISSED

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

CORK, Friday

That 54 passengers—22 more than the proper number—were in a 'bus which reached Cork from Macroom on 6th inst., was stated at Cork District Court to-day, when the 'bus conductor, Andrew O'Sullivan, was summoned for allowing overcrowding.

For the defence it was stated that the evening had turned wet, and many cyclists consequently came home by the 'bus.

The Justice accepted the view that it would have caused undue hardship to have left passengers on the side of the road, and, remarking that travel was very difficult nowadays, he marked the case "Proved and dismissed."

German radio last night revealed that Lieutenant-General Wilhelm Suessmann, commander of a parachute formation, was killed in the Crete campaign on May 20th. He had carried out the first parachute landing on the isthmus of Corinth, the radio said.

OFFICE TRAINING. Since Jan., 1939, 260 Appts. were gained by lady pupils direct from ROSSE COLLEGE, 65 Stephen's Green, Dublin. Classes resume Mon., 18th Aug.—(Advt.)

TWO PERIODS OF IRISH ART

Lecturing on "Irish Art" in the Town Hall, Dun Laoghaire, last night, Mr. Michael Scott, M.R.I.A.I., said that, unlike most other countries, art in Ireland had only two periods. There was the early period ending in the twelfth century, and the second which began in the eighteenth century and still continues. It was interesting to speculate as to what artistic achievements would have been produced had not the religious and political life of the country been interrupted during that middle period.

It was, however, Mr. Scott continued, only during recent decades that Irish art was beginning to show a real development. The work of Irish artists showed a vitality and distinct national quality and people, generally, were becoming more conscious of the necessity of art in their lives. There had been instances of some good work in architecture, although, on the whole, it was rather mediocre. He would plead for the avoiding of the more conventional forms of interior decoration. "Work should be given to Irish artists," concluded the lecturer, "by placing at their disposal plain walls for good murals."

A concert was held after the lecture.

DUBLIN MAN'S FATAL DIVE

The story of how a man named William Howlett (50), Royal Canal terrace, Broadstone, Dublin dived to his death in the Royal Canal yesterday, was told by Andrew Rafferty, lock-keeper, at Cross-Guns Bridge.

"I was oiling the lock gates," said Mr. Rafferty, "when I saw this man in bathing togs standing on the edge of the towpath. He dived in, and when he did not surface after a few momen's I raised a shout for help. A youth came running up, and we both saw the man in bathing togs in an upright position. The young man with me, Mr. Byrne, dived in and brought him to the bank. We sent for a doctor and meanwhile tried artificial respiration. The man's ankles were tied together with a piece of cord. He was under water only four or five minutes."

On the arrival of Dr. Moynihan the man was found to be dead and the body was brought to the Mater Hospital.

MONASTERADEN SHOW AWARDS

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

BALLAGHADERREEN, Friday.

The fourth annual show at Monasteraden, County Sligo, was considered by the judges to have exhibits which would compare favourably with any provincial show. Entries were well over last year's numbers, and farm produce was outstanding. The awards included:—

Farm Horse—1, J. Scanlon, Mullaghroe; 2, J. MacDonagh, Knockgrana; 3, J. Brennan, Cloonagh.

Colt or Filly—1, J. Flynn, Gurteen, Kilmacoowan; 2, B. Brennan, Ballyfahey.

Horse (two years)—1, Mrs. Gaffney, Fauleens; 2, J. Brennan; 3, M. McKeon, Moygara.

Pony (13-2)—1, J. Frain, Cullmore; 2, D. Murray, Ardrahan; 3, T. Gallagher, Cullmore.

Foal (for working purposes)—1, C. O'Grady, Ardmoyle; 2, T. McGowan, Tontagh; 3, L. Casey, Faulcens.

Foal (by Culawina Prince)—Cup won by T. McGowan.

Foal (Steel Boy)—T. Flannery, Lumcloon.

Foal (Gurteen Mail)—T. Foley, Shroof.

Foal (Gas T. Mayo)—D. O'Connell, Lunes.

Foal (Black Prince)—M. Phillips, Laragan.

General Purposes Cow—M. O'Hara, Killivilf.

Cow in Calf—T. Frain, Ballymote.

Shorthorn Heifer—J. W. Killoran, Killavil.

Calf (Non-Pedigree)—1, M. Scully, Killavil.

Shorthorn Bull—P. Foran, Grangemore.

Inquiry Called For.—Fermanagh Education Committee yesterday decided to ask the Minister to hold a sworn inquiry following accusations made by Miss J. Meade, assistant mistress, Enniskillen, and a resolution of the Sub-Technical Instruction Committee.

Miss M. Blaney in play against Miss E. Lombard in the semi-final (ladies' singles) of the Co. Wicklow Lawn Tennis Championships at Bray.

DUNDALK MILK SUPPLY

DEPOTS MANNED BY CIVIC GUARDS

Milk sent to Dundalk yesterday by the Ministry of Supplies was sold at depôts in the town at the regulation price of 4½d. a quart, in competition with Dundalk milkmen, whose price is 6d. per quart.

Recently a letter from the Department asked the Urban Council to arrange for the distribution of milk which it was proposed to send to town should the necessity arise, and the Council arranged for seven depôts to serve the various areas. In reply the milk vendors, in a statement, said that present conditions and cost of feeding-stuffs made their present prices imperative. The milk, which arrived yesterday morning, was escorted to the depôts, where employés of the Urban Council supervised distribution. There was a police guard at each depôt.

The milk vendors went their rounds as usual yesterday morning, and many of them stated that they had not experienced any loss in trade.

BALBRIGGAN DISTRICT SHOW

At Balbriggan and District Show, held yesterday at the Silver Beach, Gormanstown, the principal prize-winners were:—

Garden Produce—H. Jameson, Mrs. McClintock, Dr. Lynch, Bective House, Miss Smyth, T. Cartan, M. Bittles, Mrs. McKeown, P. Cumiskey, E. McMillen, B. Sheridan, Mrs. Crowe, J. Hoey, W. King, G. Bittles, M. Brennan, P. Flanagan, R. McKenna, C. Matthews, Mary J. Murray.

Cottagers—W. Reilly, M. Brennan, P. Cumiskey, G. Bittles, J. Reid, J. O'Brien, P. Rothwell.

Farm Produce—Mrs. McGuinness, Maisie McCormick, Miss A. M. Drew, Miss Ennis, Mrs. T. J. Crewe, W. Byrne, P. Whelan, P. Rothwell, Dr. Lynch, H. Jameson, Mrs. McClintock, P. Monaghan.

Poultry—Mrs. M. M. Drew, Mrs. Byrne, Mrs. McKeown.

Home Industries—Seamus Whelan, Betty McCullum, E. Bittles, P. Monaghan, B. Halligan, Mrs. McKeown, A. White, C. V. Cashell, P. Spenser, Mrs. E. M. Casey, K. Curtis, Mrs. E. O'Neill, W. Sweetman, K. McGuinness, N. McDonnell, F. Reid, M. Spenser, Dr. Lynch, E. McEvoy, Mrs. Cassidy, R. Brannigan, J. O'Dea, Mrs. Black, E. M. Crowe.

IRISH RAILWAYS' WAGES BOARD

Writing in the *Railway Review*, Mr. J. Marchbank, General Secretary of the N.U.R., says that the negotiations with the Irish Wages Board, upon which he was engaged in Eire, have not been completely successful, but he is still hopeful that they will be able to overcome the difficulties.

Further consideration has been adjourned until after November 1.

DUBLIN CAMPAIGN TO SAVE WASTE

Dublin Corporation are considering scheme for saving waste similar to that which has been adopted by the Cork Corporation, and it is hoped to complete arrangements within the next few days. It will be remembered that Cork Corporation has decided to issue permits to a limited number of people with suitable vehicles to collect all kinds of food waste from house to house, and to ask householders to collect the waste in separate containers. Others will be allowed to collect rags, bottles, bones and cardboard from the city dumps.

TURF FAILS IN HEATING TEST

SLIGO COMMITTEE AND COAL SUPPLIES

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

SLIGO, Friday.

Fuel supplies for the coming winter were discussed at a meeting of the Management Committee of Sligo Mental Hospital when the Resident Medical Superintendent, Dr. C. J. McCarthy, reported that he had made a test of turf in the boilers which supply the heating system, and he regretted to state that it was most unsatisfactory, despite the fact that the turf had been specially chosen for the test. He did not think they could carry on with turf, and said they would require 700 tons of coal in addition to the supply which they had in store.

Mr. A. Mooney said the hospital was near coal mines, and yet they could not get a supply from Arigna. It would be unfair if the hospital were left unheated while Arigna coal was being sent to Dublin. "It is a shame to see millions of tons of coal lying untouched while the Government gives no help to have the mines developed," he added. "In fact, I will go so far as to say that they are hampering us in our efforts to get hem developed."

It was decided that Mr. D. McAteer, consulting engineer, and an inspector of the Local Government Engineering Department should be asked to attend at the hospital with a view to solving the matter.

LIMERICK FAIRS BAN REMOVED

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

LIMERICK, Friday.

The secretary of Limerick County Council received official notification to-day from the Department of Agriculture that all restrictions on fairs and markets in Limerick have been removed, and that it will no longer be necessary to apply for permits to hold fairs or markets in the city or county.

THREE KILLED IN NICE BOMB EXPLOSION

Swiss radio reported last night

CHURCH SERVICES

TENTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL. — To-morrow (Sunday). Holy Communion at 8 a.m. Matins at 11.15 o'clock. Psalm, 86. Te Deum, Jubilate, Stanford in B flat. Processional Hymn, 51. Anthem, "Come unto Him," Gounod. Hymn, 733, "O Brother man" (Irish melody). Preacher, Very Rev. L. C. Stevenson, M.A., Prebendary of Maynooth. Holy Communion (Choral) at 12 noon. Offerings for Country Air Association. Service, Stanford in B flat Hymn during Communion, 209. Evensong at 3.15 o'clock. Psalm, 56. Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis, Stanford in B flat. Processional Hymn, 575 (1). Anthems—1st, "Comfort, O Lord." Crotch; Hymn, 54; 2nd, "O come, let us worship," Mendelssohn. Offerings for Country Air Association. Preacher, Very Rev. L. C. Stevenson, M.A., Prebendary of Maynooth.

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL, ARMAGH.—Holy Communion first and third Sundays at 8 a.m., second, fourth, and fifth Sundays after Matins. Matins at 11 o'clock. Psalm, 86. Hymns, 659, 498. Boys' voices. Evensong at 3.15 o'clock. Psalm, 89 (1-19). Hymn 551. Boys' voices.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL. — To-day (Saturday). Matins at 10.45 o'clock. Venite, 233. Psalm, 79 (234). Te Deum, 195, 196, 197. Hymn, 754. Evensong at 3 o'clock. Men's voices only. Psalm, 85 Magnificat, 24. Anthem, "Now know William Croft (1677-1727). To-morrow (Sunday), 11 o'clock. Processional Hymn, Venite, 250. Psalm, 88. Urbs Fortitudinis, 761. Benedictus, Stanford in Holy Communion. Introit, 119. "Come unto Me," Smith. Kyrie, Credo, Sanctus, Gloria, Harwood in D. Preacher, Canon W. T. Webb, B.D. Hymn during Offertory, 475. Hymn, 204. Evensong at 3.30 o'clock. Processional Hymn, 470. Psalm, 89, 1-36. Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis, Clarke-Whitfeld in D. Anthem, 729, "Thou, O God, art praised in Sion," Stuart. Hymn, 28. Recessional Hymn, 53.

ST. ANNE'S CATHEDRAL, BELFAST.—Holy Communion at 8 and 10.45 a.m. Matins and Holy Communion at 11.30 o'clock. Venite and Psalm, 86. Te Deum, Jubilate in C. Anthem, "If with all your hearts," Mendelssohn. Hymns, 12, 563. Preacher, Rev. Geo. A. Quin, M.A. First Evensong at 3.30 o'clock. Psalm, 41. Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis, Service, West in E flat. Anthem, "God is a Spirit." Sarratte Bennett. Hymns, 420, 502, 443. Preacher, Rev. J. D. K. Freeland, B.A., Mark's, Dundela. Second Evensong (Parochial) at 7 o'clock. Preacher, Rev. Geo. A. Quin, M.A.

ST. FIN BARRE'S CATHEDRAL, CORK.—Holy Communion at 8 a.m. Matins and Holy Communion at 11 o'clock. Psalm, 45. Te Deum, Jubilate, Somervell in F. Anthem, "As the people rend your hearts," Mendelssohn. Hymns, 749, 515. Preacher, Rev. E. A. P. Evensong (Choral) at 7 o'clock. Processional Hymn, 51. Psalm, 44. Service, West in E flat. Anthem "Comes at times, stillness," Oakeley. Hymns, 494, 561. Preacher, Rev. R. F. Hipwell.

ST. CANICE'S CATHEDRAL, KILKENNY.—Holy Communion every Sunday at 8.30 a.m., first and third Sundays after Matins, Saints' Days at 10 a.m. Matins on week-days at 9 a.m. Matins at 11.30 o'clock. Venite, Psalm, 87. Chant, 170. Urbs, 55. Jubilate, 108. Kyrie, 10. Sanctus, Stewart in C. Processional Hymn, 479. Hymns, 554, 211. Preacher, Rev. F. W. Crooks. Evensong discontinued during August.

ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL, LIMERICK.—Holy Communion at 8 a.m. Matins and Holy Communion at 11 o'clock. Matins. Processional Hymn, 457. Venite, 175. Psalm 45. Urbs Fortitudinis, 373. Jubilate, Anthem, "The King of Love." Garrett. Kyrie, Credo, Woodward in E flat. Hymn, 499. Preacher, Rev. N. V. Comiskey, B.A. Evensong at 3.30 o'clock. Psalm, 44. Magnificat, 220. Nunc Dimittis, 222. Hymns, 456, 492, 28. Preacher, The Dean.

ST. COLUMB'S CATHEDRAL, DERRY.—Holy Communion at 8 a.m. Service for the Dead at 10.15 a.m. Matins and Holy Communion at 11.30 o'clock. Processional Hymn, No. 12. Psalm, No. 86. Service, Te Deum, Garrett in D. Anthem, "Grant thy peace," Mendelssohn. Hymns, Nos. 415, 416. Preacher, Rev. N. V. Edwards. Young People's Service at 3 p.m. Evensong at 6 o'clock. Processional Hymn, No. 285. Psalm, No. 89 (vv. 1-19). Canticles, Garrett in D. Anthem, "Lord, Thy tender mercies sake," Farrant. Hymns, Nos. 398, 15, 59. Preacher, Rev. W. H. Richards, C.F.

ST. MATTHIAS'S—8. Holy Communion. 11. Morning Prayer. Rev. Dr. de Pauley. 7. Evening Prayer. Rev. Dr. de Pauley.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S—7.45. Litany. 8. Holy Communion. 9.15. Holy Communion. 11. Matins. Rev. R. N. Coote. 12. Sung Eucharist (The Leighton). 3.30. Young People. 6.30. Evensong (Wesley in E flat). J. L. McDonogh.

ST. ANN'S—8. Holy Communion. 10.15. Matins. Rev. T. F. Smith. 11.30. Matins and Holy Communion. Rev. T. F. Smith. 7. Evensong. Rev. D. Bowers.

HOLY TRINITY, Rathmines — 8 and 11. Holy Communion. 10 and 11-30. Rev. F. R. Alexander. 7. Rev. C. H. Lloyd.

CHRIST CHURCH, Leeson Park—8. Holy Communion. 11.30. Morning Prayer. Rev. J. D. Murray. 7. Evening Prayer. Rev. R. S. Stewart.

ST. COLUMBA'S CHURCH, Ranelagh—8 and 11.30. Holy Communion. 11.30. Morning Prayer. Rev. R. S. Stewart. 7. Evening Prayer. Rev. J. D. Murray.

THE MAGDALEN CHURCH, Lower Leeson street (the Church's Ministry of Healing)—8. Holy Communion. 11.30. Morning Prayer. 12. Holy Communion, and 6.30. Evening Prayer, Canon Tobias.

ST. ANDREW'S—11.30. Morning Prayer. Rev. O. C. C. Irwin. 7. Evening Prayer and Holy Communion. Rev. O. C. C. Irwin. Intercession Services on Wednesday and Friday at 12 noon.

ST. KEVIN'S, South Circular road—11.30 and 7. Holy Communion. Rev. Martin Parsons. "Present-Day Problems, III.—Will Christ Come Again?"

ST. MARK'S—7. Holy Communion. 11.30 and 7. Rev. G. D. Hobson.

MISSION TO THE ADULT DEAF AND DUMB, Gregg Hall—3.30. Rev. V. J. Walker.

DRUMCONDRA CHURCH. — 8.15. Holy Communion. 12 noon. Morning Prayer. Rev. Charles Tyndall. 7. Rev. R. K. W. Lowe.

NORTH STRAND CHURCH.—8.15. Holy Communion. 11.30. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. Rev. R. K. W. Lowe. 7. Rev. Charles Tyndall.

ST. WERBURGH'S PARISH CHURCH.—8. Holy Communion. 11.15. Rev. G. S. McPhail. 7. Rev. G. S. McPhail. Holy Baptism after Morning and after Evening Prayer.

KIRWAN HOUSE CHURCH.—8. Holy Communion. 11.30. Morning Prayer; Rev. A. P. Armstrong. 7. Evening Prayer; Rev. A. P. Armstrong.

ST. CATHERINE'S.—11.30. Holy Communion; Rev. M. G. Semple. 7. Evening Prayer; Rev. T. J. Johnston.

ST. VICTOR'S.—8. Holy Communion. 11. Holy Communion; Rev. T. J. Johnston. 7. Evening Prayer, Rev. M. G. Semple.

ST. MARY'S PARISH CHURCH.—10.15 and 7. Chapel of Ease.—11.30. Rev. Leslie Walker.

IRISH CHURCH MISSIONS.—11.30. Morning Prayer. 7. Evening Prayer. Preacher at both services, Rev. Canon J. T. Gerrard.

ST. MICHAN'S CHURCH.—12. Morning Prayer, Rev. R. M. May.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—10.30. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. R. M. May. 7. Evening Prayer; Rev. R. W. Ridgway, Rector of St. Jude's.

ST. LUKE'S.—11.30 and 7. Holy Communion; Rev. J. Blackwell.

ST. GEORGE'S PARISH CHURCH.—8. Holy Communion. 12. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. K. D. B. Dobbs. 7. Rev. B. Harvey.

ST. AIDAN'S.—8. Holy Communion. 11.30. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Rev. T. F. Blennerhassett. 7. Rev. K. D. B. Dobbs.

ST. AUGUSTINE'S.—11.30. Rev. B. Harvey. 7. Rev. T. F. Blennerhassett.

THE FREE CHURCH.—10.30. Rev. K. D. B. Dobbs. 8.30. Rev. B. Harvey.

CLONTARF PARISH CHURCH.—8. Holy Communion. 11.30. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. Rev. Precentor Drury. 7. Evening Prayer. Rev. J. R. Neligan.

HAROLD'S CROSS PARISH CHURCH.—8. and 11.30. Holy Communion. 11.30. Rev. H. Kennedy. Curate-Assistant of Monkstown. 7. Rev. W. C. G. Proctor.

ZION CHURCH, Rathgar.—8. Holy Communion. 10. Rev. D. N. Bowers. 11.30. Holy Communion; Rev. D. N. Bowers. 7. Rev. L. A. Elliott.

ST. PAUL'S, Glenageary — 8.30 and 11.30. Holy Communion. 11.30 and 6.30. Rev. C. H. Trench.

ALL SAINTS', Raheny—11.30. Matins and Holy Communion. Rev. J. B. Neligan. 6.30. Evensong and Holy Baptism.

SANDFORD PARISH CHURCH—11.30. Rev. W. A. M. Cox. 7. Rev. C. T. A. Carter.

KILLINEY PARISH CHURCH, Ballybrack—8. Holy Communion. 11.30. Litany. 6.30. Evensong. Missions to Seamen.

MONKSTOWN PARISH CHURCH—8. Holy Communion. 11.30. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. Rev. A. T. McNutt. 7. Evening Prayer. Rev. T. H. Kennedy.

ST. PAPPIN CHURCH, Santry—8. Holy Communion. 10.30. Morning Prayer. Rev. C. T. A. Carter (Sandford). 4. Evening Prayer. Rev. W. A. M. Cox.

ST. MOBHI CHURCH, Ballymun road, Glasnevin—11.30. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. Rev. J. R. Colhurst. 7. Evening Prayer. Rev. W. A. M. Cox.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST CHURCH, Corbawn—12. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion. Rev. C. T. A. Carter.

ST. MARY'S, Donnybrook—8 and 11.30. Holy Communion. 11.30. Canon Powell. 7. Rev. Richard Hanson. Collections for the Mission to Lepers.

RATHFARNHAM PARISH CHURCH—8. Holy Communion. 10.15. Morning Prayer, and 11.30. Holy Communion. Rev. C. H. Lloyd. 7. Evening Prayer. Rev. F. R. Alexander, B.D.

ST. BRIGID'S, Stillorgan—8.30. Holy Communion. 11.30. Morning Prayer. Rev. W. R. Allman. 6.30. Evening Prayer. Rev. J. T. Webster.

ST. MATTHEW'S, Irishtown — 11.30. Holy Communion. 11.30 and 7. Rev. V. J. Walker.

CHRIST CHURCH, Kingstown.—8. Holy Communion. 11.30. Matins and Holy Communion. The Vicar. 6.30. Evensong. The Vicar.

MARINERS' CHURCH, Kingstown.—8. Holy Communion. 11.30. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; Canon Chamberlain. 7. Evening Prayer; Canon Chamberlain.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES.

ABBEY CHURCH, Rutland square.—11.45 and 7. Rev. J. H. Bewglass.

ADELAIDE ROAD.—11.30 and 7. Rev. W. J. Currie Bangor.

ST. ANDREW'S, Blackrock.—11.30 and 7. Rev. J. Noel Thompson.

ST. ANDREW'S, Bray.—11.30 and 7. Rev. R. Crossett.

CLONTARF. — 11.30 and 7. Mr. H. Byers.

DONORE. — 11.30 and 7. Mr. Noel White.

HOWTH. — 11.30 and 7. Rev. J. McCaughey.

KINGSTOWN.—11.30 and 7. Rev. G. D. Erskine.

LUCAN.—10.15. Rev. C. H. Wilson.

MALAHIDE.—4. Rev. J. McCaughey.

ORMOND QUAY AND SCOTS'.—11.45 and 7. Rev. J. S. Crockett.

RATHGAR (Christ Church).—11.30 and 7. Rev. R. Montgomery.

SANDYMOUNT. — 11.30 and 7. Rev. R. K. Lyle.

NAAS.—12 noon. Mr. A. H. Gibson.

MISSION CHURCH, Ormond quay.—4.30. Evangelistic Service; Mr. E. Logan.

ST. COLUMBA'S SCHOOL.—8.15. Evangelistic Service; Mr. E. Logan.

METHODIST CHURCHES.

CENTENARY CHURCH.—11.30 and 7. Rev. Richard S. Morris (West Africa).

BRIGHTON ROAD, Rathgar.—11.30. Mr. John A. Smith. 7. Mr. D. M. Weir.

CHARLESTON ROAD.—11.30 and 7. Rev. R. Lee Cole.

GEORGE'S HALL.—11.30 and 7. Rev. Johnstone Hunter.

DOLPHIN'S BARN.—11.30. Rev. D. J. Allen. 7. Mr. A. G. Rippingale.

INCHICORE.—11.30. Mr. Frank Macdonald. 7. Rev. D. J. Allen.

ABBEY STREET.—11.30. Mr. G. R. Beckett. 7. Mr. J. A. Smith.

BLACKHALL PLACE.—11.30. Mr. W. Hassell. 7. Mr. A. J. Styles.

LUCAN.—11.30 and 7.—Rev. C. Wilson.

KINGSTOWN.—11.30. Rev. Hugh Allen. 7. Rev. S. J. Johnston.

BLACKROCK.—11.30. Rev. M. J. Lewis. 7. Rev. Hugh Allen.

DALKEY.—11.30. Rev. S. J. Johnston. 7. Rev. Robt. Moore.

SUTTON.—11.30 and 7. Rev. S. J. Crawford.

BRAY.—11.30. Mr. H. P. Mourant. 7. Rev. M. J. Lewis.

CLONTARF.—11.30. Rev. H. M. Watson, M.A. 7. Dr. T. H. Bewley.

SANDYMOUNT.—11.30. Rev. E. J. Mason. 7. Rev. H. M. Watson.

RINGSEND.—11.30. Mr. W. F. Hanna. 7. Rev. E. J. Mason.

OTHER CHURCHES AND HALLS.

YORK STREET CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—Services will be resumed on August 24th.

KILMAINHAM CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—11.30. Mr. R. Collie. 7. Mr. F. Byrne.

HARCOURT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH.—11.30 and 7. Pastor L. E. Deens.

PHIBSBORO' BAPTIST CHURCH.—11.30. Mr. Leslie Harris. 7. Mr. M. Taylor.

UNITARIAN CHURCH, Stephen's Green.—12 and 7. Rev. F. Sewell Hicks, M.A.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—6 Eustace street, Dublin, 11 a.m.; Monkstown, 11 a.m.; Churchtown, 11 a.m.; Bray, 11.30 a.m.

MERRION HALL, Lower Merrion street.—12 and 7. Dr. J. Gilmour Wilson, of Belfast.

THE HALL, 5 Northumberland road (near Mount Street Bridge).—7. Service of Praise and Worship. Pastor John S. Fox.

NORTHUMBERLAND HALL, Dun Laoghaire — 7. Gospel Meeting. Mr. Densmore.

FAIRVIEW HALL — 12. Mr. A. G. Beaven. 7. E. Reid.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST SCIENTIST, Dublin, Lower Baggot street (a branch church of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.). Services—Sunday, 11.30 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School, 11.30 a.m. Wednesday Testimony Meeting, 8 p.m. Christian Science Reading Room (same address) open daily from 12 noon.

SECOND CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, Dublin, Rathmines Park (branch church of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.).—Sunday, 11.30 and 7. Sunday School, 11.30. Wednesday Testimony Meeting, 8 p.m. Christian Science Reading Room, Rathmines Park, open daily free to the public, 1 to 9; Wednesday to 7.45; Saturday, 11 to 1; Sunday, 4 to 6.30.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS.

Y.M.C.A.—5. Combined Bible Class Leader, Mr. A. G. Beaven. 8.30. Gospel Service. Speaker, Mr. G. Victor Evans.

THE CRAFT OF TURF FIRES

SUGGESTIONS OF A SENATOR

Weight for weight, coal will produce considerably more heat than turf, but intelligent use of the peat will go a long way towards adjusting the adverse balance, according to Senator The MacGillycuddy of the Reeks, who yesterday made some suggestions to the *Irish Times* as to how this might be accomplished.

The first principle, he said, is to burn the fuel as near to the ground as possible, with only sufficient draught to keep it alight. If the sods are built with the points upwards and inclining towards each other, they will make their own draught. Ashes should be regarded as part of the fire, and should never be removed entirely. A turf fire should never be allowed to go out. If the remains of the fire are laid flat and a few fresh sods added, and, covered with ashes, the fire will be alight in the morning. It would never be really economical to burn turf in ranges, owing to the intense draughts which they are constructed to produce. If, however, the range is not allowed to get cold and the draughts are used only when required, consumption can be greatly reduced.

Speaking of the various types of turf sold, he stressed that only black, heavy sods—"hard enough to stun a bullock"—should be used. Wet turf is heavy and will not burn under any circumstances, while grass turf—light in colour and weight — burns in a second. This latter type is sometimes concealed in the middle of a load.

In the public interest, turf should be graded and priced, the Senator advised.

AUCTION SALES

MESSRS. BATTERSBY.

Messrs. Battersby and Co. announce some interesting forthcoming sales of antique furniture and residential property to-day. On Tuesday next they will sell for the executors of the late Andrew O'Connor, the well-known Irish-American sculptor, a choice collection of antique furniture, oil paintings and a "Ford" V 8 car, which were removed from "Glencullen House," Co. Dublin, to 51 Belmont avenue, Donnybrook, for convenience of sale. On Tuesday, 26th inst., they will sell the household furniture and an interesting small library of books at 2 Crawford avenue, Drumcondra, the residence having been sold. At the premises, 5 Seaview terrace, Ailesbury road, Merrion, on Monday, 8th September, they will offer this attractive semi-detached residence, with possession, and on the following day they will sell the entire antique furniture and effects. Full details will be found in our advertising columns.

MR. W. J. HERON.

On Tuesday, 26th August, Mr. W. J. Heron will offer for auction the compact five-roomed dwelling-house, No. 15 Arnott street (South Circular road-Harrington street), with vacant possession. The house may be viewed any evening after 5 o'clock. The auction will be held in the salerooms, 188 Pearse street, at 2 o'clock.

NEXT WEEK'S IRISH FAIRS

AUGUST

Monday, 18th—Abbeyleix—pigs; Ardnaglass—c.s.p. Askeaton—c.s.p.; Ballyclare—c.s.p.; Ballyconnell—c.s.h.; Ballygar—c.s.h.; Ballykett—c.s.; Banroe (Feakle)—cattle; Belleek—c.s.p.; Camlough—c.s.h.; Carrigallen—c.s.p.h. Castlefin—c.s.p.h. Castlerea—pigs; *Castletownbere — c.s.; *Claremorris—c.s.h.; Collooney—c.s.; Dromore, Tyrone—c.s.p.h.; Drumkeeran—c.s.p.; Dunfanaghy—c.s.p.h.; Edgeworthstown—c.s.h.; Enfield—c.s.p.h.; Kanturk—pigs; Killala—c.s.; Kilmockridge—c.s.p.; Knocknagree—c.s.; Roscrea—c.s.p.; Scolstown—c.s.; Shilelagh—c.s.p.; Tamneybrack—c.s.p.h.; Timoleague—c.s.p.; Toutmakeady—c.s.; Youghal—c.s.p.; Coolgreaney, c.s. Tuesday, 19th — Ballycastle, Mayo—c.s.p.h.; *Baltinglass—c.s.; Burtonport—c.s.p.h.; Castlerea—horses; Clandy Derry—c.s.p.h.; Coleraine—c.s.; Donoughmore—c.s.p.h.; Dundrum, Down—c.s.p.h.; Elphin—c.s.; Enniscorthy—c.s.p.h.; Fethard—c.s.p.; Gurteen—c.s.p.h.; Headford—pigs; Listowel—pigs; Longford Town—pigs; Loughgiel—c.s.p.h.; Mountmellick—c.s.p.h.; Mullinavat—c.s.p.; Newtownbutler—pigs; Nobber—c.s.p.; Rathdowney—c.s.; Rostrevor—c.s.p.; Roundwood—c.s.p.h.; Sixmilecross—c.s.p.h.; *Skibbereen—c.s. Wednesday, 20th—Avoca—c.p.; Ballyfarnon — c.s.p.h. Ballyhean — c.s.h.; Ballyvary — c.s.h.; Callan — c.s.p.; Clogher, Tyrone—c.s.p.; Clonghmills—c.p.; Downpatrick—c.s.p.h.; Dundalk—c.s.p.h.; Dungarvan—c.s.p.; Hillsborough—cattle; *Killucan—c.s.h.; Kinsale—c.s.p.; Lisnaskea — c.s.p.; *Listowel — cattle; *Loughrea — c.s.; Mitchelstown — pigs; Mountrath—pigs; *Naas—c.s.h.; *Newcastle West—cattle; Newtownbarry—c.s.; Pettigo—c.s.p.h.; Skibbereen—horses; Spiddal—c.s.p.h.; Strokestown—pigs; Tuampigs; Virginia—c.s.p.h.

Thursday, 21st—Abbeyknockmoy — c.s.; *Ballydehob—c.s.h.; Ballynahinch, Down—cattle; Ballyporeen—c.s.; Carndonagh—cattle; Dulcek—cattle; Dungannon—c.s.p.h.; Kanturk—c.s.; Killeter—c.s.p.h.; Knocklong—pigs; Lurganboy — c.s.p.h.; *Mohill—cattle; Moneymore—c.s.p.h.

SOME WOMEN RACEGOERS

These photographs of Irish women on our racecourses were taken during the week.

Mrs. Joseph McGrath

Miss Mary McDonald

Mrs. M. McAvin

Miss Fedelma Wrenn

Mrs. Geoffrey Palmer

Miss E. Madill

The Hon. Mrs. E. Corbally Stourton

Miss Ethel Jameson

Mrs. M. J. Byrne

Mrs. K. C. Kirkpatrick

Miss P. Kelly

Mrs. Diana Kirkpatrick

Mrs. A. H. Watt

Mrs. C. L. Davis

Mrs. Nesbit Waddington

Mrs. C. H. Carroll

Lady Pritchard Jones

Miss Corinne Odlum

This is English Language Week

Cruiscín Lán

By MYLES NA gCOPALEEN

I am glad to say that things are moving at last. Weeks of effort and planning are about to bear result. Watch this newspaper for an important announcement.

Some time ago I was approached by certain ballet groups and asked to do something to put them on their feet. (It is true that on their feet is the last way they want to be, for all the tea in China will not induce them to stop "lepping" out of their standing, decorous and inoffensive as most standings are). Of course, my atttiude was one of sympathy. I realised that here we have something taut and meaningful, a re-orientation of indigenous art forms, the spontaneous condensation of a new *milieu* wherein the wild Irish dance is conditioned by classical European formalisms and thus endowed with new horizons of significance, a re-statement in terms of dance and décor of these imperishable national etc., etc.—in a word, the sort of thing that makes me boil "The Bell" every month and drink the water so that no tiny dewdrop of the devastating preciosity may escape me. I informed the parties at once that I was at their disposal.

WHAT WAS MY PLAN?

My first reaction was the usual one. I wanted to call a meeting in some hotel, say that our national heritage mumble mumble mumble our tradition for artistic endeavour mumble mumble respite from politics mumble mumble maintaining our world-wide reputation for mumble mumble mumble the case of the Lane pictures mumble mumble emigration of all our great writers mumble mumble necessity for those who care for artistic things to get together mumble mumble repeal of Censorship Act mumble mumble mumble cheapening influence of the cinema on human values mumble mumble mumble mumble. And then sail in with a demand for two guineas a skull, with Presidencies and Patronships at five pounds a knock.

But Fate took a hand. I happened to be in a theatre one evening where some of this ballet work was to be undertaken. A heavily-built man came on the stage attired in little more than his underclothing, and astonished me by taking to the air and performing the wildest convolutions imaginable at an altitude of some six feet. Arms and legs flayed the air in frenzies of *Ichweissnichtwasschaft*. How long he was aloft I cannot say, but when Dame Gravity had asserted her authority he came down with a thud that shook the building. Surely, I said, the man is hurt. But no. No sooner was he on *terra firma* than he took off again to an even greater height, thrashing and milling and pulverising the brittle electric atmosphere like a giant shark in the toils of a net. Lep succeeded thunderous lep until the stage, resounding like a drum, became a wilderness of quaking dust. Suddenly a drove of other people, all scantily clad, emerged from their hidings and embarked on a lepping match that shook the theatre to its foundations. The main idea seemed to be to get up into the air as high as possible, stay up as long as possible, and don't come down unless you have to. It was an astonishing performance, almost terrible.

THE DAYNOOMONG

Towards the end of the piece I felt sure that someone would be hurt. The men jumped and pranced with savage abandon, while he ladies (God bless 'em) thudded and bumped about like giant bats. Soon we were witnessing horseplay of unsurpassed violence that looked like the climax of some tribal frenzy one might see in the jungle. I could have sworn that one man, lathered with sweat and bridling like a savage horse, threw one cosmic lep that brought him far up out of sight behind the span of the proscenium arch, where he was pleased to remain, who knows, he may have smashed his way out of the building and landed on the astonished street. Just as the piece was ending, the whole scenery crashed down on the players, rounding things off rather neatly.

Behind me I heard a child complaining that there were "no sea-lions." Lost in thought, I made my way to the bar. Just how could I help these people?

THE IMPORTANCE OF BALLET-HOO.

The crash of the scenery set me thinking. Why not even fiercer ballets still, with the entire theatre disintegrating at the terrific finale, crumbling down box by box and engulfing audience and players in one glorious blow for art and the things that matter? What finer sacrifice could our intellectuals make?

Then my brain began to fester yeastily on the child's remark about sea-lions. Why not sea-lions and elephants? I thought of one thing and then another, considering the problem from every angle. The conclusion I came to was that in a country like Ireland, where the leading national personalities were racehorses, the ballet groups could not hope to prosper unless they were permitted by the Turf Club to operate under National Hunt Club rules. Would the Turf Club issue a licence? Would they quibble as to whether the ballet dancers could be regarded as horses if they had only two legs, make trouble about pedigree, and so on? I rang up the officials and made an appointment.

A SPIRIT OF GIVE-AND-TAKE.

The negotiations were long and difficult, but I am glad to say that the Turf Club people saw my point. A spirit of give-and-take on both sides smoothed away the difficulties. They eventually agreed to draw up the necessary documents, and shortly it will be possible for our leading dancers to take their place among the nags at the Leopardstown starting gate and career over the hurdles, fair field and no favour and victory to the fleetest. But naturally the Turf Club people looked for a *quid pro quo*. If your dancers are to take part in our shows, they said, it is only right that our horses should have a fair representation in their theatre shows. This I had no hesitation in agreeing to.

Some people may say that this innovation is not enough and will not suffice to win greater popular support for ballet. But think of the scenes in the theatre next winter with the foyer stuffed with red-faced roaring bookies. Kildonan's Hope and The Gripper billed to take the principal parts in "The Marriage of Cuchulainn." Mrs. Thingummyjig turning up in her new rig-out of lamb's whiskers with an empty binocular case slung over her shoulder, whinnies and neighs drowning the clatter of the piano, the tote doing great business in a corner of the bar, and a handy five pound note to be picked up for a well-invested shilling.

Now will you go to the ballet?

SEO SEACHAIN AN DEARLA. MÁ TÁ DEARLA AGAC, LADAIR É. CUIR SÍNEÚIS CUIS CISTE NA DEANSAN LADAIR DEARLA AR AN NGUCÁN.

MAGHERA SHOOTING AFFRAY

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Friday.

Agnes Richardson (41), of Maghera, was brought to the Royal Victoria Hospital, Belfast, this morning suffering from a gunshot wound to the left shoulder and chest. Her father, James Richardson, a spirit merchant, has been detained by the police. The shooting occurred about six o'clock this morning, and the only residents in the house were Mr. and Mrs. Richardson and the injured woman. Mrs. Richardson and her daughter were in one of the bedrooms in bed, and two shots were fired.

BLACK MAGIC

goes into honourable retirement

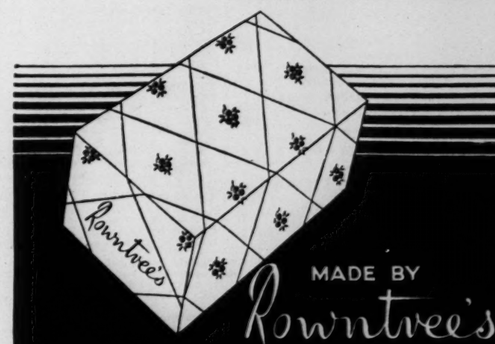
THE high standard of quality implied by the name "Black Magic Chocolates" has always been jealously preserved.

Now that the shortage of ingredients makes it impossible to produce "Black Magic" just as you always knew it, there are to be no half measures; "Black Magic" will no longer be made until after the war. There will be no second-rate "Black Magic"—ever.

The brighter side of this picture, however, is that Rowntree's are introducing a new Assortment called "Trellis"—an Assortment just as varied and interesting as it can possibly be made. This Assortment is pure and wholesome and full of concentrated energy. A box of "Trellis," in fact, is a box of good food.

TRELLIS

makes its bow



3/- A POUND ● 1/6 A HALF LB.

ROSAPENNA HOTEL

FOR HOLIDAYS

Apply to: Mr. Graham Moore, Manager, Rosapenna Hotel, Carrigart, Co. Donegal ('Phone, Downings 4); Thos. Cook & Son, 118 Grafton street, Dublin; Hewett's Travel Agency, D'Olier street, Dublin.

Question of the hour:

STYLE OR STAMINA?

How to have both . . .

LOOKS — or lasting quality? That is the question. Follow this advice and you'll find you can easily have something that's lovely to wear and yet will last and last.

Use Lux! That is the answer to the question, for Lux makes clothes last longer. You see, hot water and rubbing are ruinous to delicate fabrics. But Lux dissolves in *safe, lukewarm* water, and it makes such a rich lather that a quick squeeze-through gets out all the dirt — leaves all your washable things fresh and dainty as new.

You can count on Lux when it comes to saving clothes. Even your loveliest blouse is safe in Lux.

LUX

LUX MAKES CLOTHES LAST

LX 2723-805-55 MADE IN IRELAND A *LEVER* PRODUCT

SUGAR RATIONING—Special Notice.

SHOPKEEPERS ARE WARNED that their supplies of Sugar will be restricted on the basis of their purchases during the year 1940, and that NO SHOPKEEPER SHOULD REGISTER as a Sugar Customer ANY HOUSEHOLDER WHO WAS NOT A REGULAR CUSTOMER FOR SUGAR.

HOUSEHOLDERS ARE WARNED that in order to ensure supplies under the Rationing Scheme each householder should order Sugar ONLY AT THE SHOP WHERE SUGAR IS USUALLY PURCHASED FOR THE HOUSEHOLD. If a HOUSEHOLDER usually purchases Sugar at the shop where he is REGISTERED AS A TEA CUSTOMER HE NEED NOT MAKE APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS A SUGAR CUSTOMER.

WARNING.

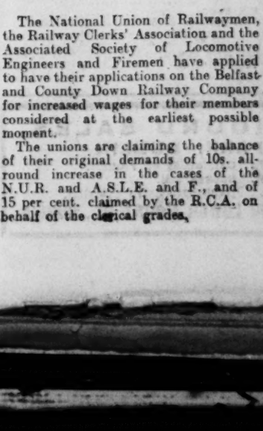
HEAVY PENALTIES BY IMPRISONMENT OR FINE OR BY BOTH ARE PROVIDED FOR BREACHES OF THE EMERGENCY POWERS (SUGAR) ORDER, 1941.

Department of Supplies, Dublin, 11th August, 1941. JOHN LEYDON, Secretary.

R 4718. W.H.Co.

MESSRS. D. E. WILLIAMS, LIMITED

The new Dublin offices, at 53 Dame street, of Messrs. D. E. Williams, Ltd., Tullamore, proprietors of "Tullamore Dew" whiskey. The front, designed by Mr. Michael Scott, M.R.I.A.I., is carried out in teak, and is a notable example of simplicity and elegance in design.



BELFAST AND COUNTY DOWN RAIL WAGES

The National Union of Railwaymen, the Railway Clerks' Association and the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen have applied to have their applications on the Belfast and County Down Railway Company for increased wages for their members considered at the earliest possible moment.

The unions are claiming the balance of their original demands of 10s. all-round increase in the cases of the N.U.R. and A.S.L.E. and F., and of 15 per cent. claimed by the R.C.A. on behalf of the clerical grades.

FARMER'S WIFE WHO COULD NOT MILK

Finger Stiff with Arthritis

Doctor Advised Kruschen — Better in a Month

What a handicap a disabled hand can be to a farmer's wife. Read what this one says about her troubles when she had arthritis:—

"I was suffering from arthritis in the joints of my fingers. My middle finger was so terribly swollen and inflamed that I could not bend it. As I help to milk 10 or 11 cows, this was a serious handicap. I bought a bottle of Kruschen Salts on the advice of my doctor, and took a half-teaspoonful in warm water every morning before breakfast. In two weeks the finger was less stiff and the swelling down. I continued the treatment (rubbing on an ointment as well), and after a month was able to milk again. I also feel very much better in myself. I am inclined to be 'liverish' and suffer from bad bilious attacks with severe headaches. I have been almost free from these while taking Kruschen. I certainly think it is great stuff."—(Mrs.) A. C. P.

It is the needle-pointed crystals of uric acid, lodging between the joints, which are responsible for the agony of rheumatism. Kruschen Salts dissolve these torturing crystals and promptly expel them from the system. That is why Kruschen brings such quick and comforting relief from the pains of rheumatism and other uric acid complaints.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists. Price 1/9 per Bottle.

Irish Times PHOTOGRAPHS

Restriction in the use of newsprint makes it impossible for us to publish many of the photographs of news, social and sporting events, which are taken by the *Irish Times* Photographers.

Readers may, however, see all photographs at the head office of the *Irish Times*, Ltd., 31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin, where pictures may be examined and orders given.

Baldoyle To-day

Milady Rose Fancied for Fingall Handicap

Trains, Amiens St., 1.0, 1.30, 2.5, 2.35.

FOR the third time during the week racegoers will assemble at Baldoyle this afternoon, and it looks as if the racing will be easily the best of the week. Valuable prizes are offered, the stake money for the day amounting to £900.

Tote Double on Third and Fourth Races

Mr. F. S. Myerscough's brilliant filly, Milady Rose, runs for the Fingall Handicap, and, despite her big impost of 9st. 10lb., is sure to make a bold bid.

Mr. Myerscough runs Lull in the Somerton Plate, in which Experto Crede, Badr Bibi and Sammy's Rock are also likely to be prominent. The last-named won in good style at the Curragh, and may score again.

The Metropolitan Steeplechase, the third £200 race on the card, looks to be between Brown Admiral, Pantry and Sarawaki, and preference is for Brown Admiral. Selecting the winner of the Sutton Handicap from a field of seventeen runners is no easy task. Poolfix may be best to stand. Selections:—

Sutton Handicap—**Poolfix.**
Juvenile Plate—**Historian.**
Fingall Handicap—**Milady Rose.**
Somerton Plate—**Sammy's Rock.**
Metropolitan 'Chase—**Brown Admiral**
Malahide Plate—**Legislation.**

TOTE DOUBLE.
Milady Rose and **Sammy's Rock.**

CURRAGH SELECTIONS

Sutton Plate—**Poolfix.**
Juvenile Plate—**Snow Boots.**
Fingall Plate—**Milady Rose.**
Somerton Plate—**Sammy's Rock.**
Metropolitan 'Chase—**Pantry.**
Malahide Plate—**Dancing Years.**

3.0—SUTTON HANDICAP, £100. 7f. Age. st. lb.

CONTROL (Mrs. Hallett) ..... Wellesley 5 10 0
RADIOLOGIST (Mrs. E. McGrath) ..... Collins 5 9 3
POWER (Mr. F. S. Myerscough) ..... Wellesley 3 9 1
FUMBLE (Mrs. P. J. Lenehan) ..... Lenehan 4 8 12
CAVALRY KING (Miss Dorothy Paget) ..... Hilliard 4 8 12
GRAND GIFT (Mr. M. C. Collins) ..... Owner 6 8 8
ROSE GARLAND (Lord Glentoran) ..... Wellesley 3 8 8
DEAD LEVEL (Fl.-Lt. C. G. Reid Walker) ..... More O'Ferrall a 8 5
MASTERSHIP (Miss Dorothy Paget) ..... C. Rogers 3 8 3
POOLFIX (Mr. J. McLean) ..... H. Hartigan 3 8 2
DIAMOND LINK (Mrs. T. McCairns) ..... Ruttle 4 8 0
MANOR FLAT (Capt. D. Rogers) ..... Owner a 7 13
SHARPSHOOTER (Lord Portman) ..... Beary 3 7 13
KINGSTON GORSE (Mr. J. S. Davies) ..... C. Rogers 4 7 12
THE SWIFT (Mr. L. Ward) ..... L. S. Ward 5 7 10
WINNIPEG (Mr. John Byrne) ..... Byrne 5 7 9

00 Control. See Manor Flat.
03 Radiologist. Carried 9-5 when beaten neck, 3l. by Ellen's Pet (8-7) and Mill Boy (8-5), Curragh, July (7f.). See Fumble.
31 Power. Carried 8-8 when winning 2l., head, from Rosella (7-11) and Fumble (8-5), Leopardstown, August (7f.). Grand Gift (8-8) and Tighri (7-2) were unplaced. Carried 8-11 when beaten 1l., neck, by The Abbot of Holmult (8-8) and Fumble (7-13), Curragh, July (6f. 65 yds.). See Fumble.
13 Fumble. See Power. Carried 8-2 when winning 2l., 4l. from The Swift (7-11) and Poolfix (8-4), Baldoyle, July 26 (7f.). Diamond Link (7-12) was fourth, and Rosella (8-1) fifth of 6. Carried 7-1 when winning 1½l. 1l. from Power (8-11) and Monster Light (8-5), Leopardstown, July (7f.). The Swift (7-13) was sixth of 17, and Radiologist (8-13) Manor Flat (8-5) and Poolfix (7-13) behind. See Diamond Link.
00 Grand Gift. See Power.
01 Rose Garland. Carried 8-2 when winning 4l. from Lemon and Grey (8-5), Galway, July (2m.). Unplaced with 8-10 to Wainstord (7-1), Phœnix Park, July (5f.).
00 Dead Level. Unplaced with 8-5 to Bray View (8-6), Phœnix Park, May (5f.).
12 Mastership. Carried 8-7 when beaten 1½l. by Wainsford (7-13), Phœnix Park, Aug. 6 (5f.). Carried 7-7 when winning thread, same, from Double Greek (8-4) and Red Strife (7-13), Baldoyle, July 26 (5f.).
03 Poolfix. See Fumble.
14 Diamond Link. See Fumble. Carried 7-8 when winning 2½., ½l. from Fumble (7-7) and Ballydoag (8-0), Baldoyle, July 5 (7f.).
03 Manor Flat. Carried 7-5 when beaten 1½l. 2l., by Bray Lady (7-13) and Ballydoag (8-13), Tuam, Aug. (7f.). Control (10-12) was unplaced. See Fumble.
01 Sharpshooter. Carried 8-7 when winning 2l., 1½l., from Legislation (8-7) and Hyskeir (8-0), Phœnix Park, July (1m.).
00 Kingston Gorse. Unplaced with 9-5 to Buster (5-9), Phœnix Park, May (2m. hurdles).
03 The Swift. See Fumble.

3.30—JUVENILE MAIDEN PLATE, £100. 2-y-o. 5f. st. lb.

HURDLESTOWN (Mr. John Byrne) ..... Maxwell 8 12
WARTHRIFT (Mr. B. Kerr) ..... J. E. Davis 8 12
HISTORIAN (Mr. F. S. Myerscough) ..... Owner 8 12
MEKONG (Miss Dorothy Paget) ..... C. Rogers 8 12
THUNDER (Mr. W. J. Parkinson) ..... J. J. Parkinson 8 12
NIGHTY-NIGHT (Mr. G. F. Annesley) ..... More O'Ferrall 8 8
SNOW BOOTS (Mr. P. J. Beary) ..... Owner 8 8
MARIE-ANNE (Mr. R. C. Dawson) ..... Ussher 8 8
EVER YOURS (Mr. J. S. Driver) ..... Canty 8 8
MARQUEE (Mrs. J. McEnery) ..... Beary 8 8
CARELESS KATE (Mr. J. McLean) ..... H. Hartigan 8 8
VIENNA (Mrs. J. W. Osborne) ..... Osborne 8 8
GOLDEN FLIGHT (Sir Mathew Wilson) ..... Ussher 8 8

0 Hurdlestown. Unplaced with 9-0 to Lilydale (8-10), Phœnix Park, May (5 f.), 04 Warthrift. Carried 8-12 when fourth of 7 to Coup de Maitre (8-8), Phœnix Park, August 6 (5 f.)
40 Historian. Unplaced with 8-7 to Sammy's Rock (8-10), Curragh, July (5 f.). Carried 8-10 when fourth of 22 to Ballinter (9-6), Phœnix Park, June (5 f.).
00 Mekong. Unplaced with 9-0 to Magrew (8-5), Curragh, May (5 f.).
00 Thunder. Unplaced with 8-10 to Fair Crystal (9-6), Phœnix Park, August 9 (5 f.).
32 Nighty-Night. Carried 8-8 when beaten 4l. by The Moderator (8-12), Phœnix Park, August 9 (5 f.).
30 Snow Boots. Unplaced with 8-3 to Honourable (9-0), Curragh, July (5 f.). Carried 8-1 when beaten 4l., 6l., by Avon Port (8-10) and Miller 8-10), Phœnix Park, July (5 f.).
00 Marie Anne. Unplaced with 8-10 to Buttez-Enavant (8-10), Phœnix Park, July (5 f.).
00 Ever Yours. Carried 8-5 when, with **Careless Kate** (8-3), unplaced to the dead-heaters, Zalophus (9-0) and Syria (9-0), Baldoyle, July 26 (5 f.).
00 Marquee. Carried 8-6 when fifth of 14 to Ballinter (8-10) Phœnix Park, May (5 f.).
00 Careless Kate. See Ever Yours.
3 Vienna. Carried 8-4 when beaten 1l.: 1½l., by Mpera (8-9) and Foam Crest (8-12), Naas, May (5 f.).
04 Golden Flight. Carried 8-8 when fourth of 15 to Lull (8-12), Curragh, June (5 f.).

4.0—FINGALL HANDICAP FLAT RACE, £200. 1m. 1f. 80yds. Age st. lb.

MILADY ROSE (Mr. F. S. Myerscough) ..... Blake 3 9 10
THE LITTLE WENCH (Lord Milton) ..... Dawson 4 8 10
FIRST VISIT (Mr. James Francis) ..... D. Malone 4 8 2
ROSELLA (Miss Dorothy Paget) ..... C. Rogers 3 8 2

SILVER CUPS, TRAYS, SALVERS, ETC.

Suitable Prizes for AGRICULTURAL SHOWS, GOLF, TENNIS, SWIMMING, and all Sports.

Also a large selection of other goods for WEDDING GIFTS and Personal Presents at PRE-WAR Prices.

S. H. WATERHOUSE,
24 DAME ST., DUBLIN.

ADDITIONAL RACE FIXTURES

Fixtures have been granted to Limerick Junction, October 30, and Tramore, November 13.

THE SWIFT (Mr. L. Ward) ..... L. S. Ward 5 7 12
WINNIPEG (Mr. John Byrne) ..... Canty 5 7 12
PRUDENT ROSE (Mr. G. Hannon) ..... Redmond 6 7 10
TIGHRI (Mr. E. V. Kelly) ..... Farrell 3 7 10
JUNGLE CAT (Sir Percy Loraine) ..... More O'Ferrall 3 7 10
SERPOLETTE (Mr. E. Delany) ..... Owner a 7 9
INS AN MALA (Mr. C. G. McKenna) ..... Owner 3 7 9
SWEET INCENSE (Mr. M. Flynn) ..... Owner 3 7 9
SUZIE (Capt. D. Rogers) ..... Owner 3 7 9

11 Milady Rose. Carried 9-0 when winning a head, 3l., from Boudoir (9-0) and First Bloom (9-0), Curragh, June (1m.). Jungle Cat (9-0) was unplaced. Carried 9-4 when winning 2½., 1l., from Rosella (7-10) and Bray Lady (8-0), Naas, May (1m. 180yds.).
00 The Little Wench. See Rosella.
10 First Visit. See Suzie. Carried 7-8 when winning 2½., 2l., from Music and Song (8-5) and Belle Brandon (7-9), Curragh, June (1m.). Rosella (8-0) was unplaced.
02 Rosella. Carried 7-11 when beaten ½l. by Power (8-8), Leopardstown, August (7f.). The Little Wench (8-9) and Tighri (7-2) were unplaced. See The Swift, Suzie, and First Visit.
02 The Swift. Carried 7-11 when beaten 1l. by Fumble (8-4), Baldoyle, July 26 (7f.). Rosella (8-1) was fifth of 6.
40 Prudent Rose. Carried 7-6 when fifth of 9 to Slightly Slow (7-4), Curragh, June (6f.).
00 Tighri. See Rosella and Suzie.
43 Jungle Cat. Carried 9-1 when beaten 2l., same, by Caledonian (9-2) and Poor Dear (8-1), Tuam, August (1½m.). See Milady Rose.
20 Serpolette. Unplaced with 10-7 to Amor de Cuba (10-0), Galway, July (2m. hurdles).
04 Ins an Mala. Carried 7-1 when fourth of 10 to Sunny Star (9-0), Phœnix Park, August 6 (1m.). See Suzie.
00 Sweet Incense. See Suzie.
32 Suzie. Carried 8-2 when beaten 1½l. by Marradon (9-5), Curragh, July (1m.). Carried 7-7 when beaten neck, ½l., by Rosella (8-0) and Bray Lady (7-11), Leopardstown, July (1m.). Tighri (8-3) was fourth of 12, and First Visit (8-6), Ins an Mala (7-11), and Sweet Incense (7-11) behind.

4.30—SOMERTON PLATE, 2-y-o. 5f. £200. st. lb.

SYRIA (Mr. W. M. Shawe Taylor) ..... Ussher 9 4
LULL (Mr. F. S. Myerscough) ..... Owner 9 4
SAMMY'S ROCK (Mr. Jos. McGrath) ..... Collins 9 0
LILYDALE (Mr. J. Dawson) ..... Owner 9 0
BADR BIBI (H.H. Aga Khan) ..... H. Hartigan 9 0
CEYLON (Mr. R. C. Dawson) ..... Ussher 8 9
EXPERTO CREDE (Mr. W. M. Shawe Taylor) ..... Ussher 8 9
NIGHTY-NIGHT (Mr. G. F. Annesley) ..... More O'Ferrall 8 5
PEARLY GLOW (Mr. ..... More O'Ferrall) ..... More O'Ferrall 8 5
WATER SONG (Mr. P. J. Beary) ..... Owner 8 5

41 Syria. Carried 9-0 when dead-heating with Zalophus (9-0), Baldoyle July 26 (5f.).
12 Lull. Carried 9-3 when beaten 1l. by Vexatious (9-6), Leopardstown August (5f.). Lilydale (8-13) was fifth of 6. Carried 8-12 when winning 4l., 2l., from Water Song (8-8) and Coup de Maitre (8-8), Curragh June (5f.). See Lilydale.
01 Sammy's Rock. Carried 8-10 when winning 2½., 1l., from Coup de Maitre (8-10) and King's Approach (9-0), Curragh July (6f.).
10 Lilydale. See Lull. Carried 8-10 when winning 4l., 4l., from Lull (9-0) and Fairy Fleet (8-10), Phœnix Park May (5f.).
04 Badr Bibi. See Experto Crede.
00 Ceylon. Unplaced with 8-10 to Fair Crystal (9-6), Phœnix Park August 9 (5f.).
30 Experto Crede. See Water Song. Carried 8-10 when beaten short head, 1½l., by Honourable (9-12) and Nocturne (8-6), Leopardstown August (5f.). Badr Bibi (8-13) was fourth of 8.
32 Nighty-Night. See Juvenile Plate.
23 Water Song. Carried 8-1 when beaten short head, neck, by Ended (9-3) and Red Thorn (8-10), Phœnix Park August 6 (5f.). Experto Crede (8-10) was unplaced. See Lull.

5.0—METROPOLITAN HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE, £200. 2m. 2f. Age st. lb.

BROWN ADMIRAL (Mr. A. D. Conyn) ..... Arnott 6 12 0
GENERAL CHIANG (4lb. ex.) (Miss D. Paget) ..... C. Rogers a 11 4
DOITAGAIN (Mr. H. C. McNally) ..... A. Richardson 11 0
PANTRY (Miss D. Paget) ..... Walker a 11 0
TANYA'S KNIGHT (Miss D. Paget) ..... C. Rogers a 10 4
COLEHILL (Miss P. O'Leary) ..... C. Rogers 6 10 4
SARAWAKI (Mr. T. Morrow) ..... Sleator, jun. a 9 8

11 Brown Admiral. Carried 12-3 when winning 6l., 4l., from Tanya's Knight (11-5) (disq.) and Chinese Legend (12-0) Leopardstown Aug. (2m. 175 yds. 'chase). See Doitagain.
21 General Chiang. Walked over at Ballydoyle, Wednesday. Carried 10-13 when beaten 15l. by St. Martin (11-9) Galway July (2m. 5f. 60 yds. 'chase). Colehill (9-9) was unplaced.
32 Doitagain. Carried 11-1 when beaten 6l. by September (10-8) Leopardstown Aug. (2½m. 'chase). Carried 12-5 when beaten 10l., same, by Brown Admiral (11-12) and Royal Gold (10-0), Bellewstown July (2m. 'chase).
11 Pantry. Carried 10-10 when winning 4l., 6l., from Eskimo (10-3) and Sugar Lump (9-7) Baldoyle Tuesday (2m. 'chase). Carried 11-4 when winning 3l., 6l. from Bistro (11-5) and Lord Burford (9-7) Tuam Aug. (2½m. 'chase).
00 Tanya's Knight. See Brown Admiral.
00 Colehill. Unplaced with 9-7 to Derk (9-2), Dundalk Thursday (2½m. hurdles). See General Chiang.
11 Sarawaki. Carried 10-10 when winning 3l., 5l., from Solide (10-13) and Alco (11-11) Dundalk Thursday (2m. 'chase).

5.30—MALAHIDE MAIDEN FLAT RACE, £100. 1m. 1f. 80yds. Age st. lb.

AUGHAMORE (Mr. M. Owens) ..... W. J. Byrne 4 9 5
WILLPOWER (Mr. P. J. Rutledge) ..... Canty 4 9 5
LEGISLATION (Mr. G. P. Gilpin) ..... Hilliard 3 8 7
LOUS APRON (Miss P. Mullan) ..... Hilliard 3 8 7
COMMISSIONER (Miss Dorothy Paget) ..... C. Rogers 3 8 7
PONGO (Mr. W. J. Parkinson) ..... J. J. Parkinson 3 8 7
DANCING YEARS (Capt. D. Rogers) ..... Owner 3 8 7

0 Aughamore. Unplaced with 9-7 to Martin Griffin (8-9) Naas June (1m. 180yds.).
04 Willpower. Carried 9-5 when fourth of 12 to Marradon (9-5) Curragh July (1m.).
23 Legislation. Carried 9-0 when beaten 3l. 6l. by Airway (9-0) and Submarine (8-7) Leopardstown Aug. (1m.). Carried 8-7 when beaten 2l. by Sharpshooter (8-7) Phœnix Park July (1m.). Commissioner was unplaced.
00 Commissioner. See Legislation.
00 Dancing Years. Unplaced with 8-8 to Swift Eagle (8-8) Phœnix Park Aug. 9 (1m.).

Derk Gains Another Victory at Dundalk

THE concluding stage of the Tramore Meeting at Dundalk was again fairly well attended, and the management must be well satisfied at having got through their difficulties so successfully and to have enabled owners who had entered horses to compete for the various prizes offered. Except in a couple of instances, field were on the small side, but this was only to be expected at the end of a four days' meeting.

Derk, winner of the Tramore Hurdle on the previous day, turned out fresh and well to oppose seven others in the Suir Plate. His 7lb. penalty was reduced 5lb. on account of the services of R. J. O'Brien being again available, and, treating the others with scant courtesy, he won in a canter. This five-year-old has been hunted regularly by his owner, Mrs. A. P. Harris, and probably would have won one of the prizes at Punchestown, had that meeting been held. He is a splendid jumper of all kinds of fences.

The Baldoyle disappointment, Inevitable, was again made favorite for the County Plate, and, though making a better showing, was well beaten by Lixamine, from C. Brabazon's stable. Odds were laid on Mrs. P. J. Fleming's Big Blaze for the Murphy Memorial Plate, and these were readily landed; while September, another odds on favourite, had what amounted to an easy canter in the Waterford Steeplechase, over the three miles course.

Evening Bells, who had run third to Mobilisation and Mikado on Thursday, was the outsider of three runners for the Brackenstown Plate, and, as so often happens in such cases, she won, and won readily.

Messenger Girl, another runner on Thursday, was saddled for the Widger Memorial Cup, and it was appropriate that she should win, for her owner, Mr. W. Murphy, is a Waterford man, who usually runs many horses at Tramore meetings. Flashing Stream made most of the running and jumped well until the last fence, when he made a slight mistake, which probably cost him the race. Steel Edge, who blundered at the preliminary, bolted in the race, and Doorn Kop was eased up. Messenger Girl's dividend on the Totalisator was 46/-, representing odds of 22 to 1. Details:—

3.0—SUIR HURDLE, £45. 1½ m.

Derk, b. or br. g. by Rué Hero—Skein Dhu (Mrs. A. P. Harris) ..... R. O'Ryan 1
Released, 4, 9-9 ..... J. Hill 2
Majestic Chief, 4, 10-0 ..... T. McNeill 3
Also ran—Hebridean, a, 10-10 (Pierce Murphy); Ard Ree, 6, 10-10 (T. S. Doyle); Blue Ribbon, 4, 10-0 (J. Brogan); Colonial King, 4, 10-0 (A. Brabazon). (Winner trained by A. Harris.)
Betting—6 to 4 agst. DERK, 9 to 4 Released, 6 to 1 each Blue Ribbon and Majestic Chief, 8 to 1 Ard Ree, 10 to 1 any other. **Tote**—Win, 8/-; places, 3/-, 3/-. 3l.; same.

3.30—COUNTY MAIDEN FLAT RACE, £45. 1½ m.

Lexamine, b. c. by Within the Law—Calamine, (Mr. M. C. O'Hara) ..... A. Brabazon 1
Inevitable, 5, 9-9 ..... G. Wells 2
Fontenoy, 3, 8-9 ..... T. P. Burns 3
Also ran—Golden Car, 3, 9-0 (E. Quirke); Wise Kitty, 3, 8-7 (M. Moloney); Miss Gway, 3, 9-0 (T. Burns). (Winner trained by C. Brabazon.)
Betting—Evens Inevitable, 5 to 2 agst. Golden Car, 4 to 1 LEXAMINE, 10 to 1 any other. **Tote**—Win, 17/-; places, 5/-, 3/-. 4l.; 1½l.

4.0—MURPHY MEMORIAL HANDICAP FLAT RACE, £125. 2 m.

Big Blaze, b. g. by Embargo—Sanguinole (Mrs. P. J. Fleming), 3, 7-13 ..... T. P. Burns 1
Wyelands, 6, 9-6 ..... J. Moylan 2
In Camera, 3, 9-6 ..... E. Quirke 3
Also ran—Smack, 3, 7-10 (M. McKnight); Word of Honour, 5, 8-2 (G. Wells). (Winner trained by E. Parkinson.)
Betting—6 to 4 on BIG BLAZE, 3 to 1 agst. In Camera, 4 to 1 Wyelands, 8 to 1 Word of Honour, 20 to 1 any other. **Tote**—Win, 3/6; places 2/6, 4/-. 5l.; 2l.

4.30—WATERFORD HANDICAP 'CHASE, £45. 3 m.

September, ch. g. by Belgravian—Edna May (Mr. Leo Partridge), a, 11-9 ..... D. Moore 1
The Lamb III., a, 9-5 ..... J. Baulk 2
Kilcash Prince, a, 9-6 ..... R. J. O'Ryan 3
Also ran — Lord Burford, a, 9-7 (E. Kennedy); Rosemary's Cottage, a, 9-7 (P. O'Hara). (Winner trained by C. Rogers.)
Betting—3 to 1 on SEPTEMBER, 7 to 1 each agst. The Lamb III. and Lord Burford, 100 to 8 any other. **Tote**—Win, 2/6; places, 2/-. 3/-. 8l.; 4l.

5.0—BRACKENSTOWN FLAT RACE, £45. 1 m. 2 f.

Evening Bells, ch. f. by Reveillon—Circassian Circle (Mr. W. Reilly), 4, 9-7 ..... G. Wells 1
Bill Bailey, 6, 9-6 ..... E. Quirke 2
Miss Albany, 3, 8-11 ..... T. P. Burns 3
(Winner trained by Owner.)
Betting—6 to 4 each agst. Bill Bailey and Miss Albany, 2 to 1 EVENING BELLS. **Tote**—Win: 4/-. Forecast: 10/-. 4 l.; 3 l.

5.30—WIDGER MEMORIAL CUP, value 50 sovs., with £45 added. 2 m.

Messenger Girl, b. f. by September Errand—Lady Galahad, (Mr. W. Murphy), 4, 10-5 ..... W. O'Grady 1
Cappoquin, 4, 10-5 ..... Pierce Murphy 2
Flashing Stream, 6, 11-9 ..... D. Moore 3
Also ran—Dashing Glory, a, 11-9 (T. Moloney). Inspector Wade, a, 11-9 (P. O'Hara); Doorn Kop, a, 11-9 (J. Brogan); Seaton, 6, 11-4 (R. ..... O'Ryan); Golden Knox, a, 11-9 (Mr. J. Woods); Steel Edge, 4, 10-5 (A. Brabazon). (Winner trained by Owner.)
Betting—7 to 2 each agst. Flashing Stream and Dashing Glory, 4 to 1 Golden Knox, 6 to 1 each MESSENGER GIRL and Inspector Wade, 10 to 1 any other. **Tote**—Win, 46/-. Places: 9/-, 10/-, 4/6. Neck; 1½l.
TOTE DOUBLE—Big Blaze and Evening Bells, 42/-.

Dundalk Racecourse premises were disinfected with Jeyes' Fluid.
—(Advt.)

Gaelic Games

Football Semi-finals To-morrow

(By PAT'O.)

Neither the Kerry nor Dublin forwards pleased the critics at Croke Park last Sunday, and some shuffling of places is likely tomorrow. O'Boyle's knee injury has kept the Dublin mid-fielder limping during the week, but he is likely to turn out; McCann, of Geraldines, is held in readiness should any vacancy arise in Dublin's attack. The Killarney forward, Lyne, is mentioned as reserve in Kerry's attack, but it is likely that the thirty players may team-in as at Croke Park.

The former favours Kerry, but there is no mistaking the growing confidence of the Dublinmen, who broke their journey at Limerick last night. Gibbons played so well as partner to Hoff at midfield that he may again use his reach as counterfoil to Brosnan and Kennedy. The issue is open, but Kerry's re-play luck may continue. Despite transport difficulties, the Tralee ground will fill well.

The Croke Park game between Cavan and Galway is widely discussed. Both teams trained seriously at specially selected venues, and both are reported fit, when one hears of Flavin, Mitchell, Casey, and Thornton, all fine players, on the Western reserve list, one must assume Galway's confidence is well fought. The ex-Cavan-Dublin-Kerry-Tipperary-Meath-Louth-Monaghan-Down-Antrim-Donegal-Derry-Armagh-Tyrone-Fermanagh-Leitrim-Sligo-Roscommon-Mayo-Galway-Clare-Limerick-Waterford-Cork-Kildare-Wicklow-Wexford-Carlow-Kilkenny-Laois-Offaly-Westmeath-Longford-Cavan-Monaghan-Donegal-Derry-Tyrone-Armagh-Down-Antrim-Louth-Meath-Dublin-Kerry-Tipperary-Galway-Mayo-Roscommon-Sligo-Leitrim-Fermanagh-Cork-Limerick-Waterford-Clare

STOCK MARKET REPORTS AND PRICES

SHARP RISES IN DUBLIN

G.N.R. ISSUES JUMP ON DIVIDEND

There was a fair volume of business passing in Irish securities on the Dublin Stock Exchange yesterday, and some buying of certain specialities resulted in a few strong features. Quiet conditions prevailed among British Industrials and prices, for the most part, inclined easier.

Home Government Funds held steady, and New Land Bonds jumped 17/6 to 111½, but Exchequer Bonds drooped 10/- to 109¼. British Funds were neglected and Banks showed little life.

Guinness units met with renewed liquidation and fell 1/- to 82/6, only to recover later to 82 10½; the Pref. were lowered to 15¼.

The payment of two years' arrears of dividend on the Guaranteed stock by the Great Northern Railway Co. came as a pleasant surprise to the market, and the under issues came in for strong support. The Ord. gained a point at 8, the Pref. two points at 20, and the Gtd. were not offered under 56. Great Southern Deb. recovered to 452.

SOLUS "A" STRONG

Johnston Mooney Deb. advanced to 9½, and Crowe Wilson Ord. tended higher, but Irish Shell Pref. eased to 19/6. Cement Ord. spurted 1/- to 31/-, and Clondalkin Paper Ord. hardened to 5/6.

There was strong buying of Solus issues, and the "A" strengthened 3/- to 35/-, and "B" were called 2/6 higher around 22/-. Alex. Thom Deb. firmed up to 95, other local issues held steady.

Textiles inclined easier. Coats Ord. dipped to 34.7¼ and Courtaulds to 31/3. B.A.T. Ord. hardened to 88/-, but Imperial Tobacco Ord. lost 1/- at 113/-. Vickers Ord. declined to 16/1½, and Union Steel of Africa quoted 8/9.

OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS

* Odd lot, a asked, b bid.
Previous prices in parentheses.)

GOVERNMENT FUNDS—5 p.c. Second National Loan (under £200), 1147s, 1147s; 5½ p.c. Fourth Loan (1044), 1044; 4 p.c. Conversion Loan (1049½), 1049¼; do. (under £200), 109¼; 3¾ p.c. Financial Agreement (1071½), 1053¼ x.d.; 4 p.c. Exchequer Bonds (110), 109½; 4½ p.c. Land Bonds (1138), 1138sb, 1137sa; do. (under £200) (1134), 1133½; do. New (1117s; do. (under £200) (1103¼), 1103¼; 4 p.c. Land Bonds (1053¼), 1053¼; do. (under £200) (1058s), 1058s.

BANKS—Bank of Ireland (306), 306; Hibernian (35/-), 34·9b; National (33/-), 33/-.

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.—Guinness Ord. (83/6), 82/6, 2/6, *3/-, 82½; do. Pref. (15¼), 15¼.

RAILS, TRANSPORT AND GAS.—Great Northern Ord. (7), *7¼, 8; do. Pref. (18), 19½, *20; do. Guaranteed (51¼), 51b; do. Great Southern Pref. (7), 6sb; do. Deb. (45¾), Dublin Transport Ord. (13/11½), 13/-; Alliance Gas Ord. (19/10½), 19/10½b.

BAKERY AND MILLING. — Johnston Mooney Deb. (8⅞), *9⅛.

DRAPERIES.—Crowe Wilson Ord. (12/9), 13/-.

IRISH INDUSTRIALS.—Burke (E. & J.) Deb. (78/-), 78/-b; Cement Ord. (30/-), 31/-; Clondalkin Paper Ord (5/4½), *5/6; Cooling Pref. (24/-), 24/-b; Gresham Hotel Ord. (31/9), 31/9; Irish Shell Pref. (20/-), *19/6; Irish Sugar Pref. (26/12½), 26/-; May Roberts (Ireland) Ord. (38/-), 38/-; Mooney (J. G.) Ord. (35/-), 35/-a; Solus "A" Ord. (32/-), 35/-; do. "B" Ord. (29/6), 30/-b, 34/-a; Southern Grece Cinema Ord. (1/-), *1/-; Thom (Alex) Deb. (94⅜), *95.

BRITISH INDUSTRIALS.—B.A.T. Ord., 88; Bleachers Pref. 8/-), 8/11½; Coats (and P.) Ord., 34/7½; Courtaulds Ord., 31/3; Curraras "B" Ord. (12/6), 12/6; Imperial Chemical Ord. (31/10½), 31/9b, 32/3a; do. Pref. (32/3), 32/10½; Imperial Tobacco Ord. 113/4½, 113/-; Shell Transport Ord., 49/3, 49/-a; Union Steel of South Africa, 8/9; Vickers Ord., 16/1½.

IRISH BANKS' RATE.—Irish Banks' Rate changed October 26, 1939), 3 p.c.; Rate on Government Stock transferred, 1½ p.c.; Deposits, 1 p.c. The foregoing rates are subject to variation.

OTHER EXCHANGES

BELFAST.—3½ p.c. War Loan, 104⅞; Belfast Corporation 1945, 104⅛; Great Northern 4 p.c. Deb., 63½; do. 4 p.c. Pref., 19, 19½; Electric and Musical, 12½; Imperial Tobacco, 113/9; Shell Transport Ord., 49/3 and P., Coats, 34/7½.

CORK.—Fourth National Loan, 1044; Conversion Loan, 1049¼; Exchequer Bonds, 109⅝; Land Bonds, 1053¼; Great Southern Deb. 45¾; Goulding Ord., 22/-; Guinness Ord. 82/6; Solus "A" 35/-.

MANCHESTER.—Stocks were quieter before the week-end, but Textiles were again in demand. Bleachers, 3/-, 3/3; Textiles, 6/-, 6/3; "Slubbers," 4/3, 4/6; Calicos, 5/3, 5/6; Coats, 35/-, 36/-; Courtaulds, 31/3, 31/9; Dunlops, 36/-, 36/3; Cottons, 26/-, 27/-; Velvet, 4/-, 4/3; Spinners, 4/-, 4/3; Henrys, 8/6, 9/-; Turner and Newall, 72/-, 73/-; Wall Paper Def. 25/-, 26/-.

BIRMINGHAM.—Austins and Alvis better. Meadows rose to 14/-. Standards and Triplex easier. Small Arms strong at 21/9. Alvis, 3/-; Austin "A," 15/11½; Dennis, 21/3; Dunlop, 36/3; Enfield, 16/4½; Ford, 21/9; Humber, 12/6; Leyland, 72/9; Lucas, 59/6; Morris, 29/10½; Napier, 6/7½; Raleigh, 59/9; Rolls, 80/7½; Singer, 2/-; Standard, 13/7½; Triplex, 24/11½; Rover, 16/3.

LONDON LITTLE CHANGED

TENDENCY TO TAKE PROFITS

The London Stock markets yesterday had an uninteresting appearance, and with business on an attenuated scale movements were generally narrow, though there were some bright spots in certain groups. The joint declaration of policy on behalf of the British and U.S. Governments was not responsible for any immediate exhibition of strength, and, with a tendency to take profits before the week-end where they were available, the tendency in some markets was lower.

This was particularly the case with Gilt edged stocks, where British Government securities were fractionally easier, 3½ p.c. Conversions fell ¼, and Victory Bonds, as well as 4 p.c. Consols and Local Loans, all shed ¼. War Loan also lost ground, though the decline was only ⅛.

In the Foreign market there was not much business, but Japanese descriptions were rather better.

ADVANCE IN RAILS

British Rails presented a firmer front in the expectation that the terms of the new agreement between the companies and the Government will be announced shortly and that they will prove of benefit to the railways. L.N.E. First Pref. put on a point to 45-, and both the 4 p.c. Pref. issues of L.M.S. appreciated to the extent of 1/ while Great Westerns were ½ to the good, but L.M.S. Ord. and Southern Def. Ord. were both easier. Canadian Pacifics hardened fractionally, with South American Rails generally maintained.

Movements in the Industrial market were generally of small extent and of an undecided character. Cables lost ½ at 62½. Dunlop Rubbers shed 1½d. at 36/3, and Boots Drug lost a few pence. On the other hand, "Emmies" hardened the turn, and Hudson's Bays recovered to the extent of 6d. at 25/4½. Imperial Chemicals were just the turn lower at 32/-. London Bricks were in request and were marked up 6d., and Triplex Glass put on another 6d. to 24/-. Bovrils added 3d., but Marks and Spencers were the turn lower.

"IMPS" LOWER

Imperial Tobacco had to meet a little selling, and finished with a loss of ⅛ at 54⅛. "Bats" held their ground at 44, while Carreras were ½ to the good. Among Breweries Watneys improved 3d., but Distillers were a trifle lower. In the Motor section Fords hardened the turn to 22/-, but Morris were lower by 7½d. Thomas Tilling, at 46/6, were 1/- to the good, and Standards added 3d. and Leylands 7½d.

Iron and Steel shares were quietly irregular. Vickers lost 1½d. to 16/4½, but United Steels improved to that extent. In the Shipping group, P. and O. Def. shed 9d., but others were firm. Textiles and Rayons were quiet, with Courtaulds lower.

Oils had a dull appearance, and movements were all against holders. Shells fell 1.3, and Anglo-Iranians and Burmahs both lost 7½d. Mexican Eagles held their ground, but Canadians shed 1½d.

MARIEVALES SOLD

In the Mining market Blyvoors were again a firm feature, and after a day of fairly active trading finished 6d. to the good at 23/6. Western Holdings shed 3d., but Western Reefs and West Wits held their ground. Marievales had to meet a little week-end selling and lost 3d. at 22/3, but Libanons advanced another 6d. to 13/6.

Among the big Kaffirs, Crown Mines moved up ¼ to 104. Rhodesians were quietly firm, with Charterreds held at 21/3 and Roans 3d. better at 13/-. In the Diamond group De Beers Def. shed ⅛ and the Prefd. fell ¼.

West Africans were a trifle better, though business was still on a small scale. Ashanti and G.C. Selections both finished a few pence to the good.

DRAWING OF 4½ PER CENT. LAND BONDS

The Minister for Finance announces that for the purpose of the application of the Sinking Fund moneys of the Land Bond Fund a draw of registered 4½ per Cent. Land Bonds (British Government Guaranteed) Series will be held at the National City Bank, Ltd., Dublin, on 15th October, 1941, and subsequent days, if necessary.

The amount of Sinking Fund moneys available for the purposes of the forthcoming draw is £114,828. Particulars of the bonds and groups of bonds drawn will be published in *Iris Oifigiuil* as soon as possible after the draw, and in any case not later than 1st November, 1941, and these bonds will be paid off at par, together with all interest accrued due, on and after 1st January, 1942.

The amount of 4½ per Cent. Land Bonds registered on the 12th August, 1941, was £21,889,116.

IRON AND STEEL MERGER TALK

It is understood that a move has been made towards a merger of certain Irish iron and steel companies. The negotiations are still in the very earliest stage, but it is expected that a definite decision will have been reached before the end of the month.

A DULL DAY ON WALL STREET

NEWS STIMULUS LACKING

NEW YORK, Friday.

The lack of stimulus in the news, with the Roosevelt-Churchill declaration again a neutral factor, resulted in the continuance of one of the longest stalemates in the history of Wall Street.

Sales totalled 390,000 shares, comprising 685 issues, of which 127 advanced, 399 declined and 159 were unchanged.

Though conditions at the opening were dull the tone was firm, but gains were limited to minor fractions. In the afternoon trading was slow in an easy market. A few Aircrafts and scattered Industrials managed to maintain an even keel, but fractional declines were strewn over a wide front. Weakness, however, was a rarity. The Steel, Rubber and Motor groups were all easy.

Douglas Aircrafts' improved share earnings for the first six months helped to bolster the Aircraft division, but the threat of a scrap shortage is hanging over the Steels. Copper, Rail, Oil, Chemical and Farm Implement shares were soft, while a handful of the leaders dropped a point.

Trading continued extremely dull, and losses ranging to a point were general. The Steels were very heavy.

The close was easy.—(Reuter.)

	Fri.	Thu.
Call Money	1⅝	1⅝
London Cables	4.03¼	4.03½
Montreal Cables	4.53¼	4.54

Parity	Stocks.	Closing Bid Fri.	Thu.
59/16	Baltimore and Ohio	4½	4⅝
51/16	Canadian Pacific	4⅝	4¾
82/9	Louisville and Nashville	66½	67¾
15½	N.Y. Central	12½	12⅝
250/16	Norfolk and W. Com.	201½	201½
28/16	Pennsylvania	23	23½
19/16	Reading	16	16½
16/16	Southern Pacific	13½	13¾
21/16	Southern Railway	17	17⅜
100/4	Union Pacific	80⅞	80⅞
	INDUSTRIALS.		
199/16	Allied Chemical	161	160¼
—	American Locomotive	—	—
—	American Metal	—	—
100/16	American Can	80¾	82⅛
50/16	American Smelting	41	41⅝
198/16	American Tel and Tel.	152⅝	152¾
33/8	Anaconda Copper	27⅜	27¾
83/8	Bethlehem Steel	67½	68¾
—	Case (J.)	—	—
70/8	Chrysler Corporation	56⅝	56⅞
172/16	Eastman Kodak	139	139⅞
38/16	General Electric	31⅜	31¾
46/4	General Motors	37¾	37¾
32/2	International Nickel	26¼	26⅝
2/32	Do. Tel and Tel.	2⅛	2¼
45/32	Kennecott Copper	37	37
4/15	Radio Corporation	4	4
17/16	Shell Union	14⅛	14
27/8	U.S. Rubber	22½	22⅞
70/16	U.S. Steel Common	56¾	57⅛
148/2	Do. Preferred	120⅛	120⅝
37/16	Woolworth	29⅝	29⅞
—	Silver Com. Bars	34¾	34¾
6/32	Brazilian Traction	5½	5½
9/8	B.A. Tobacco Coupon	8	8
	BONDS.		
—	U.S. Treas. 3¼% '45-55	—	—
11	7% German Ext. Loan	8⅞	8⅞

† Ex dividend.

MONTREAL EXCHANGE

Eng. Equiv.		Closing Bid Fri.	Thu.
163/2	Beil Tel (Canada)	146½	147½
8/8	Brazilian T.L. and P.	7½	7⅝
26/2	B.C. Power "A"	24	23½
11/16	Do "B"	1.75	1.75
7/2	Canadian Car and F.	6½	6½
25/4	Do. Preferred	23	23⅛
29/16	Canadian Celanese Com.	26	26
130/8	Do. Pref.	117	117
5/8	Canadian Cement	5¼	5¼
7	Canadian Pacific	6¼	6½
5/8	Cockshutt Plow	5	4¾
41/8	Con. M and Smelt.	37½	37¾
24/16	Distillers' Seagrams	21½	22¼
80/16	Dom. Textiles	72	71
10/16	Imperial Oil	9¼	9⅝
13/16	Imp. Tobacco (Canada)	12⅛	12
37/16	Int. Nickel of Canada	33¼	33¼
15/16	International Petroleum	13½	13½
2/32	Massey Harris	2¼	2½
24/2	Montreal Light & Heat	21⅞	21¾
27/16	National Brewers	24½	24½
38/8	National Steel Car	34½	34½
—	Power Corp. (Canada)	—	—
12	Quebec Power	10¾	10¾
14/32	Shawinigan Water	13⅛	13
9/8	Southern Canadian Power	8⅝	8⅝
71/8	Steel Co. of Canada	64	63⅝
14	Hollinger Mines	12½	12¼
60/8	Noranda Mines	54¾	54½
203/8	Bank of Montreal	182	182
163/16	Canadian Bank of Com.	146	146
—	Royal Bank of Canada	—	—
	CURB PRICES.		
46/32	Hiram Walker	41¾	—
16/16	Lake Shore Mines	14¾	14
53/16	McIntyre Porcupine	48	—

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE

RISES AND FALLS OF THE WEEK

The following are the rises and falls in stocks and shares dealt in on the Dublin Stock Exchange during the past week, as compared with the prices recorded or dealt in on August 8th:—

RISES.

	Price. Aug. 8.	Price. Aug. 15.	
New Land Bonds	110½	111¾	+1¼
War Loan	104⅜	104½	+⅛
Funding Loan	113½	114	+½
Dub. Corp. 4½% Stk.	105	106	+1
Mun. & Lein. Bank.	95/0	95/6	+0/6
G.N.R. Ord.	7	8	+1
G.N.R. Pref.	17½	20	+2½
Distillers Ord.	64/0	68/3	+4/3
Dub. Distillers "A"	5/7½	6/0	+0/4½
Guinness Ord.	82/6	82/10½	+0/4½
Guinness Pref.	15½	15½	+½
Grand Canal Ord.	58/8	59/0	+0/4
Alliance Gas Ord.	19/0	19/10½	+0/10½
Johnston, Mooney Debs.	8⅞	9¼	+½
Ranks Ord.	15/3	16/3	+1/0
Crowe, Wilson Ord.	12/9	13/0	+0/3
Burke Deb.	78/0	78/3	+0/3
Cement Ord.	30/0	31/0	+1/0
Cement Deb.	109¼	109¾	+½
C'dalkin Paper Ord	5/3	5/6	+0/3
Gallaher Ord.	87/5	100/0	+2/6
Indep't. "B" Ord.	46/0	46/3	+0/3
Irish Times 5½% Pf.	12/9	14/0	+1/3
Solus Teoranta "A"	32/0	35/0	+3/0
Stephens G'n Cinema Ord.	0/6	1/0	+0/6
B.A.T. Ord.	85/0	88/0	+3/0
Imp. Tobacco Ord.	108/4½	113/0	+4/7½
Turner & NewallOrd.	70/7½	72/6	+1/10½
Courtaulds Ord.	30/4½	31/3	+0/10½

FALLS.

	Price. Aug. 8.	Price. Aug. 15.	
2nd Nat. Loan	115½	115	-½
Conversion Loan	109¾	109½	-¼
Land Bonds	114½	113⅝	-⅞
4% Land Bonds	106½	105½	-1
Consols	81½	81	-½
Hibernian Bank	35/3	35/0	-0/3
National Bank	33/3	32/9	-0/3
G.S.R. Deb.	47½	45½	-1½
Irish Shell Pref.	20/0	19/6	-0/6
Cement Pref.	29/3	29/0	-0/3
Goodbody Pref.	20/0	19/6	-0/6
Smyth Ord.	17/6	17/0	-0/6
Imp. Chemical Ord.	32/4½	31/10½	-0/6

COMPANY NEWS

Beecham Maclean Holdings.—Interim of 18 per cent. and a final of 7½ per cent., making 25½ per cent. (against 27·2·5 per cent.).

Crosswells Cardiff Brewery.—Net profit £14,245 (against £23,184 for 15 months to March 31, 1940); dividend 3 p.c. (against 6 p.c.).

Chrysler Corporation.—Half-yearly earnings $20,975,000 (equal to $4.82 per share), compared with earnings of $30,494,000 (equal to $7.01); dividend of $1.50 on the Common stock.

Eno Proprietaries.—Interim of 14.4 per cent. For the previous 15 months the dividend was 20·3·5 per cent.

Gold Fields Rhodesian.—Net profit £81,243 (against £86,191); dividend 5 p.c. (against nil).

George Mallinson and Son.—Interim dividend 7½ p.c. (same).

H.P. Sauce.—Interim dividend 7½ p.c. (same).

Hoover.—Interim 3½ per cent. (actual).

International Tea Company's Stores.—Net profit before taxation is £715,995 (against £667,815). The final dividend is repeated at 7 p.c., again making 12 p.c. for the year, and the carry forward is almost unchanged at £119,062.

Light Production.—Dividend 20 per cent. (against 10 per cent.).

Maclaens.—Interim of 29¼ per cent. for 1940-'41, and 12 per cent. on account of the period to March, 1942. The total for 1939-'40 was 42½ per cent.

Manvers Main Collieries.—Dividend 7 per cent. (same).

North Kalgurli (1912).—Net receipts declined to £162,709 from £176,430; total distribution 75 p.c., compared with 100 p.c.

Peter Walker (Warrington) and Robert Cain.—Interim 2½ per cent.

Whitworth and Mitchell.—Profit £103,916 (against £101,200); final dividend of 5 p.c. (same).

Yeast Vite.—Distribution of 60 per cent. (against 52½ per cent. for 1939-'40).

At a meeting of the Dublin Port and Docks Board the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor (Alderman Peadar S. Doyle, T.D.) was formally declared a member of the Board.

BRITAIN ACQUIRES MORE BONDS

WHAT STOCKHOLDERS SHOULD DO

Further Canadian sterling securities have been transferred to the British Treasury, in full agreement with the Government of Canada, to assist in the financing of the war effort.

Owners of securities affected should deliver them, accompanied by the necessary documents to the Bank of England, or to the Bank of Ireland, Belfast. Payment will be on October 6 for holdings lodged with the Bank of England by September 15, or three weeks after lodgment.

Special facilities are available for reinvestment of the consideration money in certain Government loans. Bankers and stockbrokers should be consulted for details.

The securities concerned and the price of acquisition are as follows:—

SECURITY. (Price per £100 nominal).
Govt. of Canada 4 p.c. Reg., 1953-1958 ..... £110 12 11
Govt. of Canada 3½ p.c. Reg., 1950-1955 ..... £104 2 5
Govt. of Canada 3½ p.c. Reg., 1958-1963 ..... £104 2 5
Ontario 4½ p.c. Reg., 1945-1965 ..... £105 7 6
Ontario 4 p.c. Reg., 1947 ... £105 2 6

FOOD AND PRODUCE MARKETS

DUBLIN METROPOLITAN CATTLE

Cattle supplies larger than last day, total arrivals being 1,540 head. The attendance of buyers included much the same personnel as before. Dealings in most cases opened a bit cautiously, but soon settled down to a more freer groove inside previous values. Choice heavy-weight bullocks formed a very small proportion of entries, and, where found, commanded previous full values; but secondary or unfinished beasts, especially late arrivals, proved slow enough to cash. For the pick of heifers demand was fairly good, and, with small numbers of the rougher class to deal with, a fair clearance was effected inside previous money. Best heifers 52/- to 53/-, extra 53/6 to 54/-; secondary sorts 50/- to 51/-. For the pick of bullocks prices ran around 54/- to 56/-, with fancy drafts up to 57/-; good secondary types 52/- to 53/-, and rougher 48/- to 51/- per cwt.

The supply of sheep and lambs totalled 1,211 head, few of which showed real choice quality. In the circumstances, sales proved quiet and prices inclined to weaken; in fact, some buyers were able to trade at 2/- per head less than last day, at:—Lambs 28/- to 46/- per head, and wether mutton around 9d. to 10d. per lb.

GRAIN.

DUBLIN GRAIN.—Light offerings, with values firmer at:—Oats 40/- to 41/- per barrel delivered.

PROVISIONS.

DUBLIN FISH.—Supplies included 26 packages salmon, 11 boxes lobsters, 240 boxes mackerel and a fair amount from country and local senders. Demand good, at:—Salmon, best 4/- to 4/1, secondary 3/3 to 3/8; trout 3/- to 3/3, turbot 1/- to 1/9, brill 1/- to 1/7, soles, black large 3/- to 3/9, others 1/10 to 2/8 per lb.; lobsters 5/- to 27/- per 13, plaice 60/- to 114/-, mackerel 1/- to 12/6, ray 15/- to 38/-, dabs 15/- to 47/- and whiting 30/- to 68/- box.

DUBLIN POULTRY.—Supplies good, with sales freer at:—Chickens, dead 1/6 to 2/6 each; grazers 1/2 to 1/3, rabbits 1/1 to 1/2; grouse, young 2/6 to 3/-, old 1/6 to 2/-, wild duck 1/- to 1/6, and teal 4d. to 6d. each.

DUBLIN BUTTER AND EGG.—Creams in good supply, with sales well maintained at:—Best creamery 163/- per cwt. cash, less allowance on boxes. Eggs under seasonal production, and values firmer in the main at:—Specials 25/- to 25/6, standards 22/- to 23/6, selected 20/6 to 21/6, bullets and seconds 15/6 to 20/-, and ducks 21/- to 22/- per 120.

DUBLIN FRUIT AND VEGETABLE.—General supplies good, with prices in the main satisfactory at:—Potatoes, large 25/- to 30/-, small 5/- to 49/- load; cauliflowers, best 5/- to 6/-, lettuce 6d. to 1/-, marrows 2/- to 5/-, cucumbers 4/- to 8/- doz.; beet 2/- to 2/6, radishes 2d. to 1/3, carrots 1/6 to 2/6, parsnips 2/6 to 3/-, rhubarb 2/3 to 3/6 doz. bundles; onions 1/- to 2/6, scallions 1/- to 3/-, celery 1/- to 2/6, turnips 1/- to 1/3 bunch; swedes 5/3 to 6/6 per cwt.; parsley 2/- to 2/6 bag; spinach 1/9 to 2/6 bag; plums 14/- to 19/-, broad beans 1/6 to 3/-, pears 14/- to 19/-, apples 1/6 to 13/6, cherries 12/- to 14/6, tomatoes 9/- to 13/-, gooseberries 6/- to 10/- chip; peaches 3/- to 8/-, and nectarines 4/- to 5/- tray.

GRIMSBY FISH.—Cod, catfish, ling, jumbo, gibber, medium and chat haddocks, large and medium sprags, codling, codfish and dogfish, all 8/- per stone (with heads on); lemon soles and plaice 16/6, haibut 22/-, dabs and hake 16/6 per stone.

MANCHESTER SALMON, GAME AND POULTRY.—Arrivals of salmon on rather smaller scale, and prices well maintained at recent levels. Irish salmon quoted 4/6 per lb. Grouse not very plentiful, but demand satisfactory; young grouse 11/- to 15/-, old 5/- to 8/- brace. Scarcity of all descriptions of dead poultry continues, and no difficulty experienced in effecting a clearance. Best fowls, chickens and ducks sell readily at controlled price of 1/7 per lb.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DUBLIN HAY AND STRAW.—Hay supplies small, with demand good for all classes at previous values. Best quality 5/3 to 5/6, secondary 4/6 to 4/9. Straw in few loads on offer, and readily placed at 2/6 to 3/- per cwt.

J. LIGHTFOOT & SON, M.I.A.A., HAY, STRAW, CORN and POTATO FACTORS, MARY'S LANE and GEORGE'S HILL, DUBLIN. (Established 1813).—(Advt.).

LONDON MONEY MARKET

At yesterday's Treasury bill tender the market syndicate again succeeded in improving its quota of paper, which represented 34 p.c. of requirements, as compared with 30 p.c. a week ago. The average rate of allotment at £1 0/0.31 showed little alteration. The amount of bills allotted equals the corresponding maturities.

Silver prices were again unchanged at 23⅞d. per oz. for spot and forward. No business was reported.

An Order in Council made yesterday extends for two years or until the end of the war, if earlier, the power of the Treasury to authorise variations in the fiduciary note issue.

This issue, representing notes backed by Government securities, was increased to £500,000,000 in September, 1939, and extended to £680,000,000 by a Treasury minute expiring on August 30.

SAFEGUARD AGAINST FARMERS' LOSSES

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

TIPPERARY, Friday.

If the State were prepared, through a voluntary organisation, to help producers, they must also be prepared to protect against loss the producer who used his own loan, stated the Rev. J. M. Hayes, C.C., National President, Muintir na Tire, when addressing a regional conference of the organisation in Tipperary to-day.

The conference expressed the opinion that the prices of feeding-stuffs should be equal to that obtained by the farmer for his produce. It was stated that farmers were purchasing feeding-stuffs at prices which were nearly double that guaranteed for wheat crop, and that it would be advisable to devise a system of protection for the farmers, such as insurance.

Mrs. E. G. Lister playing in the semi-final of the ladies' singles in the Co. Wicklow Lawn Tennis Championships at Bray.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

DISTRESS IN DUBLIN

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—A letter from a South African reader appeared in your issue of August 14th deploring the conditions under which our poor live in Dublin, and suggesting certain remedies. The terrible conditions alluded to were not only brought dramatically before us in Dr. Collis's "Marrowbone Lane," but also by two instances from real life which have occurred recently. The first was the collapse of two of what, I fear, must be called our typical tenements, following the North Strand bombing, and the second, a fact given by Dr. Collis in a speech at the Gaiety, that a baby was brought to a hospital literally frozen to death by the bitter cold of last winter, which had found its unfortunate parents with a fireless grate.

Hundreds of people have been moved to compassion by these terrible happenings in a country that is Christian, and many schemes have been set on foot to try and alleviate the coming hardships for the poor of this wartime winter. But the core of the matter—i.e., the fearful housing conditions of the tenement dwellers, is still practically untouched. There I must pay a tribute to the Government's efforts in housing schemes, the fruits of which are apparent in many blocks of model flats and new houses. But the real fact is that if the names of the owners of those decrepit deathtraps, in which our poor huddle, were suddenly made public Dublin would assuredly get what is known as "the father and mother" of a big surprise.

Public opinion will never rise to the requisite pitch of wrath until these people, who do not collect their rents themselves, and can, therefore, go on blissfully allowing houses to go on to the highest pitch of decay unchecked and unstigmatised, are known, and have the one thing that they really fear, loss of respectability and the esteem of their neighbours, come upon them to galvanise them at last into activity.

It may well be asked how this can be done, but if people were only sufficiently aroused to pity and indignation, they would make it their business to find out. A really concerted effort this winter would, perhaps, save many lives among the aged and children, if landlords could be driven to the necessary repairs.

I wonder how many of your readers would like to go down three flights of rickety stairs on a freezing winter morning for just one bucket of water? Recently I revisited a street, very close to what is considered the fashionable part of the city, after an absence of a considerable number of years. In one of its tenements I had visited a poor family, and, as a helpless girl of seventeen had clenched my fist at that awful house that I was powerless to do anything about, and vowed that if ever it was in my power I would raise my voice and hand to tear it down.

After some twenty years that house still stands, and I do not think that it has grown any younger. Can we not, in Heaven's name, do something before any more of these death traps kill off our people, if not by actually collapsing, then by disease? Can we be called a Christian country while we tolerate them? Can we arouse people, and create the frame of mind that would make a man answer the Recording Angel's stern question: "Did you own a Dublin tenement"? with: "Oh, no! I only robbed a blind man of his pennies." I sincerely hope that we can. I write this to redeem that hopeless promise of twenty years ago.—Yours, etc.,

SHEILA BEVERIDGE.

5 Eglinton Park, Donnybrook, Dublin, August 14th, 1941.

THE JOINT DECLARATION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Irish readers will naturally presume that in their joint declaration the American President and English Prime Minister did not overlook Ireland when they were basing "their hopes for a better future for the world."

Surely Principle No. 3, which states that "they respect the right of all peoples to choose the form of government under which they will live, and they wish to see sovereign rights and self-government restored to those who have been forcibly deprived of them," is of special importance and significance to a country whose "sovereign rights and self-government" have been so long denied it?

Having a prior claim, and as evidence of good faith, it would be well for England, while she still has the opportunity, to put Principle No. 3 into operation now so far as Ireland is concerned.—Yours, etc.,

LIAM D. WALSH.

August 14th, 1941.

COMMUNITY KITCHENS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—With reference to the interesting articles in the *Irish Times* on community kitchens, the following facts about the Meath Street Diningroom may be of interest.

As stated in Monday's paper, this diningroom has been run for the past six years by the Women's Christian Total Abstinence Union. But it has a much longer history behind it. It was started in 1900 by a small committee of ladies (members of the Society of Friends), and carried on very successfully for over thirty years. Although the prices were very low (soup for a penny or a halfpenny, and tea at the same price), the diningroom paid its way, and was self-supporting for many years. The late Countess of Meath was very much interested in this work, and gave the money to build the premises where it is still carried on.

In those days communal kitchens were a novelty, and the soup and rice pudding were much appreciated by the customers. One of them was heard to remark: "The soup is very good, but the bacon and cabbage would go to your heart."—Yours, etc.,

"ONE OF THE OLD TIMERS."

Dublin, August 12th, 1941.

TURF IN INSTALMENTS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—To-day I asked my coal merchant to deliver two tons of turf to me. I was told I could only have four cwts., for which I paid 11s. I inquired if the merchants themselves were rationing turf to their customers, but was informed that that was not so.

When, then, could I have my next "ration" of four cwt.? To-morrow I was told. I could get another four cwt. the day after that, and so on. I was told I could book my two tons to be delivered daily in four cwt. lots—ten separate deliveries on ten separate days, consecutive if I wished, each lot to cost me 11s., or 55s. a ton. When I pointed out that the Government-controlled price in Dublin was 45s. a ton, I was informed that the Government-controlled price per bag was 2s. 9d. In other words, at an extra profit to himself of £1, the merchant was forcing me to buy the two tons of turf at the bag rate. What a very "legal" fraud!

Notice, too, that in these times, when every gallon of petrol is vital to the life of the nation, this merchant was prepared to make ten separate runs of approximately three miles each to deliver my two tons of turf.—Yours, etc.,

ANTHONY T. LUCAS.

"Cois Coille," Bird avenue, Clonskeagh, Dublin. August 13th, 1941.

TREES AT MOUNT MERRION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—With reference to your able leader on the trees at Mount Merrion, there are a few points we should like to bring to the notice of your readers, many of whom have helped us considerably in our efforts to prevent an unwarranted and indefensible felling. Our Association is working with all the means at its disposal to save the trees at Mount Merrion, not only—on this point we want to make ourselves clear—in our own interests, but in the interests of those who come after us, and the thousands of citizens who, Sunday after Sunday, enjoy a day's outing in the sylvan settings of Mount Merrion, settings delightfully and artistically planned by true lovers of beauty almost two hundred years ago.

The whole story of the attempted spoliation of the trees at Mount Merrion goes back some little time. In fact (and this is what we cannot understand) our Association was informed, verbally and by letter, that the wood at Mount Merrion was scheduled for preservation as a public park by the competent town planning authority. Further, a prohibition order against the felling of trees at Mount Merrion was issued some years ago, and we have no information that this order was ever revoked. In the light, therefore, of this information it is incomprehensible to us that the question of felling should arise again, a felling that is in direct opposition to the letter of the Town Planning Act; it is obvious that the wood at Mount Merrion is one of the vital lungs so necessary for the well-being of a community, and the trees at present constitute a definite screen and windbreak, without which Mount Merrion, because of its height above sea level, would be subject to the high winds sweeping from the mountains.

Despite the existence of prohibition orders and a breach of good faith, Irish Homes, Limited, on the 21st November, gave notice to the Forestry Division of their intention to fell some nine hundred trees on the estate, under the Provisions of the Forestry Act, 1928, claiming exemption from prohibition on the utterly ridiculous grounds that the trees on the avenue were standing within one hundred feet of buildings, and those in the wood were for the most part dead. We are quite willing to admit that the trees on the avenue stand within one hundred feet of buildings, but the buildings are not the property of Irish Homes, Ltd., but of leaseholders who purchased their homes on the very clear understanding that the trees would be preserved intact; and these leaseholders have for the most part contributed generously towards the fund for the preservation of the trees. With regard to the claim that many of the trees in the wood are dead, we are willing to admit some trees are dead, but Irish Homes, Ltd., want to fell nine hundred trees, and their statement of disease or death can be disproved by expert opinion. Notwithstanding the absurdity of this exemption claim, the "Minister has not prohibited the felling in either case."

Irish Homes, Ltd., can vouch no valid reason for embarking on this dastardly scheme—they have not attempted to—but we know the trees have a very definite commercial value as fuel, and this is the sole reason for felling. To-day Irish Homes, Ltd., has virtually no inter

AUCTIONS.

THOS. DOCKRELL

SONS & CO., LTD.,

PROPERTY AUCTION,

THURSDAY, 4th SEPTEMBER,

At 1.15, at our Property Salerooms, South Great George's St.

GREENVILLE, 79 IONA ROAD,

Soundly-built house, pre-1914; brick throughout, semi-detached, non-basement, with granite base. Very convenient R.C. church, schools and all services.

Accommodation:—2 large reception rooms, breakfast room, 4 family bedrooms, kitchen, h. and c. bath, separate lavatory, large pantry; electric light and power plugs throughout; gas laid on; side entrance, outside lavatory, coal house, garden and large shed.

The house is in excellent condition throughout and is well worth inspection.

Held for 900 years, subject to £7 per an. P.L.V. £28 Seen on Order to View from the Auctioneers.

Messrs. PORTER, MORRIS & CO., Solicitors having Carriage of Sale, 10 Clare Street.

N.B.—Please note, our list is now open to include bookings for above date.

THOS. DOCKRELL

SONS & CO., LTD.,

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, M.I.A.A.,

SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN.

TELEPHONE 71351 (10 lines) and Private Exchange.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.'S SALES

AT 110 GRAFTON STREET.

SALE TUESDAY NEXT, at 2 p.m.,

ATTRACTIVE INVESTMENTS.

£39 14s. 2d. PER ANNUM, payable under lease for ever out of the Fee Simple Premises, 10 DAME STREET, now portion of the Munster and Leinster Bank. A Security of the very highest class.

£114 7s. 8d. PER ANNUM, payable out of 58 WILLIAM STREET and premises in COPPINGER'S ROW, both held under Fee-Farm Grant at the rent of £26 17s. 0d. per annum.

The premises have a frontage to William street of 44 feet, a width in the rear of 44 feet, and a depth from front to rear of 110 feet, as set out in Fee-Farm Grant. The front portion 58 William street is let to the Corporation of Dublin for 99 years from 1909, with a clause of surrender by the Corporation at the end of every fifth year, at the yearly rent of £34 3s. 4d. free from all rates and taxes, save Income Tax. The Corporation holding has a depth of 79 feet 10 inches along Coppinger's Row. No. 2 Coppinger's Row, which lies immediately behind 58 William street, is sub-leased under Fee-Farm Grant at a rent now adjusted to £6 6s. 6d. The rental from both premises amounts to £141 4s. 8d. and, deducting the superior rent of £26 17s. 0d., there remains for sale £114 7s. 8d. An attractive investment.

£18 2s. 7d. PER ANNUM, WELL-SECURED PROFIT RENT arising out of the premises Nos. 8 to 15 (inclusive) MOSS STREET and 31 FOGLEEG STREET, held under Fee-Farm Grant, July, 1890, at the yearly rent of £23 6s. 11d. Sub-leased to five lessees, all of whom hold for ever, at rents totalling £41 9s. 6d leaving for sale a clear, well-secured rent of £18 2s. 7d. per annum.

HENRY F. CHIDLEY Solicitor, 11 South Frederick street.

31 GRACE PARK ROAD, DRUMCONDRA.

ATTRACTIVELY-SITUATED HOUSE.

Semi-detached, non-basement House, occupying a high situation, overlooking open grounds and within easy reach of the main road 'bus service.

Drawingroom with bay window, diningroom, 3 bedrooms, bathroom, tiled kitchen with Reeston Boiler, maid's room. Nice garden and facilities for garage. P.L.V. £22.

Held for long term subject to £5 per annum. Possession to purchaser. Seen by appointment.

HORAN & DEVINE, Solicitors, 12 Dame street.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,

Auctioneers and Valuers, 110 GRAFTON STREET.

HAMILTON & HAMILTON.

FURNITURE AUCTION,

ANNAVILLE, DUNDRUM, CO. DUBLIN,

On WEDNESDAY, 27th AUGUST, at 12 Noon sharp.

HAVING SOLD THE RESIDENCE, we are further instructed to SELL THE LARGE RESIDUE OF ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE, Engravings by James Barry, R.H.A., Bartolozzi and others; Farm and Garden Implements, etc.; Milch Cow. Fuller details later.

On WEDNESDAY, 10th SEPTEMBER, at 2.30 p.m.

(UNLESS PREVIOUSLY DISPOSED OF).

IN OUR SALEROOMS, 17 DAWSON STREET,

HAZELWOOD, KILMACUD ROAD, DUNDRUM, CO. DUBLIN,

ON ALMOST 4 ACRES.

Magnificently built granite pre-war detached residence standing in its own grounds, which are easy of upkeep. Orchard flower and vegetable gardens, 2 paddocks.

The residence is in first-class order and repair and contains: Large entrance porch and hall, cloakroom (h. and c.), 2 reception rooms, study, 4 family bedrooms, 2 maids' rooms, large kitchen (Ideal boiler and new Aga cooker), bathroom, etc. Electric light and power. Good out-offices.

SEEN ONLY ON OUR "ORDER TO VIEW."

Held on Lease for 1,042 years unexpired, subject to £60 per annum, but indemnified by other property against £25 thereof, leaving a net rent payable of £35 per annum.

P.L.V.s—Buildings, £50 0s. 0d.; Lands, £10.

Solicitors: Messrs. McCANN & MURPHY, 32 Nassau Street, Dublin.

HAMILTON & HAMILTON,

ESTATE AGENTS AND VALUERS,

17 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN. 'Phone 75438.

NEWTOWN PARK, BLACKROCK.

FREEHOLD ON 21 ACRES.

WE are instructed by the Executors to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION at the early date (if not previously sold), Newtown Park is a delightful old-world residence, standing on 21 acres. The grounds include tastefully laid-out walks, parterre garden, together with a well-stocked walled-in fruit and vegetable garden.

The residence contains excellent accommodation, and would make an ideal family home.

Can be inspected ONLY on Order to View from Auctioneers. Solicitors:—

Messrs. MARTLEY and BARLEE, 30 Westland row, Dublin.

6 CROSTHWAITE PARK, E., DUN LAOGHAIRE.

HOUSE AND FURNITURE.

The above for Sale BY PUBLIC AUCTION on WEDNESDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER (if not previously sold). Held free of rent.

For full details see later advertisements.

THE DOWNS HOUSE, DELGANY, CO. WICKLOW.

Charming well-appointed gentleman's Residence; 3 reception rooms, 6 bedrooms, etc.; electric light, water by gravitation; beautifully laid-out grounds. TOWARDS OF 150 ACRES (140 acres arable). Practically freehold. FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY. PRICE REASONABLE.

SOLE AGENTS:—

GARVEY & GOOD,

F.S.I., M.I.A.A.,

Chartered Surveyors, Valuers and Auctioneers,

LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN.

AUCTION, TUESDAY, 26th AUGUST, AT 2 O'CLOCK,

IN SALEROOMS, 188 PEARSE STREET.

COMPACT, SEMI-DETACHED RESIDENCE.

VACANT POSSESSION.

NO. 15 ARNOTT STREET, DUBLIN

(Off S. Circular road, Harrington street).

Lease 900 years from 1872 at £3 5/- per annum. P.L.V. £15. One sittingroom, 3 bedrooms, bath, kitchen, gas; gardens front and rear; rear entrance; space for garage.

ON VIEW AFTER 5 EACH EVENING.

Conditions of Sale from

JOHN J. SHEIL, Solicitor, 28 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

WILLIAM J. HERON,

Auctioneer, M.I.A.A.

188 PEARSE STREET, DUBLIN.

SALE OF MEADOW, WHEAT AND OATS.

WE are instructed by the Receiver to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at RYEBROOK LEALUN, on TUESDAY, 19th AUGUST, starting at Conley road entrance:—20 Acres good, old, Upland Meadow, 5 Acres Oats, and 1 Acre Red Marvel Wheat. Sale at 3.30 p.m.

ROBERT J. GOFF & CO., LTD.,

M.I.A.A., Auctioneers, NEWBRIDGE.

HAY! HAY! HAY!

RAHULK, BASKIN, CLOGHRAN, CO. DUBLIN.

100 COCKS PRIME, CLEAN OLD MEADOW HAY, saved in best condition, TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION ON TUESDAY NEXT, 19th AUGUST, at 7 o'clock.

JOHN P. CUFFE, LTD.,

M.I.A.A.,

Auctioneers, Valuers & Livestock Salesmen,

31 MANOR STREET, DUBLIN.

GREAT EWE SALE,

AT 1.30 ON AUGUST 21

AT DUNHOYNE.

Enter at once at Jenkinstown, Kilcock, or St. Kevin's, Dartry Road.

P. LEONARD & CO.

REGAN—All bearing this name should see the Irish Family Names section in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day.

AUCTIONS.

COUNTY OF MONAGHAN—TOWN OF NEWBLISS.

I HAVE received instructions from the Owners of the Newbliss Estate to

SELL BY PRIVATE TREATY

THE RESIDENCE KNOWN AS NEWBLISS HOUSE,

with out-offices, large enclosed farm yard and extensive farm buildings enclosed garden, orchard, steward's house and two gate lodges, known as NEWBLISS DEMESNE, containing approximately 216 acres, statute measure, or thereabouts, all held in fee-simple free of rent. The house is large and substantially built, and all the buildings are in perfect repair. Approximately 200 acres are suitable for grazing or tillage, the remainder being covered with valuable matured timber of various descriptions. The property lies alongside the town of Newbliss and within five minutes' walk from the railway station. There is a good train and 'bus service to all parts.

Vacant possession of the house and out-offices and farm buildings can be given Purchaser on the completion of Sale and of the lands on the 1st November next.

Purchaser to pay 5 per cent. Auction Commission.

The highest or any proposal not necessarily accepted.

Proposals to be sent to the Auctioneer at The Mart, Clones, before 12 o'clock on 19th day of August, 1941

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

Messrs. MARTIN & BRETT, Solicitors having Carriage, Monaghan; or to

JACK STRATTON, M.I.A.A.,

The Mart, CLONES.

"BATTERSBY'S AUCTIONS"

TUESDAY NEXT, 19th AUGUST, at 12 o'c.

EXECUTOR'S SALE—ANDREW O'CONNOR, Deceased.

ANTIQUE FURNITURE, PAINTINGS, "FORD" V.8,

REMOVED FROM "GLENCULLEN HOUSE," CO. DUBLIN, FOR CONVENIENCE OF SALE, TO

51 BELMONT AVENUE, DONNYBROOK.

The Furniture and Effects comprise briefly:—Chesterfield, Louis XIV. Gilt-frame Armchair, Carved Oak Angle Chair, Mahogany Revolving Bookcase, Mahogany Chiffonier, Oil Portraits and Paintings, Walnut Draw-leaf Dining Table, Oak Screw Dining Table, do. Enclosed Sideboard, do. Rug Chest, do. Single Chairs; Indian, Axminster and other Carpets and Rugs; Large Tapestry Panel, Divan Beds and Hair Mattresses, Inlaid Mahogany and Mahogany Chests of Drawers, Wardrobes Toilet Tables and other Bedroom Furniture. Carved Oak Hall Seat Pair do. Chairs, Table Glass and China and Plated Ware, etc. "FORD" V8 30 h.p. Sedan Car (1938 model), in good order and condition (trial can be arranged).

On View day previous, 10 to 5 o'clock. Terms: Cash and 5 per cent. fees.

N.B.—THE HOUSE IS FOR LETTING AT MODERATE RENT.

TUESDAY, 26th AUG., FURNITURE AND EFFECTS,

2 CRAWFORD AVE., DRUMCONDRA.

8th and 9th SEPT., HOUSE AND FURNITURE,

5 SEAVIEW TERRACE, AILESBURY RD.

(FULL DETAILS LATER ADVERTISEMENT.)

BATTERSBY & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, M.I.A.A., F.A.I.,

39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

ESTABLISHED IN THE YEAR 1815

SALE THURSDAY NEXT, 21st AUGUST, at 12 Noon,

47 MONKSTOWN ROAD, MONKSTOWN,

HIGH-CLASS MODERN FURNITURE, PIANO, ETC.

Comprising chiefly:—Upright Piano, Oak Gate-legged Dining Table, Mahogany Side-board, Dining Chairs, Small Easy Chairs, Oak Open Bookcase, Occasional Tables, Electric Fire, Oxidised Coal Boxes, excellent Modern Oak Bedroom Suites, Satin-Walnut Bed, Divan, China, Pictures, Ornaments, Sheffield Plate Salver, Cutlery, Carpets, Rugs, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, etc., etc. On View Morning of Sale. Admission 6d.

LE CLERC & DONOVAN, Auctioneers, SANDYCOVE.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT. EXECUTOR'S SALE.

Re VERY REVD. CANON MacNEVIN, P.P. (Deceased).

AUCTION SALE OF THE CAPITAL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PHILCO RADIOGRAM, NEW WORLD BUNGALOW GAS COOKER, and Miscellaneous Effects,

AT ST. MARY'S, RATHFARNHAM,

THURSDAY, AUGUST 28th, 1941, at 12.30 p.m.

(Full particulars in later advertisements.)

TORMEY BROS., LTD., M.I.A.A., AUCTIONEERS,

'Phone 21292. 26-27 LOWER ORMOND QUAY.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES CONTINUED

HALVE your fuel bill by converting your old grate to Low Fire; estimates free.—O'Connell, 52A New street.

INVALID Chairs, Wheeling, Self-propelling or Carrying; fold simply and compactly; keen cash prices or easy payments. Catalogue S.—The Invalid Requisite Co., 129 Stephen's Green, Dublin. 16 X

MAGNIFICENT 6 ft. Chippendale Mahogany Bedroom Suite (by Strahan, Dublin), hand made, cost £75, accept £27; practically new 4 ft. Oak Roll-top Desk. £8; Singers Drop-head Sewing Machine, £7; Hoover Vacuum Cleaner, as new, reasonable.—22 Wood quay, Dublin.

PHILATELISTS—Graf Zeppelin First Round World Flight, entire, perfect; offers?—D 382, this office.

SMALL Mosagreen Hearthrug, cost 30/-, exchange other colour, good blanket, or sell, cheap.—Garthlea, Mountown, Kingstown.

TYPEWRITERS all makes; overhauled and guaranteed.—Norman Works, Trinity street. Established 1897.

UNSATISFACTORY dealing by any Advertiser in these columns should be immediately reported to the Manager of the "Irish Times." X

60 PIANOLA Rolls, in good order.—666, Wilde's Office, Bray. 15 A

PRAMS.

BARRON'S Prams are cheaper for cash or terms. Write for catalogue.—1 North Earl street, Dublin. T

SPECIFIC ARTICLES. WANTED.

WANTED

50 Tons of Freshly Threshed Green

PEAS

in quantities of 1 Ton and upwards. Highest prices paid.

Also 200 Tons of

APPLES

P. KAVANAGH & SONS, Sunshine Works, Crumlin Rd., Dublin.

OLD GOLD

Jewellery in any condition bought at the present world's record-breaking price of 168/- Per ounce. DIAMOND Jewellery Urgently Wanted. Valuations free. Articles posted returned intact if our offer is not accepted.

DUBLIN SMELTING CO.,

21 WELLINGTON QUAY, DUBLIN.

A TELESCOPE Wanted, end lens 4" diameter; other sizes considered; reasonable price.—D 194, this office.

COOKER Wanted, Electric or Regulo Gas; nearly new; state particulars.—6 North Circular road. 14 A

OLD Gold and Diamond Jewellery, etc., urgently Wanted; valuation free; articles posted returned immediately if offer is unacceptable; inquiries invited; no agents anywhere.—Dublin Smelting Company, 21 Wellington quay, Dublin T

RADIOGRAM Wanted, with or without records; also some good clar.: Records.—D 156, this office. 12 F

WANTED, quantity Wire Strapping, 2 inch width.—D 197, this office. 13 F

WANTED, Old Furniture, China, Books, Magazines.—Wood, 77 Aungier street. 14 A

WANTED, Steel Wire Gauge .014 to 21 (.0394" and .0315"), or near; any quantity.—D 285, this office. 14 A

WANTED, bundles of Coloured Prints, Drawings, Old Scrap Books, etc., for cash.—D 321, this office.

WANTED, Calor Gas Ring; give price and particulars.—D 284, this office.

WANTED to Purchase, Iron or Steel Staircase, for emergency exit. Give full particulars. Address "Z 591, Staircase," this office.

SHOOTING, SPORTING, GAMES.

CATAPULTS, deadly, kill rabbits; accurate (forged frame), 3/-, postage sixpence.—D 411, this office.

GUNS—Secondhand Guns, Hammer, Hammerless or Ejector, Wanted to Buy.—Keegan, Inns quay, Dublin. 15 C

GUN, D.B., 12-bore, hammerless, by Keegan; perfect; seen Dublin.—D 306, this office.

WANTED, Shotguns of first-class quality; highest prices paid. Write to Garnett's, Parliament street, Dublin. T

YACHTS, BOATS, ETC.

AUXILIARY Cruising Yawl, 5 tons, T.M., built 1940; offers wanted.—Malone, Malahide. 12 F

A 1940 2½ h.p. Brittina Outboard Motor, water cooled, reverse, bronze and chromium plated propeller and shaft; £15, or nearest.—D 193, this office. 14

AUXILARY Cruiser, Bermuda rig, excellent accommodation, attractive price, immediate Sale.—883, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire.

WATCHES, REPAIRS, JEWELLERY.

Watches

McDOWELL'S

UPPER DECK

ABOUT Old Gold, Diamonds, etc.—Highest prices paid. Country parcels cash by return. Reliable Watch, Clock and Jewellery Repairs.—Pillar House Jewellers, Ltd., Henry street, Dublin. 1 X

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

A SPECIAL list of Vegetable and Flower Seeds for present and autumn Sowing now ready.—Drummond's, Dawson street, Dublin.

BRADSHAW—For Autumn Sowing; Onion Seed, Ailsa Craig, 6d. per packet; Cabbage, Cauliflowers, Lettuce, etc.; packets from 3d.; Sweet Flower Seed in leading varieties, 3d. and 6d. per packet.—City Shop, Parliament street.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS, 3/- dozen, indoor; very strong.—The Gardener, Court-na-Farraga Hotel, Killiney.

DAFFODIL Bulbs for Sale, mixed, tall, 6/- per hundred; 50/- per 1,000, for 500, carriage extra.—Lady Irene Congreve, Mount Congreve, Waterford.

FOR Sale, Manorgrass 7' Binder, in first class condition; £70. Address "Z 628, Binder," this office.

LAIBE Auger, 6in. x 3in. x 8ins. Screw cutting, surfacing and automatic cross-feed, length over all, 10ft.; Hollow Mandril, 1 5-16ins. diameter, width of gap from face-plate 8ins., diameter of face-plate 24ins.; complete with chucks, face plates, machine cut change wheels, etc., etc. Address "Z 612, Lathe," this office.

PIPING Wanted, ½", 1" up to 3"; also fittings; give quantity and price; cash waiting.—D 382, this office. 15 B

WANTED, Tractor, 25-35 h.p. with pulley and governor, petrol or paraffin engine; 15-20 h.p. Dynamo, 110v. D.C., 1-kw. Write, giving price and particulars, Taylour, Ardgillan, Balbriggan.

WANTED, small Engine, Dynamo, Batteries for electric light; state particulars and price.—Box 1723, Irish Times Branch Office, Cork.

A PUMP for every purpose can be obtained from our stores—deep and shallow well, also a large variety of contractors' pumps, suitable for water and semi-solids.—Hendron Bros., Broadstone, Dublin.

WANTED, Engineering Machines (lathes, drilling machines, etc.). Will purchase complete plants of any kind for cash.—Hendron Bros.

FOWLER Steam Wagon, also quantity of Foden Steam Wagon Parts.

25 H.P. Suction Gas Engine, by National.

REFRIGERATING Plant, also Amonia Compressers.

WATER Turbine, 20 h.p., 10 ft. fall, by Carrick and Ritchie.

ELECTRIC House Lighting Plants complete for Sale with 110 volt Dynamos.

CONTRACTORS' Plant for Hire and for Sale.

STEAM Boiler, horizontal and vertical, cross-tube and smoke tube type.

50 H.P. Steam Engine, by Bellick and Morcom; also 7 h.p. Engine, by Ruston. Particulars and prices on application.

MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

PIANOS, Pianos, Pianos—New Pianos from 29 guineas; secondhand from £15; every piano guaranteed 10 years; easy terms to suit your pocket. Tuning 5/-.—J. Gerard's, 159 Parnell street, Dublin. 6 I

DANCING.

GRAHAM School, 110 St. Stephen's Green.—P. ate Lessons any time; classes nightly. Telephone 51256. 5 X

CATTLE, LIVE STOCK.

FOR Sale, pedigree Jersey Springer, also a few Dairy Jersey Heifers. 'Phone 64808. 14 F

2 PEDIGREE Jersey Heifers for Sale, due in milk, first calf; other calved 26/10/40. Telephone 81659. 13 F

HORSES, HARNESS, VEHICLES.

MACKIE Burns and Co., 30 Prussia street, Dublin—Sale Thursday next, 21st, commencing o'clock. Horses, Colts, Ponies, Traps, Floats, Vans, Carts, Working and Driving Harness; other useful items. Early entries requested.

SUBSCRIBER Gigs, Traps, Harness, 4-Wheel Rubber-tyred Cob Lorry.—Harvey, Brookiawn, Donore avenue, Dublin.

TRAPS for Sale, Hands from £12-£25; oak spokes, wheels, axles, springs, non-slipping pads.—McSweeney's, Pope's quay, Cork.

DOGS.

AT Pynecot, South King street. Telephone, 51613—Dogs Trimmed, Shampooed, by experts. 30 X

ALL Discerning Dog Owners, of course, patronise the exclusive Ballsbridge Beauty Salon and Boarding Kennels (Mrs. Fotherill), Castleknock. 'Phone for van. 14 X

CAIRN Female Pups, pedigree, 3 months.—Joseph Somers, Kimmage Grove. 'Phone 95423.

FOR interesting and informative Kennel News and Articles, Special Reports of Dog Shows and Field Trials, and exclusive Irish Kennel Club Reports and Registrations, read THE IRISH FIELD, published Saturday.

TWO Female Cocker Puppies, 10 weeks, prize winning pedigree; 30/- each.—D 209, this office.

WANTED, Retriever Dog, week's trial; good price paid. Address "Z 589, Dog," this office.

POULTRY, FISH, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY.

SEND YOUR

SURPLUS GAME

TO

SAWERS (IRELAND) LTD.

3 CHATHAM ST., DUBLIN.

Highest Prices Paid.

ADVERTISER is open to buying lots of 100 (or more) pure Rhode and White Leghorn Hatching Eggs weekly from November onwards; breeding stock must be of best quality; stock cockerels supplied and bloodtesting arranged; suppliers' farms if necessary. State quantity of eggs available weekly and price required to "Z 620, Eggs," this office.

ASK your Dealer for a Putnam Heater and ignore paraffin shortage. One filling lasts a fortnight. 14 F

ASHFORD Poultry Farm, Ashford, Co. Wicklow.—Rhode Island Red and White Leghorn 1940 Hatched Hens, 8/6 each, delivered on six or more.

DUCKS for laying, March, Khaki Campbell; 8/- each; Dublin.—Ledwich, Hill of Down, Meath.

HOUSE those Pullets now in the most efficient type of Housing, "Castle" Slatted Floor Laying House. 35 birds well catered for at £10 10/- 0d., carriage paid.—Castle MacGarrett Industries, Claremorris.

LIMITED quantity Pullets for Sale. Four months Rhodes, £7 15/- dozen; three months White Leghorns, £6 10/-. Delivered city or f.o.r. Kildare station. Cash with order.—Knocknagarm Poultry Farm, Curragh Camp. 14 F

PUTNAM Brooder Heaters from stock, 16/- post paid. Will be worth more later on. Castle MacGarrett Industries, Claremorris

RHODE and Wyandotte Hens, blood tested, 8/6 each, Cocks 10/6.—Fairyhill, Blackrock. Telephone 82138. 13 B

RHODE Pullets, April 10/-, March 12/6. Specials 15/-, carriage paid.—Skreen Castle, Tara.

RHODE and White Leghorn Day-old Pullets, 20/- dozen, hatching August 22nd and 29th; limited supply 1.8 c R.I.R. Day-old Pullets, 20/- dozen, August 22nd; cash with order.—Knocknagarm Poultry Farm, Curragh Camp. 14 F

WANTED, 2 or 3 dozen Eggs weekly, delivered to Newtownmountkennedy.—D 374, this office.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

ARE you Leaving?—Passports, 1/6; Films D. and P., 1/-. Reprints, 8 for 1/-.—Polyfoto, Ltd., 45 Henry street, Dublin; 45 Patrick street, Cork. 7 X

MIROFLEX, Reflex Camera for Sale, 3½ x 2½ Tessar 4.5 slides, adapter and case; cash, or would take Quarter-plate Reflex in part exchange. Apply c/o Printing Works, Athlone. 14 F

WEDDING Groups, Photographs, copies enlarged and coloured; time limited.—Commercial and Legal Photography.—Sackville Portrait Studios, 15 Lower O'Connell street, Dublin. 30 X

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE.

FURNITURE REMOVED AND STORED

R. STRAHAN & CO., LTD.,

135 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

ABSOLUTE Sale, vacant House, 8 apartments 12 North Summer street, North Circular road, near O'Connell Schools. Auction next Tuesday.—Albert MacArthur, The Housefinder. 12 F

AVAILABLE for Investors—A few good class Residences, securely let, showing 8-10%; from £750.—Browne and Dowse, 2 Dawson street. 12 F

AT Cullenswood Park (new road), off Sandford road, Ranelagh.—Modern, labour-saving Houses; 2 reception (folding doors), 4 bedrooms, bathroom, separate w.c., tiled kitchen, scullery, pantry, cloakroom; nicely decorated; garden, garage; overlooking lovely grounds; convenient to shops, school, church, 1 minute to 'buses (6 routes), 2d. fare to city. These houses are well worth inspection, to be Sold at the pre-war price of £975; P.L.V. £22, G.R. £10 10/-, lease for ever, remission of rates; part purchase money can remain out. Note.—Owing to fuel shortage immersion heaters are fitted for alternative hot water supply throughout. On view daily from 2 o'clock, or by appointment. For further particulars apply 15 Grosvenor road. 'Phone 91435. 14 F

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC.

AXMINSTER Carpets—We have a huge Selection in every size to select from. Now Selling at less than pre-war prices.—Cable Mills, 25 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. Tel. No. 44915. X

ALL classes Household Furniture and Carpets Wanted. Highest price paid.—4 Upper Abbey street.

FURNITURE Auction at 75 Waterloo road next Thursday, at 12 noon, Chesterfield Suites, China Cabinet, Mahogany Sideboard, Bookcase, Dining Table, Occasional Table, Bentwood and other Chairs, Single and Double Beds, Wardrobe, Dressing Tables, Overmantel, Axminster Carpet, Stair Carpet, Radio Set, etc., etc. On view morning of Sale.—Edward J. Connolly, Auctioneer. 15 F

LAWLOR, Briscoe will Buy and Sell your Surplus Furniture. Auctions every Thursday.—35 Ormond quay. T

LOVELY hand made Indian Carpet, cream, blue and green, 12 x 9, perfect; hand made royal and fawn large Rug, perfect.—D 323, this office.

WANTED, small Bedroom Suite, also Single Bed; state particulars.—D 242, this office. 13 F

WANTED to Purchase for cash, Furnishing and Contents of Flat or House.—D 390, this office.

MACHINERY.

ADVERTISER URGENTLY REQUIRES ONE 5-TON ELECTRIC HOIST BLOCK, either travelling or fixed; suitable for 400 volt 3 phase 50 cycles supply.

State full particulars and where seen to

"Z 621, BLOCK," this office. 14 F

DICK'S BALATA BELTING

Unequalled for Strength and Durability.

R. & J. DICK LTD.

7 DAME COURT, DUBLIN.

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY REPAIRS.

Well-equipped and first class Craftsmen, with long experience in the whole field of Agricultural Machine Repair

AT YOUR SERVICE.

Turning, Boring, Planing, Milling.

FORGING.

Electric and Gas Welding.

KEEN PRICES. QUICK DELIVERY.

'Phone: 43620

HOWARD MacGARVEY & SONS, LTD.,

62-63-64 TOWNSEND STREET, DUBLIN.

Established 1886

ANGLE Iron Wanted, new or secondhand; state price and where seen.—D 392, this office. 15 B

COMPLETE Electric Lighting Unit for Sale, by British Thomson-Houston Co., Ltd.; continuous current generator, full load volts 80, amp 100. Coventry Implex engine; all complete on stand. Offers wanted. Address "Z 612, Engine," this office. X

CONCRETE Mixer, 5-3; Wanted immediately. 'Phone Belfast 54470.

FOR Sale, Massey Harris 7' Binder, in first class condition; £70. Address "Z 628, Binder," this office.

LATHE for Sale, 3ins. x 8ins. Screw cutting, surfacing and automatic cross-feed, length over all, 10ft.; Hollow Mandril, 1 5-16ins. diameter, width of gap from face-plate 8ins., diameter of face-plate 24ins.; complete with chucks, face plates, machine cut change wheels, etc., etc. Address "Z 612, Lathe," this office.

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WANTED, Tractor, 25-35 h.p. with pulley and governor, petrol or paraffin engine; 15-20 h.p. Dynamo, 110v. D.C., 1-kw. Write, giving price and particulars, Taylour, Ardgillan, Balbriggan.

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FOWLER Steam Wagon, also quantity of Foden Steam Wagon Parts.

25 H.P. Suction Gas Engine, by National.

REFRIGERATING Plant, also Amonia Compressers.

WATER Turbine, 20 h.p., 10 ft. fall, by Carrick and Ritchie.

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WANTED, small Bedroom Suite, also Single Bed; state particulars.—D 242, this office. 13 F

WANTED to Purchase for cash, Furnishing and Contents of Flat or House.—D 390, this office.

Furniture Removals and Motor Haulage

Vehicles Fully Licensed in Eire and Northern Ireland.

W. W. KENNEDY & CO.

14/17 UPR. DORSET ST., DUBLIN.

Tel. 21537. Wires: Enterprise, Dublin.

N.I. Office: 36/42 Hill Street, Belfast.

HOUSES AND LANDS CONTINUED

AT Ballsbridge—Excellent, non-basement House, in perfect order; 3 reception, 4 bedrooms, garage and good garden; convenient to tram, 'bus and rail; £1,550.—McLaughlin and Co., House and Estate Agents, 3 Grafton street. 'Phone 75966.

AT Killiney—Beautiful House, on 1½ acres, 3 reception, 4 bedrooms and maid's room; 2 minutes to 'bus; £1,500.—McLaughlin and Co., House and Estate Agents, 3 Grafton street. 'Phone 75966.

ALONG Sea Coast, Blackrock Kingstown to Killiney, La Clere and Donovan, Sandycove, have attractive detached Houses Bungalows and Cottages for Sale. 7 X

A FINE, detached, non-basement House, on about 3 acres, on favourite road, within 3d. fare of city; secluded situation; 3 reception, 6 bedrooms; low ground rent; £3,250, or near offer.—Knox and Co., Agents, 1 Westmoreland street. 'Phone 22448. 15 A

A NON-BASEMENT House, in very good order, Wanted to Purchase, within 15 minutes Merrion square, 3-4 bedrooms, up to £1,100.—Browne and Dowse, 2 Dawson street. 15 A

BALLSBRIDGE, convenient to tram—Detached House, 2 reception, 4 bedrooms, kitchen, bathroom, garden and garage; £1,250.—North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

BLACKROCK—10 Idrone terrace; uninterrupted views Bay, Howth; sound, prewar; perfect order; 2 minutes trains, 'bus, tram; 2 reception 4 bedrooms, maids' rooms, kitchen, breakfast room bathroom (h. and c.), e.l., gas, gardens, greenhouse, garage, poultry house, long lease; seen 3-0-7-0 p.m.; price £1,250

BALLSBRIDGE, Merlyn road—Superior, detached and semi-detached Houses on view; pre-war prices; from £1,550.—Lyne and Co., 3 Lower O'Connell street. 8 X

BALLSBRIDGE—Semi-detached, non-basement, all brick built House, 2 reception rooms, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, bathroom, garden; in splendid order; price £1,050. Apply Wm. Montgomery and Son, 24 Suffolk street. 15 A

BARGAIN, fine House, 73 Moyne road, Rathmines. Keys, Albert MacArthur, The Housefinder. 15 A

CO. Meath—First class up-to-date Freehold Farm, 147 Statute, new Bungalow, 2 reception, 3 family bedrooms, Aga cooker. Apply Goff's, 60 Lr. Mount street.

COMPACT, detached Residence, south suburbs; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, 2 maids' rooms. Price £2,300.—Hamilton and Hamilton, 17 Dawson street 'Phone 75438.

CLONTARF, £975, favourite road, substantial Residence, 5 bedrooms, spacious garden. Keys, Albert MacArthur, The Housefinder. 15 A

DETACHED Residence, Rathgar, all modern conveniences, approximately one acre; 3 reception, study, 5 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, servants' accommodation; tennis court, greenhouse, large garage; e.i. and power throughout, gas, central heating; all in excellent order; price £3,000.—D 236, this office. 13 F

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